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The Orbit Determination Program of The Jet Propulsion Laboratory

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ABSTRACT

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A computer program for determining the optimum least-squares estimates of spacecraft orbital parameters and certain physical and observational constants has been written at the Jet Propulsion Laboratory. A discussion of the theoretical basis of the program and flow diagrams of the computing procedure are presented. A description of the operation of the program, including input formats, is included.

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I. INTRODUCTION

The Orbit Determination Program (ODP) for the IBM 7094 computer was written to meet the specifications of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory for a reliable and accurate method of tracking and predicting the motion of lunar and interplanetary spacecraft. The uses of the ODP may conveniently be separated into real-time and nonreal-time applications.

Real-time applications

1. To establish a reliable set of orbital elements for the spacecraft.
2. To provide an acquisition ephemeris for the world-wide network of tracking stations.
3. To assist JPL engineers in evaluating the performance of tracking stations and the quality of tracking data.

Nonreal-time applications

1. To provide a high-speed computing method necessary for orbit determination and tracking data accuracy studies (pre-mission).
2. To provide a high-speed computing method necessary for a sophisticated orbital analysis based on large numbers of observations (post-mission).

In addition to establishing the six initial conditions of the spacecraft, the ODP has the capability of solving for 12 physical constants and the latitude, longitude, and Earth radius at 15 tracking stations. From this set of 63 parameters, a subset containing from one to twenty is extracted by the user. The ODP obtains solutions for the parameters in this subset.

The ODP, since it must have initial estimates of the spacecraft orbit and the other parameters, is an orbit improvement program. It differentially corrects the estimates by means of an overdetermined system of equations, employing a modified least-squares method. The method of establishing the system of equations may be briefly outlined as follows:

1. Input estimate of orbit.
2. Write probe ephemeris tape based on orbit estimate.

3. Read i th observation from data tape, G_i . This observation may be slant range, range rate, one of four angle types, one of five doppler types, occultation time, or impact time.
4. Using probe ephemeris, determine the value of the observation based on orbit estimate, F_i .
5. Obtain the residual, $\Delta F_i = G_i - F_i$
6. Calculate the partials of the observations with respect to the n parameters to be estimated, $\partial F_i / \partial Q_1, \dots, \partial F_i / \partial Q_n$
7. Multiply the vector of partials by itself to form a matrix J_i^*
8. Add J_i^* to the accumulated matrix $J^* = J_1^* + J_2^* + \dots + J_{i-1}^*$
9. Multiply the vector of partials by the residual to form a vector R_i
10. Add R_i to the accumulated vector $R = R_1 + R_2 + \dots + R_{i-1}$
11. Repeat steps 3 through 10 until all observations are processed.
12. Solve the normal equations $J^* \Delta Q = R$ for the vector of changes to the estimate, ΔQ
13. Repeat steps 2 through 12 until process converges.

The ODP is written on magnetic tape in ten records or links. Each link constitutes a logical section of the overall orbit determination. The program is started by reading the initial link into the 7094 core. This link performs its part of the processing and calls in the next link, and so on.

Input to the ODP are punched cards, a data tape, and a planetary ephemeris tape. The cards are punched by the user, and specify the initial estimates of the parameters and the desired ODP options. The data tape is prepared by the Tracking Data Editing Program (TDEP). Written on this tape are the observations, identified by time and tracking station, and weighting information. The operation of the TDEP is discussed in Ref. 1. The planetary ephemeris tape contains the positions of the Moon, Earth-Moon barycenter, Venus, Mars, Jupiter, and Saturn. The velocities of the Earth-Moon barycenter, Venus, and Mars are also written on the tape. This tape is presently used by all flight path programs at JPL. The probe ephemeris tape is written by a modification of the JPL Space Trajectories Program (Ref. 2). This program is one link of the ODP.

The ODP may be operated in the utility mode or the operational mode. Under the utility mode, all options of the ODP are available to the user. The operational mode is used during the first hours of a mission when a strict sequence of events must be observed. Most options and parameters are pre-set and human intervention is restricted. The parameter subset consists only of the six initial conditions.

Programming of the ODP began in January 1962. The first operating version was completed in August 1962 for the *Mariner-R* mission. The program also found real-time application in the *Ranger-5* mission of October 1962. Since January 1963, the program has been used extensively in post-processing *Mariner* and *Ranger* data and in the planning of future missions.

II. THEORETICAL BASIS OF THE PROGRAM

A. Motion of the Spacecraft

The vector equation of motion as used in the ODP may be written as follows:

$$\ddot{\mathbf{r}} = -\mu_k \frac{\mathbf{r}}{r^3} - \sum_{\substack{j=1 \\ j \neq k}}^n \mu_j \left(\frac{\mathbf{r}_{jp}}{r_{jp}^3} + \frac{\mathbf{r}_j}{r_j^3} \right) + \mathbf{r}_{(OBL)} + \mathbf{r}_{(PF)} + \mathbf{r}_{(RP)}$$

where

$-\mu_k \frac{\mathbf{r}}{r^3}$ = acceleration on the probe due to the central body (i.e., the two-body equation)

$-\mu_j \frac{\mathbf{r}_{jp}}{r_{jp}^3}$ = acceleration on the probe due to the j th of the $n-1$ perturbing bodies

$-\mu_j \frac{\mathbf{r}_j}{r_j^3}$ = acceleration on the central body due to the j th body

$\mathbf{r}_{(OBL)}$ = acceleration on the probe due to the oblateness of the Earth and/or Moon

$\mathbf{r}_{(PF)}$ = acceleration on the probe during the powered portion of its flight. Used only when computing pointing predictions

$\mathbf{r}_{(RP)}$ = acceleration on the probe due to the pressure of solar radiation

In the ODP, the solutions to the above equations of motion are written on the probe ephemeris tape for a series of time points during the trajectory. The solutions are obtained by a stepwise numerical integration of the equations in the Cowell form, as above. The integration is accomplished using an

Adams-Moulton sixth-difference method started by a Runge-Kutta process. The time interval is governed by the distance of the probe from the central body. This entire procedure is outlined in detail in Ref. 2. The phasing as explained in this Reference is done in the ODP adaptation, but the probe ephemeris is always written in geocentric equatorial coordinates.

Written on the probe ephemeris tape at each step interval are the position, velocity, and acceleration of the probe, the nutations in longitude and obliquity, and the 36 partial derivatives of the form

$$\frac{\partial \dot{x}}{\partial x_0}, \frac{\partial \dot{y}}{\partial x_0}, \dots, \frac{\partial \dot{z}}{\partial z_0}$$

referred to as the solutions to the variational equations, or as the U matrix. The formulas for the partials and nutations are found in Ref. 2.

The subroutine LOOKUP is used by the ODP to interpolate the probe ephemerides. Following the initial entry, all positioning of the tape is automatic. The parameters are obtained as a function of time by a fifth-degree Lagrangian interpolation of the form

$$x(t) = \sum_{k=0}^5 l_k(t) x(t_k)$$

where

$$l_i(t) = \frac{(t - t_0) \dots (t - t_{i-1})(t - t_{i+1}) \dots (t - t_5)}{(t_i - t_0) \dots (t_i - t_{i-1})(t_i - t_{i+1}) \dots (t_i - t_5)}$$

LOOKUP also computes the third derivatives of position for doppler calculations. The accelerations are numerically differentiated by means of the derivative of the Lagrangian formula.

In obtaining those terms of the equations of motion which are a function of planetary positions, the trajectory link, and the other links make use of the JPL planetary ephemeris tape. The tape contains ephemerides of the Moon at a 1-day interval, and the ephemerides of the Earth-Moon barycenter, Venus, Mars,

Jupiter, and Saturn at 4-day intervals. All ephemerides are based on the mean equator and equinox of 1950.0. An Everett interpolation is used to obtain ephemerides at any time. In the ODP the following rotation is employed to obtain the ephemerides in the true equator and equinox of date system:

$$\bar{\epsilon} = 23^\circ 445759 - 0^\circ 01309404T - 0^\circ 88 \times 10^{-6} T^2 + 0^\circ 5 \times 10^{-6} T^3$$

$$\alpha_C = 100^\circ 0755426 + 0^\circ 985647346d + 2^\circ 9015 \times 10^{-13} d^2 + \omega s + \Delta\lambda \cos \bar{\epsilon} \pmod{360^\circ}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix}_{\text{of date}} = NA \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix}_{1950.0}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\Delta\lambda \cos \bar{\epsilon} & -\Delta\lambda \sin \bar{\epsilon} \\ \Delta\lambda \cos \bar{\epsilon} & 1 & -\Delta\epsilon \\ \Delta\lambda \sin \bar{\epsilon} & \Delta\epsilon & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a_{11} = 1 - 0.29697 \times 10^{-3} T^2 - 0.13 \times 10^{-6} T^3$$

$$a_{12} = -0.022349887 - 0.676 \times 10^{-5} T^2 + 0.221 \times 10^{-5} T^3$$

$$a_{13} = -0.009717117 + 0.207 \times 10^{-5} T^2 + 0.96 \times 10^{-6} T^3$$

$$a_{21} = -a_{12}$$

$$a_{22} = 1 - 0.24976 \times 10^{-3} T^2 - 0.35 \times 10^{-6} T^3$$

$$a_{23} = -0.10859 \times 10^{-3} T^2 - 0.3 \times 10^{-7} T^3$$

$$a_{31} = -a_{13}$$

$$a_{32} = a_{23}$$

$$a_{33} = 1 - 0.4721 \times 10^{-4} T^2 + 0.2 \times 10^{-7} T^3$$

where

T = Julian centuries past 1950.0

d = integer days past 1950.0

s = seconds past 0^h of d th day

ω = earth rotation rate

$\bar{\epsilon}$ = mean obliquity

α_G = Greenwich hour angle

$\Delta\epsilon$ = nutation in obliquity

$\Delta\lambda$ = nutation in longitude

The oblate potential function for the Earth may be written as follows:

$$\Phi = \frac{\mu_e}{r} \left\{ 1 + \frac{JR_e^2}{3r^2} (1 - 3 \sin^2 \phi) + \frac{HR_e^3}{5r^3} (3 - 5 \sin^2 \phi) \sin \phi + \frac{DR_e^4}{35r^4} (3 - 30 \sin^2 \phi + 35 \sin^4 \phi) \right\}$$

where J , H , and D are the second, third, and fourth harmonic coefficients, R_e is the Earth's equatorial radius, ϕ is the geocentric latitude, and r is the geocentric distance of the probe. The perturbative accelerations on the probe due to the oblateness terms are included in the equations of motion.

The use of the Space Trajectories Program by the ODP is such that upon each entry, the current values of all parameters are used. Thus if the ODP adjusts the radius of the Earth, the updated value is used by the trajectory link during the next iteration.

The trajectory link, and all other links of the ODP, require the initial conditions of the spacecraft orbit to be in the geocentric cartesian system, true equator and equinox of date. However, provision has been made to accept the initial conditions in the Earth-fixed spherical system:

r_0 = geocentric distance, km

ϕ_0 = geocentric latitude, deg

λ_0 = geocentric longitude, deg

v_0 = geocentric velocity, km/sec

γ_0 = elevation angle of velocity relative to earth, deg

σ_0 = azimuth angle of velocity relative to earth, deg

all at t_0 , epoch. These are then translated to the cartesian system for internal use:

$$x_0 = r_0 \cos \phi_0 \cos (\alpha_G + \lambda_0)$$

$$y_0 = r_0 \cos \phi_0 \sin (\alpha_G + \lambda_0)$$

$$z_0 = W$$

$$\dot{x}_0 = (U - \omega l) \cos \alpha_G - (l + \omega U) \sin \alpha_G$$

$$\dot{y}_0 = (U - \omega l) \sin \alpha_G + (V + \omega U) \cos \alpha_G$$

$$\dot{z}_0 = W$$

where

$$U = r_0 \cos \phi_0 \cos \lambda_0$$

$$V = r_0 \cos \phi_0 \sin \lambda_0$$

$$W = r_0 \sin \phi_0$$

$$U = v_0 (\sin \gamma_0 \cos \phi_0 \cos \lambda_0 - \cos \gamma_0 \sin \lambda_0 \sin \sigma_0 - \cos \gamma_0 \sin \phi_0 \cos \lambda_0 \cos \sigma_0)$$

$$V = v_0 (\sin \gamma_0 \cos \phi_0 \sin \lambda_0 + \cos \gamma_0 \cos \lambda_0 \sin \sigma_0 - \cos \gamma_0 \sin \phi_0 \sin \lambda_0 \cos \sigma_0)$$

$$W = v_0 (\sin \gamma_0 \sin \phi_0 + \cos \gamma_0 \cos \phi_0 \cos \sigma_0)$$

Thus, the first transformation is to the U , V , W system of Earth-fixed geocentric cartesian elements.

These are then converted to space-fixed geocentric by means of the Greenwich hour angle, α_G .

B. The Normal Equations

The complete form of the normal equations as briefly presented in the introduction is

$$\left(\sum_{i=1}^N \phi_i w_i^{-1} \phi_i^T + \tilde{\Gamma}^{-1} \right) \Delta Q = \sum_{i=1}^N \phi_i w_i^{-1} \Delta F_i + \tilde{\Gamma}^{-1} \Delta Q_0$$

where ϕ_i = vector of partials $\partial F_i / \partial Q$ associated with the i th observation

w_i = a weight, which is a function of the data type F_i

$\tilde{\Gamma}$ = an a priori covariance matrix (preliminary knowledge concerning the n parameters to be estimated)

ΔF_i = the residual, $G_i - F_i$

$\Delta Q_0 = Q_0 - Q_{r-1}$ where Q_0 are the a priori estimates of the parameters and Q_{r-1} are the estimates obtained from the $(r-1)$ th iteration

Thus, in the notation of the introduction we may write

$$(J^* + \tilde{\Gamma}^{-1}) \Delta Q = R + \tilde{\Gamma}^{-1} \Delta Q_0$$

and if $\tilde{\Gamma}^{-1} = 0$ (i.e., not input to the program)

$$J^* \Delta Q = R$$

It is evident that the solution of this series of equations requires a matrix inversion as part of the stepwise regression. In the ODP, the solution is obtained by the subroutine STPREG. It normalizes $J^* + \tilde{\Gamma}^{-1}$ before inverting. Although the inversion is primarily necessary to obtain new ΔQ values, much

statistical information can be obtained from the inverse itself. For example, the set of values $\sqrt{J_{ii}}$ (where i is an element of J^{-1}) represents the standard deviations on the set ΔQ_i . The entire J^{-1} may be used to determine correlation coefficients between the n parameters. Or the matrix may be used as an a priori estimate for a subsequent orbit determination.

The covariance matrix of estimated parameters is defined as

$$\Gamma = J^{-1} + J^{-1} K J^{-1}$$

where

$$J^{-1} = (J^* + \tilde{\Gamma}^{-1})^{-1}$$

and

$$K = \nu \Gamma \tilde{\gamma} \nu^T$$

where

$\Gamma \tilde{\gamma}$ = a priori covariance matrix of the m considered parameters

$$\nu = \sum_{i=1}^N \phi_i w^{-1} \theta_i^T \quad (\theta_i \text{ is the analogous vector of partials of considered parameters})$$

From the above, it is evident that the ODP user can consider the effects of uncertainties in parameters without changing the solution vector ΔQ . Thus, for example, he may ask the ODP to estimate the six initial conditions and to consider the uncertainty in the astronomical unit. The solution obtained for the orbit will be exactly that obtained without the consider option, but the statistical information on the elements will be corrupted by the uncertainty in the astronomical unit.

In choosing the weights to be applied to the partial derivatives, the user must recall that the partials of all data types are accumulated in the J matrix; therefore the function of the weighting is twofold:

1. To describe the user's confidence in the data.
2. To eliminate the effect of different laboratory units.

The use of the a priori $\tilde{\Gamma}$ (or $\tilde{\Gamma}^{-1}$) is optional in the ODP. The absence of this matrix is interpreted to mean that the user has no advance knowledge of the parameters to be estimated, i.e., he has input an infinite diagonal. In this case, the ODP will calculate ΔQ based on the J matrix alone.

C. The Data Types

The ODP has the capability to process 13 types of tracking data. These are:

ρ	slant range, km
$\dot{\rho}$	slant range rate, km/sec
γ	elevation angle, deg
σ	azimuth angle, deg
ξ	declination, deg (tracking station or optical telescope)
α	hour angle, deg (tracking station)
α_r	right ascension, deg (optical telescope)
f_1	one-way integrated doppler frequency, cps
f_{c3}	coherent three-way integrated doppler frequency, cps
f_3	three-way integrated doppler frequency, cps
f_{d1}	differenced one-way integrated doppler frequency, cps
T_0	time of occultation by target (immersion or emersion)
T_I	time of impact of target

Of these data types, all but occultation or impact times are processed by the TDEP; the latter are input directly by card to the ODP.

The ODP, in order to obtain the residual, must calculate the observation F that corresponds to the observed value G . The calculation of F involves more than the geometric considerations; allowances must be made for the propagation time of light, the errors due to refraction, and differences between geodetic and geocentric station locations. The station errors will be discussed in the following section. The light time correction is made as follows:

$$t = t_{ob} + \frac{(r - R_e)}{c}$$

where

t = time at probe

t_{ob} = time of observation

$r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$, obtained from probe ephemeris at t

R_e = earth radius

c = velocity of light

This formula is applied twice in an iterative process. The iteration is necessary, since a change in t forces a change in r . The change in t on the second iteration is so small that a third iteration is unnecessary. A further (secondary) correction is used when computing doppler types (see below).

A description of the data types with the equations used in their calculation follows. The following symbols and terminology are employed frequently:

$\mathbf{r}, \dot{\mathbf{r}} = (x, y, z, \dot{x}, \dot{y}, \dot{z})$ = geocentric position and velocity of the probe

$\mathbf{p}, \dot{\mathbf{p}} = (\xi, \eta, \zeta, \dot{\xi}, \dot{\eta}, \dot{\zeta})$ = topocentric position and velocity of the probe

$\mathbf{R}_i, \dot{\mathbf{R}}_i = (X_i, Y_i, Z_i, \dot{X}_i, \dot{Y}_i, \dot{Z}_i)$ = geocentric position and velocity of station i

$\mathbf{r}_s, \dot{\mathbf{r}}_s = (x_s, y_s, z_s, \dot{x}_s, \dot{y}_s, \dot{z}_s)$ = geocentric position and velocity of the sun

Slant range is the distance from probe to tracking station, or $|\rho|$:

$$\rho_i = |\mathbf{r}(t) - \mathbf{R}_i(t_{ob})|$$

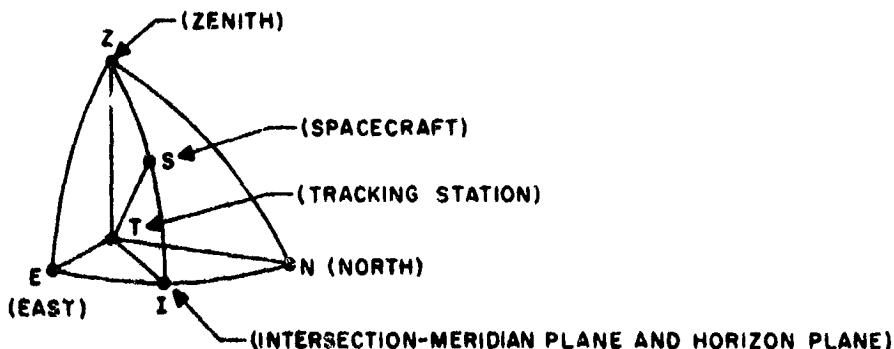
Slant range rate is the radial velocity of the probe with respect to the tracking station, or $|\dot{\rho}|$:

$$\dot{\rho}_i = \frac{\xi_i \dot{\xi}_i + \eta_i \dot{\eta}_i + \zeta_i \dot{\zeta}_i}{\rho_i}$$

where

$$\xi_i = x(t) - X_i(t_{ob}) \quad x = y, z$$

Elevation and hour angles are shown in the following topocentric octant:



Elevation angle is angle STI in the figure, while azimuth angle (in the ODP measured east of north) is angle NTI.

$$\gamma_i = \sin^{-1} \left[\frac{i}{R_i} (X_i L_x + Y_i L_y + Z_i L_z) \right], \quad -90^\circ \leq \gamma_i \leq 90^\circ$$

where

$$L_x = \frac{\xi + x_s}{\rho}, \quad x = y, z$$

$$\sigma_i = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sin \sigma_i}{\cos \sigma_i} \right) \quad 0^\circ \leq \sigma_i < 360^\circ$$

$$\sin \sigma_i = \frac{L_y \cos (\alpha_G + \lambda_i) - L_x \sin (\alpha_G + \lambda_i)}{\cos \gamma_i}$$

$$\cos \sigma_i = \frac{-L_x \sin \phi_i \cos (\alpha_G + \lambda_i) - L_y \sin (\alpha_G + \lambda_i) \sin \phi_i + L_z \cos \phi_i}{\cos \gamma_i}$$

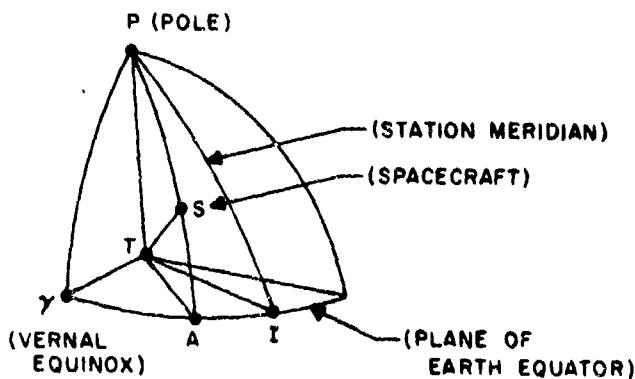
where

ϕ_i = geocentric latitude of station i

λ_i = longitude east of Greenwich of station i

α_G = Greenwich hour angle of vernal equinox

Hour angle, right ascension, and declination are shown in the following geocentric octant:



Right ascension is angle γ TA, hour angle is angle ITA, and declination is angle STA.

$$\alpha_i = \alpha_G + \lambda_i - \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{n}{\xi} \right) \quad 0^\circ \leq \alpha_i < 360^\circ$$

$$\delta_i = \sin^{-1} L_z \quad 270^\circ \leq \delta_i < 360^\circ$$

$$0^\circ \leq \delta_i \leq 90^\circ$$

If optical right ascension is input to the ODP, it is converted to hour angle by

$$\alpha_i = \alpha_G + \lambda_i - \alpha_{ri}$$

The orbit determination then proceeds as if hour angles were input, except that it makes a special refraction correction to the optical right ascension and declination.

The following doppler types are processed by the ODP: *one-way doppler* is the difference in frequency between a signal transmitted at the probe and received at the station. The difference (doppler shift) is proportional to the radial velocity of the probe with respect to the station. This difference may also be computed from a signal originating at a tracking station. *Three-way doppler* is observed at station i when another station (q) transmits a signal toward the probe. The probe retransmits the signal instantaneously. It is then received by station i where frequency shift is determined by subtracting the transmitting frequency. The *coherent three-way doppler* shift is obtained directly by beating the transmitted frequency against the received signal. This data type may be obtained at the transmitting station.

Let $F(t_{ob})$ represent the instantaneous frequency of the doppler shift observed at time t_{ob} by any of the above methods. Unfortunately $F(t_{ob})$ is never directly observed. Rather, a counter is turned on and after some interval of time τ the value of the counter $f(t_{ob})$ is read. τ is often set to one second in order that $f(t_{ob})$ be counted per second or average frequency. As instrumented in the DSIF network the counter advances as the sinusoidal doppler signal changes from minus to plus. Thus the integer count may be in error by as much as one cycle during the interval τ . In practice τ is set large enough so that this roundoff error is insignificant with respect to the overall accuracy of the computer program.

$f(t_{ob})$ is referred to as integrated doppler frequency:

$$f(t_{ob}) = \int_{t_{ob}-\tau}^{t_{ob}} F(t) dt$$

Or, as it is computed by the ODP at the midpoint of the counting interval, $T = t_{ob} - \frac{1}{2}\tau$:

$$f(t_{ob}) = \int_{T-\frac{1}{2}\tau}^{T+\frac{1}{2}\tau} F(t) dt$$

It is possible to obtain $f(t_{ob})$ by direct numerical integration of this formula, but the process is quite time consuming and very difficult in view of the light time correction discussed below. Therefore a Taylor series is expanded about T and integrated term by term leading to

$$f(t_{ob}) = \tau F(T) + \frac{\tau^3}{24} \ddot{F}(T) + O(F^{iv})$$

Thus the truncation error in this formula is a function of τ and the fourth derivative of the frequency. On a typical trajectory the higher derivatives of frequency are large enough near Earth so that τ must be shortened to avoid truncation error in the above formula. This unfortunately is in conflict for the previous argument for long count times, so a compromise must be made. The ODP will accept any integer count time in the range $1 \leq \tau \leq 1023$ seconds.

The following formulas are used by the ODP in computing doppler types:

$$f_1 = \omega_1 - \omega_2 [f_T + D(t - t_0)] \phi_1$$

$$f_{c3} = \omega_3 + \omega_4 f_q [1 - \phi_3]$$

$$f_3 = \omega_5 - \omega_6 f_q \phi_3$$

where

$$\omega_1 = 930.15 \times 10^6 \text{ cps}$$

$$\omega_2 = \frac{31}{32}$$

$$\omega_3 = 10^5 \text{ cps}$$

$$\omega_4 = 32.359550561$$

$$\omega_5 = 930.15 \times 10^6 \text{ cps}$$

$$\omega_6 = 31.348314605$$

f_T = probe transponder frequency, cps

f_q = station q transmitting frequency, cps

D = linear rate of change of f_T (drift), cps/sec

$$\phi_1 = 1 - \frac{\dot{\rho}_i}{c} + \frac{1}{c^2} h_1 + \frac{\ddot{\rho}_i}{c} - \frac{r_i^2}{24}$$

$$\phi_3 = 1 - \frac{\dot{\rho}_i}{c} (\dot{x}_i + \dot{x}_q) - \frac{1}{c^2} h_3 - \frac{1}{c} [\dot{x}_i + \dot{x}_q] - \frac{r_i^2}{24}$$

$$h_1 = \frac{\dot{\rho}_i}{\rho_i} [\xi (x - \dot{x}_s) + \eta (y - \dot{y}_s) + \zeta (z - \dot{z}_s)]_t + \frac{1}{2} [R_{it_{ob}}^2 - \dot{r}_t^2]$$

$$\begin{aligned} h_3 = & \dot{\rho}_i^2 + \dot{\rho}_q \dot{\rho}_i + \frac{\dot{\rho}_i}{\rho_i} [\xi_i (x_{it_{ob}} - \dot{x}_{st}) + \eta_i (y_{it_{ob}} - \dot{y}_{st}) + \zeta_i (z_{it_{ob}} - \dot{z}_{st})] \\ & + \frac{\dot{\rho}_q}{\rho_q} [\xi_q (x_{qt_{tr}} - \dot{x}_{st}) + \eta_q (y_{qt_{tr}} - \dot{y}_{st}) + \zeta_q (z_{qt_{tr}} - \dot{z}_{st})] + [\dot{x}_{st} (x_{qt_{tr}} - \dot{x}_{it_{ob}}) \\ & + \dot{y}_{st} (y_{qt_{tr}} - \dot{y}_{it_{ob}}) + \dot{z}_{st} (z_{qt_{tr}} - \dot{z}_{it_{ob}})] + \frac{1}{2} [R_{it_{ob}}^2 - R_{qt_{tr}}^2] \end{aligned}$$

t_{tr} = time of signal transmission by station q

t = time of signal retransmission by probe

t_{ob} = time of signal reception by station i

t_0 = epoch of current orbit determination

In obtaining precise coordinates of the probe at time t , a secondary light time approximation is made which is of sufficient accuracy to make multiple interpolations on the probe ephemeris unnecessary. As in the calculation of the primary correction Δt , which defined the approximate probe time t_1 , this procedure requires two iterations:

$$\mathbf{r}_t = \mathbf{r}_{t_1} + \epsilon_t \dot{\mathbf{r}}_{t_1}$$

$$\dot{\mathbf{r}}_t = \dot{\mathbf{r}}_{t_1} + \epsilon_t \ddot{\mathbf{r}}_{t_1}$$

$$\ddot{\mathbf{r}}_t = \ddot{\mathbf{r}}_{t_1} + \epsilon_t \dddot{\mathbf{r}}_{t_1}$$

$$\dots \mathbf{r}_t = \dots$$

$$\Delta t_2 = \frac{\rho + \Delta t \dot{\rho}}{c + \dot{\rho}}$$

$$\epsilon_t = \Delta t - \Delta t_2$$

The procedure is then repeated with the calculated ϵ_t .

The scalar $\ddot{\rho}$ used in the counted doppler equations is obtained from the geocentric probe and station vectors:

$$\mathbf{p} = \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{R}$$

$$\dot{\mathbf{p}} = \dot{\mathbf{r}} - \dot{\mathbf{R}}$$

$$\ddot{\mathbf{r}} = \ddot{\mathbf{r}} - \ddot{\mathbf{R}}$$

$$\ddot{\mathbf{p}} = \ddot{\mathbf{r}} - \ddot{\mathbf{R}}$$

$$\rho = (\mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{p})^{1/2}$$

$$\rho \dot{\mathbf{p}} = \mathbf{p} \cdot \dot{\mathbf{p}}$$

$$\rho \ddot{\mathbf{p}} = \mathbf{p} \cdot \ddot{\mathbf{p}} + \dot{\mathbf{p}} \cdot \dot{\mathbf{p}} - \dot{\rho}^2$$

$$\rho \ddot{\mathbf{p}} = \mathbf{p} \cdot \ddot{\mathbf{p}} + 3\dot{\mathbf{p}} \cdot \ddot{\mathbf{p}} - 3\dot{\rho}\ddot{\mathbf{p}}$$

Differenced one-way doppler may be obtained only when two stations receive one-way doppler at the same observation time. It is an artificial data type calculated by the TDEP:

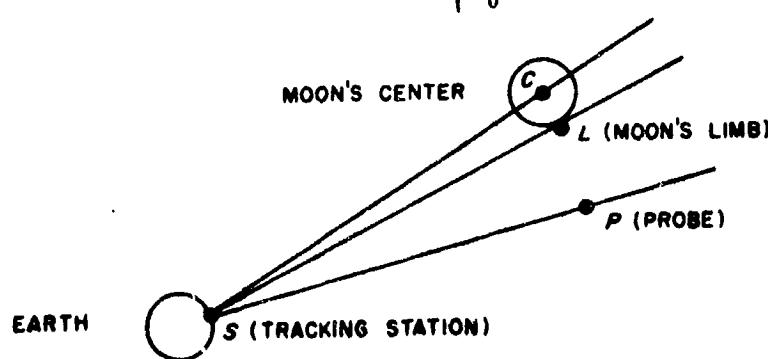
$$f_{d1}(i, j) = f_{1i} - f_{1j}$$

The TDEP and ODP observe the convention that $i < j$ in their numerical identifications.

Occultation time in the ODP is the instant of immersion or emersion of the probe behind the target body as seen from a tracking station. The ODP uses a Newton-Raphson iterative procedure to obtain this data type, using the observed value as an initial approximation. The data can be from a Moon, Venus, or Mars target but is normally obtained from lunar missions only.

For the r th iteration,

$$(T_0^{(r)} - T_0^{(r-1)}) \left| \frac{d(\phi_p - \phi_m)}{dt} \right|_{T_0^{(r-1)}} = \phi_m - \phi_p$$



where

$$\phi_M = \text{angle CSL} = \sin^{-1} \frac{R_M}{|\rho_m|}$$

$$\phi_p = \text{angle CSP} = \cos^{-1} \frac{\rho \cdot \rho_m}{|\rho||\rho_m|}$$

$$\rho_m = r_m - R_m$$

R_m = radius of Moon, distance CL.

r_m = geocentric position of Moon

$$\frac{d(\phi_p - \phi_m)}{dt} = \frac{\rho \cdot \rho_m}{a_1} \left[\left(\frac{a_2}{r^2} + \frac{a_3}{\rho_m^2} \right) - a_4 \right] + \frac{a_3 R_m}{\rho_m^2 \sqrt{\rho_m^2 - R_m^2}}$$

$$a_1 = |\rho||\rho_m| \sin \phi_p$$

$$a_2 = \rho \cdot \rho_m$$

$$a_3 = \rho_m \cdot \rho_m$$

$$a_4 = \rho \cdot \dot{\rho}_m + \rho_m \cdot \dot{\rho}$$

Impact time, the instant of the probe's impact on the visible side of the target, is likewise calculated by a Newton-Raphson procedure:

$$(T_I^{(r)} - T_I^{(r-1)}) |r - \dot{r}_m| = |r - r_m| - R_m$$

D. Refraction and Vertical Corrections

Two types of corrections must be applied to ODP-calculated data types in order that they match the observed data types. They are the error in refraction ($\Delta_r F$) and the displacement of the bubble vertical from the spheriodal zenith ($\Delta_v F$).

The refraction errors in tracking data have been determined empirically by D. Cain:

$$\Delta_r \rho = [0.0018958 / (\sin \gamma + 0.06483)^{1.4}] \frac{n}{340.0}$$

$$\Delta_r \dot{\rho} = \frac{0.0018958}{\tau} \left[\frac{1}{(\sin A + 0.06483)^{1.4}} - \frac{1}{(\sin B + 0.06483)^{1.4}} \right] \frac{n}{340.0}$$

where

τ = doppler count interval, sec

n = index of refraction (nominally 3.0)

$$A = \gamma + \frac{\tau \dot{\gamma}}{2}$$

$$B = \gamma - \frac{\tau \dot{\gamma}}{2}$$

$$\Delta_r \gamma = 57.2957795 \frac{n}{340.0} b_1 b_2 \quad \gamma < 0.3 \text{ radians}$$

$$\Delta_r \gamma = 57.2957795 n \times 10^{-6} \frac{\cos \gamma}{\sin \gamma} \quad \gamma \geq 0.3 \text{ radians}$$

$$\Delta_r \alpha = \frac{\Delta_r \gamma \cos \phi \sin^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \gamma \sin \sigma} \quad \delta < 87^\circ$$

$$\Delta_r \delta = \frac{(\sin \phi \cos \gamma - \sin \gamma \cos \phi \cos \sigma) \Delta_r \gamma}{\cos \delta} \quad \delta < 87^\circ$$

$$\Delta_r \alpha = \Delta_r \delta = 0 \quad \delta \geq 87^\circ$$

where

$$b_1 = 1.0 - (1.216 \times 10^5 b_3 \gamma_{rad}) - [51.0 - 300.0 \gamma_{rad}] \sqrt{b_3}$$

$$b_2 = [7.0 \times 10^{-4} (0.0589 + \gamma_{rad})] - 1.26 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$b_3 = \frac{1}{10^3 (r - R_e)}$$

γ_{rad} = elevation angle, radians

R_e = Earth equatorial radius

The optical hour angle and declination corrections are determined as above but $\Delta_r \gamma$ is calculated differently:

$$\Delta_r \gamma = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{b_4}{\rho - b_5} \right)$$

where

$$b_4 = \frac{0.00211}{(\gamma_{rad} + 0.0598)^{2.42}}$$

$$b_5 = \sqrt{b_6^2 - R_e^2 + R_e^2 \sin^2 \gamma - R_e \sin \gamma}$$

$$b_6 = R_e + 51.2064$$

The vertical corrections are

$$\Delta_v \alpha = \frac{v}{\cos \phi}$$

$$\Delta_v \gamma = u \cos \sigma$$

$$\Delta_v \sigma = u \sin \sigma \frac{\sin \gamma}{\cos \gamma}$$

$$\Delta_v \delta = 0$$

where

u = north-south displacement of vertical

v = east-west displacement of vertical

E. The Partial Derivatives

Several methods are used to obtain the partials of the form $\partial F / \partial Q$ for the many data types F and parameters Q .

The parameters are of four types:

1. Type I (initial probe conditions), denoted by r_0

$x_0, y_0, z_0, \dot{x}_0, \dot{y}_0, \dot{z}_0$

2. Type II (physical constants), denoted by q

GM_e Earth gravitational constant

R_e Earth radius that scales the lunar ephemeris

γB solar pressure constant

GM_m Moon gravitational constant

M_v mass of Venus

M_r mass of Mars

M_j mass of Jupiter

J Earth second harmonic coefficient

H Earth third harmonic coefficient

D Earth fourth harmonic coefficient

a_e astronomical unit

3. Type III (velocity of light), denoted by c

4. Type IV (station locations), denoted by S_i

R_i Earth radius at station i

ϕ_i geocentric latitude of station i

λ_i longitude of station i

Occultation and impact time partials require a somewhat different computational logic than TDEP data partials, and will be treated in a separate subsection.

Types I and II partials are obtained by means of the chain rule, i.e.,

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial r_0} = \frac{\partial F}{\partial r} \frac{\partial r}{\partial r_0}$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial q} = \frac{\partial F}{\partial r} \frac{\partial r}{\partial q}$$

where r = a position or velocity at time t .

Therefore the calculation of partials of data types with respect to instantaneous position and velocity is necessary. Using the notation of the previous sections these partials may be written as

$$\frac{\partial \rho_i}{\partial x} = L_x \quad x \rightarrow y, z \quad \frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_i}{\partial \dot{x}} = 0 \quad \dot{x} \rightarrow \dot{y}, \dot{z}$$

$$\frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_i}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{\rho_i} (\dot{x} + \omega y_i - \dot{\rho}_i L_x) \quad \frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_i}{\partial \dot{x}} = L_x \quad \dot{x} \rightarrow \dot{y}, \dot{z}$$

$$\frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_i}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{\rho_i} (\dot{y} - \omega x_i - \dot{\rho}_i L_y)$$

$$\frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_i}{\partial z} = \frac{1}{\rho_i} (\dot{z} - \dot{\rho}_i L_z)$$

where ω = Earth rotation rate

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \gamma_i}{\partial x} &= \frac{\hat{D}_x}{\rho_i} & x \rightarrow y, z \\ \frac{\partial \gamma_i}{\partial \dot{x}} &= 0 & \dot{x} \rightarrow \dot{y}, \dot{z} \end{aligned}$$

where $\tilde{D}_x = \sin \gamma_i [\sin \sigma_i \sin (\alpha_G + \lambda_i) + \cos \sigma_i \sin \phi_i \cos (\alpha_G + \lambda_i)] + \cos \phi_i \cos (\alpha_G + \lambda_i) \cos \gamma_i$

$$\tilde{D}_y = -\sin \gamma_i [\sin \sigma_i \cos (\alpha_G + \lambda_i) - \cos \sigma_i \sin \phi_i \sin (\alpha_G + \lambda_i)] + \cos \phi_i \sin (\alpha_G + \lambda_i) \cos \gamma_i$$

$$\tilde{D}_z = -\cos \sigma_i \cos \phi_i \sin \gamma_i + \sin \phi_i \cos \gamma_i$$

$$\frac{\partial \sigma_i}{\partial x} = \frac{\tilde{A}_x}{\rho_i} \quad x \rightarrow y, z$$

$$\frac{\partial \sigma_i}{\partial \dot{x}} = 0 \quad \dot{x} \rightarrow \dot{y}, \dot{z}$$

where

$$\tilde{A}_x = -\cos \sigma_i \sin (\alpha_G + \lambda_i) + \sin \sigma_i \sin \phi_i \cos (\alpha_G + \lambda_i)$$

$$\tilde{A}_y = \cos \sigma_i \cos (\alpha_G + \lambda_i) + \sin \sigma_i \sin \phi_i \sin (\alpha_G + \lambda_i)$$

$$\tilde{A}_z = -\sin \sigma_i \cos \phi_i$$

$$\frac{\partial \delta_i}{\partial x} = \frac{-\cos \alpha_{ri} \sin \delta_i}{\rho_i} \quad \frac{\partial \delta_i}{\partial \dot{x}} = 0 \quad \dot{x} \rightarrow \dot{y}, \dot{z}$$

$$\frac{\partial \delta_i}{\partial y} = \frac{-\sin \alpha_{ri} \sin \delta_i}{\rho_i}$$

$$\frac{\partial \delta_i}{\partial z} = \frac{\cos \delta_i}{\rho_i}$$

$$\frac{\partial \alpha_i}{\partial x} = \frac{\sin \alpha_{ri}}{\rho_i \cos \delta_i} \quad \frac{\partial \alpha_i}{\partial \dot{x}} = 0 \quad \dot{x} \rightarrow \dot{y}, \dot{z}$$

$$\frac{\partial \alpha_i}{\partial y} = \frac{-\cos \alpha_{ri}}{\rho_i \cos \delta_i}$$

$$\frac{\partial \alpha_i}{\partial z} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial f_{1i}}{\partial x} = \frac{\Omega_2}{c} \frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_i}{\partial x} \quad x \rightarrow y, z, \dot{x}, \dot{y}, \dot{z}$$

$$\frac{\partial f_{c3i,q}}{\partial x} = \frac{\Omega_4}{c} \left(\frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_i}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_q}{\partial x} \right) \quad x \rightarrow y, z, \dot{x}, \dot{y}, \dot{z}$$

$$\frac{\partial f_{3i,q}}{\partial x} = \frac{\Omega_6}{c} \left(\frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_i}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_q}{\partial x} \right) \quad x \rightarrow y, z, \dot{x}, \dot{y}, \dot{z}$$

$$\frac{\partial f_{d1i,j}}{\partial x} = \frac{\Omega_2}{c} \left(\frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_i}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_j}{\partial x} \right) \quad x \rightarrow y, z, \dot{x}, \dot{y}, \dot{z}$$

where

$$\Omega_2 = \omega_2 [f_T + D(t - t_0)]$$

$$\Omega_4 = \omega_4 f_q$$

$$\Omega_6 = \omega_6 f_q$$

After the above partials are calculated, the Type I partials are obtained by the chain rule. The partials $\partial r / \partial r_0$ are interpolated from the probe ephemeris tape.

The same procedure applies to the Type II partials except that the $\partial r / \partial q_0$ are not on the probe ephemeris. Here we must return to the equations of motion and derive the formulas for the partials of acceleration with respect to physical constants, $\partial \ddot{r} / \partial q$. These partials may then be numerically integrated to obtain $\partial r / \partial q$:

$$\frac{\partial \ddot{x}}{\partial GM_e} = \frac{-xg_1}{r^3}$$

$$\frac{\partial \ddot{y}}{\partial GM_e} = \frac{-y g_1}{r^3}$$

$$\frac{\partial \ddot{z}}{\partial GM_e} = \frac{-z g_2}{r^3}$$

where

$$g_1 = 1 + \left[3 - 42 \left(\frac{z}{r} \right)^2 + 63 \left(\frac{z}{r} \right)^4 \right] \left[\frac{D}{7} \left(\frac{R_e}{r} \right)^4 \right] + \left[H \left(\frac{R_e}{r} \right)^3 \right] \left[3 - 7 \left(\frac{z}{r} \right)^2 \right] \frac{z}{r}$$

$$+ \left[J \left(\frac{R_e}{r} \right)^2 \right] \left[1 - 5 \left(\frac{z}{r} \right)^2 \right]$$

$$g_2 = 1 + \left[15 - 70 \left(\frac{z}{r} \right)^2 + 63 \left(\frac{z}{r} \right)^4 \right] \left[\frac{D}{7} \left(\frac{R_e}{r} \right)^4 \right] - \left[H \left(\frac{R_e}{r} \right)^3 \right] \left[1 - 10 \left(\frac{z}{r} \right)^2 \right]$$

$$+ \frac{35}{3} \left(\frac{z}{r} \right)^4 \left[\frac{3}{5} \frac{r}{z} + \left[J \left(\frac{R_e}{r} \right)^2 \right] \left[3 - 5 \left(\frac{z}{r} \right)^2 \right] \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial \dot{x}}{\partial R_e} = \frac{-GM_m}{R_e} \left\{ 2x_m \left[\frac{1}{|r_m - r|^3} - \frac{1}{r_m^3} \right] - 3 \frac{(r + r_m - r^2)(x - x_m)}{|r_m - r|^5} - \frac{3x}{|r_m - r|^3} \right\} \quad x \rightarrow y, z$$

$$\frac{\partial \dot{x}}{\partial yB} = \frac{c_1 A_p (x - x_s)}{M_p |r - r_s|^3} \quad x \rightarrow y, z$$

where

$$c_1 = 1.02 \times 10^8$$

A_p = surface area of probe, m^2

M_p = mass of probe, kg

$$\frac{\partial \ddot{x}}{\partial GM_m} = - \left[\frac{x_m}{r_m^3} + \frac{(x - x_m)}{|r_m - r|^3} \right] \quad x \rightarrow y, z$$

$$\frac{\partial \ddot{x}}{\partial M_v} = - GM_s \left[\frac{x_v}{r_v^3} + \frac{(x - x_v)}{|r_v - r|^3} \right] \quad x \rightarrow y, z$$

$$\frac{\partial \ddot{x}}{\partial M_r} = - GM_s \left[\frac{x_r}{r_r^3} + \frac{(x - x_r)}{|r_r - r|^3} \right] \quad x \rightarrow y, z$$

$$\frac{\partial \ddot{x}}{\partial M_j} = - GM_s \left[\frac{x_j}{r_j^3} + \frac{(x - x_j)}{|r_j - r|^3} \right] \quad x \rightarrow y, z$$

$$\frac{\partial \ddot{z}}{\partial J} = - x \left[1 - 5 \left(\frac{z}{r} \right)^2 \right] \frac{GM_e}{r^2} \frac{R_e^2}{r^3} \quad x \rightarrow y$$

$$\frac{\partial \ddot{z}}{\partial I} = - z \left[3 - 5 \left(\frac{z}{r} \right)^2 \right] \frac{GM_e}{r^2} \frac{R_e^2}{r^3}$$

$$\frac{\partial \ddot{x}}{\partial H} = x \left[7 \left(\frac{z}{r} \right)^2 - 3 \right] \frac{z}{r} \frac{GM_e}{r^3} \frac{R_e^3}{r^3} \quad x \rightarrow y$$

$$\frac{\partial \ddot{z}}{\partial H} = \left[1 - 10 \left(\frac{z}{r} \right)^2 + \frac{35}{3} \left(\frac{z}{r} \right)^4 \right] \frac{3r}{5} \frac{GM_e}{r^3} \frac{R_e^3}{r^3}$$

$$\frac{\partial \ddot{x}}{\partial D} = - x \left[3 - 42 \left(\frac{z}{r} \right)^2 + 63 \left(\frac{z}{r} \right)^4 \right] \frac{GM_e}{7r^3} \frac{R_e^4}{r^4} \quad x \rightarrow y$$

$$\frac{\partial \ddot{z}}{\partial D} = - z \left[15 - 70 \left(\frac{z}{r} \right)^2 + 63 \left(\frac{z}{r} \right)^4 \right] \frac{GM_e}{7r^3} \frac{R_e^4}{r^4}$$

$$\frac{\partial \ddot{x}}{\partial a_e} = -\frac{1}{a_e} \sum_{k=1}^4 GM_k \left[x_k \left(\frac{1}{|r_k - r|^3} - \frac{1}{r_k^3} \right) - \frac{3(r^2 - r \cdot r_k)(x - x_k)}{|r_k - r|^5} \right] \quad x \rightarrow y, z$$

where

$k = 1 = \text{Sun}$

$k = 2 = \text{Venus}$

$k = 3 = \text{Mars}$

$k = 4 = \text{Jupiter}$

Using the above acceleration partials, if

$$B = \left\{ \begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ \frac{\partial \ddot{x}}{\partial q_1} & \frac{\partial \ddot{x}}{\partial q_2} & \dots & \frac{\partial \ddot{x}}{\partial q_n} \\ \frac{\partial \ddot{y}}{\partial q_1} & \frac{\partial \ddot{y}}{\partial q_2} & \dots & \frac{\partial \ddot{y}}{\partial q_n} \\ \frac{\partial \ddot{z}}{\partial q_1} & \frac{\partial \ddot{z}}{\partial q_2} & \dots & \frac{\partial \ddot{z}}{\partial q_n} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$U = \left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} \frac{\partial x}{\partial x_0} & \cdots & \frac{\partial x}{\partial z_0} \\ \frac{\partial y}{\partial x_0} & \cdots & \frac{\partial y}{\partial z_0} \\ \frac{\partial z}{\partial x_0} & \cdots & \frac{\partial z}{\partial z_0} \\ \frac{\dot{x}}{\partial x_0} & \cdots & \frac{\dot{x}}{\partial z_0} \\ \frac{\dot{y}}{\partial x_0} & \cdots & \frac{\dot{y}}{\partial z_0} \\ \frac{\dot{z}}{\partial x_0} & \cdots & \frac{\dot{z}}{\partial z_0} \end{array} \right\}$$

and

$$T = \left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} \frac{\partial x}{\partial q_1} & \cdots & \frac{\partial x}{\partial q_n} \\ \frac{\partial y}{\partial q_1} & \cdots & \frac{\partial y}{\partial q_n} \\ \frac{\partial z}{\partial q_1} & \cdots & \frac{\partial z}{\partial q_n} \\ \frac{\dot{x}}{\partial q_1} & \cdots & \frac{\dot{x}}{\partial q_n} \\ \frac{\dot{y}}{\partial q_1} & \cdots & \frac{\dot{y}}{\partial q_n} \\ \frac{\dot{z}}{\partial q_1} & \cdots & \frac{\dot{z}}{\partial q_n} \end{array} \right\}$$

then the partials $\partial r / \partial q$ are obtained from the following integral using Simpson's method:

$$T(t) = U(t) \int_{t_0}^t t^{-1} B(t^*) dt^*$$

The Simpson procedure uses an integration step based on the data times; if no data times exist in the interval, the time steps employed in the trajectory integration are used. The inverse of the L matrix is obtained not by the usual numerical methods but by an inspection method. If the L matrix is partitioned

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} U_{11} & | & U_{12} \\ \hline \cdots & + & \cdots \\ U_{21} & | & U_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

then the inverse may be written as

$$L^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} L_{22}^T & | & -U_{12}^T \\ \hline \cdots & + & \cdots \\ -U_{21}^T & | & U_{11}^T \end{bmatrix}$$

The following constraint between the astronomical unit and the solar and planetary gravitational constants is employed when the value for a_e is solved for the ODP:

$$GM_s = 3.9640160 \times 10^{-14} a_e^3$$

$$GM_v = \frac{M_v}{M_s} GM_s$$

$$GM_r = \frac{M_r}{M_s} GM_s$$

$$GM_I = \frac{M_I}{M_s} GM_s$$

The Types III and IV partials, $\partial F/\partial c$ and $\partial F/\partial S_i$, are calculated from explicit formulas with no integration or chain rule application necessary. The velocity of light formulas are:

$$\frac{\partial \rho_i}{\partial c} = \frac{-\rho_i}{c}$$

$$\frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_i}{\partial c} = \frac{-\dot{\rho}_i}{c}$$

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_i}{\partial c} = \frac{\partial \sigma_i}{\partial c} = \frac{\partial d_i}{\partial c} = \frac{\partial \delta_i}{\partial c} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial f_{1i}}{\partial c} = \frac{-\Omega_2 \dot{\rho}_i}{c^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial f_{c3i,q}}{\partial c} = \frac{-\Omega_4}{c^2} (\dot{\rho}_q + \dot{\rho}_i)$$

$$\frac{\partial f_{3i,q}}{\partial c} = \frac{-\Omega_6}{c^2} (\dot{\rho}_q + \dot{\rho}_i)$$

$$\frac{\partial f_{d1i,j}}{\partial c} = \frac{-\Omega_2}{c^2} (\dot{\rho}_i + \dot{\rho}_j)$$

The partials with respect to station locations are derived from the data type equations and the equations for R_i :

$$X_i = R_i \cos(\alpha_G + \lambda_i) \cos \phi_i$$

$$Y_i = R_i \sin(\alpha_G + \lambda_i) \cos \phi_i$$

$$Z_i = R_i \sin \phi_i$$

Thus we have:

$$\frac{\partial \rho_i}{\partial R_i} = \frac{1}{R_i} (X_i L_x + Y_i L_y + Z_i L_z)$$

$$\frac{\partial \rho_i}{\partial \phi_i} = Z_i \{ [L_x \cos (\alpha_G + \lambda_i) + L_y \sin (\alpha_G + \lambda_i)] - L_z R_i \cos \phi_i \}$$

$$\frac{\partial \rho_i}{\partial \lambda_i} = Y_i L_x - X_i L_y$$

$$\frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_i}{\partial R_i} = \frac{1}{R_i} (X_i L'_x + Y_i L'_y + Z_i L'_z)$$

$$\frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_i}{\partial \phi_i} = -Z_i \{ [L'_x \cos (\alpha_G + \lambda_i) + L'_y \sin (\alpha_G + \lambda_i)] + L'_z R_i \cos \phi_i \}$$

$$\frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_i}{\partial \lambda_i} = -Y_i L'_x + X_i L'_y$$

where

$$L'_x = \frac{1}{\rho_i} (-\dot{x} - 2\omega Y_i + \dot{\rho}_i L_x + \omega y)$$

$$L'_y = \frac{1}{\rho_i} (-\dot{y} + 2\omega X_i + \dot{\rho}_i L_y - \omega x)$$

$$L'_z = \frac{1}{\rho_i} (-\dot{z} + \dot{\rho}_i L_z)$$

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_i}{\partial R_i} = \frac{-1}{R_i \rho_i} (\tilde{D}_x X_i + \tilde{D}_y Y_i + \tilde{D}_z Z_i)$$

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_i}{\partial \lambda_i} = \frac{1}{\rho_i} \{ Z_i [\tilde{D}_x \cos(\alpha_G + \lambda_i) + \tilde{D}_y \sin(\alpha_G + \lambda_i)] - \tilde{D}_z R_i \cos \phi_i \}$$

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_i}{\partial \lambda_i} = \frac{1}{\rho_i} (Y_i \tilde{D}_x - X_i \tilde{D}_y)$$

$$\frac{\partial \sigma_i}{\partial R_i} = \frac{-1}{R_i \rho_i} (X_i \tilde{A}_x + Y_i \tilde{A}_y + Z_i \tilde{A}_z)$$

$$\frac{\partial \sigma_i}{\partial \phi_i} = \frac{1}{\rho_i} \{ Z_i [\tilde{A}_x \cos(\alpha_G + \lambda_i) + \tilde{A}_y \sin(\alpha_G + \lambda_i)] - \tilde{A}_z R_i \cos \phi_i \}$$

$$\frac{\partial \sigma_i}{\partial \lambda_i} = \frac{1}{\rho_i} (Y_i \tilde{A}_x - X_i \tilde{A}_y)$$

$$\frac{\partial \gamma_i}{\partial S_i} (\tilde{D}_x) \rightarrow \frac{\partial \delta_i}{\partial S_i} (D_x)$$

$$\frac{\partial \sigma_i}{\partial S_i} (\tilde{A}_x) \rightarrow \frac{\partial \alpha_i}{\partial S_i} (A_x)$$

where

$$D_x = -\sin \delta_i \cos \alpha_{ri}$$

$$D_y = -\sin \delta_i \sin \alpha_{ri}$$

$$D_z = \cos \delta_i$$

$$A_x = -\sin \alpha_{ri}$$

$$A_y = \cos \alpha_{ri}$$

$$A_z = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial f_{1i}}{\partial S_i} = \frac{\Omega_2}{c} \frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_i}{\partial S_i}$$

$$\frac{\partial f_{c3i,q}}{\partial S_i} = \frac{\Omega_4}{c} \frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_i}{\partial S_i}$$

$$\frac{\partial f_{3i,q}}{\partial S_i} = \frac{\Omega_6}{c} \frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_i}{\partial S_i}$$

$$\frac{\partial f_{d1i,j}}{\partial S_i} = \frac{\Omega_2}{c} \frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_i}{\partial S_i}$$

$$\frac{\partial f_{c3i,q}}{\partial S_q} = \frac{\Omega_4}{c} \frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_q}{\partial S_q}$$

$$\frac{\partial f_{3i,q}}{\partial S_q} = \frac{\Omega_6}{c} \frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_q}{\partial S_q}$$

$$\frac{\partial f_{d1i,j}}{\partial S_j} = \frac{\Omega_2}{c} \frac{\partial \dot{\rho}_j}{\partial S_j}$$

The following partials are necessary for the calculation of occultation and impact time partials, which are obtained by chain rule application:

$$\frac{\partial x_i}{\partial R_i} = \frac{x_i}{R_i} \quad x \rightarrow y, z$$

$$\frac{\partial x_i}{\partial \phi_i} = -R_i \sin \phi_i \cos (\alpha_G + \lambda_i)$$

$$\frac{\partial y_i}{\partial \phi_i} = -R_i \sin \phi_i \sin (\alpha_G + \lambda_i)$$

$$\frac{\partial z_i}{\partial \phi_i} = R_i \cos \phi_i$$

$$\frac{\partial x_i}{\partial \lambda_i} = -y_i$$

$$\frac{\partial y_i}{\partial \lambda_i} = x_i$$

$$\frac{\partial z_i}{\partial \lambda_i} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial r_i}{\partial r_0}, \frac{\partial r_i}{\partial q}, \frac{\partial r_i}{\partial c} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial x_m}{\partial R_e} = \frac{x_m}{R_e} \quad x \rightarrow y, z$$

$$\frac{\partial r_m}{\partial r_0}, \frac{\partial r_m}{\partial c}, \frac{\partial r_m}{\partial S_i}, = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial r_m}{\partial q} \Bigg|_{q \neq R_e} = 0$$

The occultation and impact time partials are obtained by

$$\frac{\partial T_0}{\partial Q} = \left[\frac{p \cdot p_m \left(\frac{p_m \cdot \frac{\partial p_m}{\partial Q}}{p_m^2} + \frac{p \cdot \frac{\partial p}{\partial Q}}{p^2} \right) - p \cdot \frac{\partial p_m}{\partial Q} - p_m \cdot \frac{\partial p}{\partial Q} + \frac{|p| |p_m| \sin \phi_p R_m}{p_m^2 \sqrt{p_m^2 - R_m^2}} p_m \cdot \frac{\partial p_m}{\partial Q}}{p \cdot p_m \left(\frac{p_m \cdot p_m}{p_m^2} + \frac{p \cdot p}{p^2} \right) - p \cdot p_m - p_m \cdot p + \frac{|p| |p_m| \sin \phi_p R_m}{p_m^2 \sqrt{p_m^2 - R_m^2}} (p_m \cdot p_m)} \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial T_I}{\partial Q} = \frac{-1}{p \cdot p} \left(p \cdot \frac{\partial p}{\partial Q} \right)$$

In the derivation of the above formulas, the partials of the radius of the target with respect to the ODP physical constants, $\partial R_m / \partial Q$, were assumed to be zero.

F. Weighting of the Partials

Weighting in the ODP is accomplished by a priori methods. The normal scheme as devised by T. Hamilton employs a codeword which is used in a table lookup procedure. This codeword is input to the TDEP, which passes it to the ODP as part of each data record. The word consists of six groups of three bits each. The value of each group (0, 1, 2, 3, or 4) determines a part of the weight, which is calculated as follows:

$$w_i = \sum_{p=1}^6 S_{pjk}^2 g_{pi}^2 \max \left(\frac{T_{pjk}}{\tau}, 1 \right)$$

where

p = group index

j = data type index

k = numerical value of group p

T_{pjk} , S_{pjk} = p th, j th, k th entries in the T and S weighting tables, nominally pre-set in the ODP.

The g_{pi} value is computed from formulas stored in the ODP. It may also be thought of as a tabular entry as depicted on the following page.

Group index	j	1	2	3	4	5	6
Data type index							
ν_i	1	1	1	$\dot{\rho}_i$	ρ_i	$\Delta_r \rho_i$	1
$\dot{\rho}_i$	2	1	$\dot{\rho}_i$	$\dot{\rho}_i$	$\Delta_r \dot{\rho}_i$	1	
γ_i	3	1	1	1	$\Delta_r \gamma_i$		
σ_i	4	$\frac{1}{\cos \gamma_i}$	1	1			
δ_i	5	1	1	1	$\Delta_r \delta_i$		
α_i	6	$\frac{1}{\cos \delta_i}$	1	1	$\Delta_r \alpha_i$		
f_{1u}	7		Ω_2	$\frac{1}{r}$	$\frac{\Omega_2}{r}$		
f_{c3i}	8	$\frac{\Omega_4}{c}$	$\frac{1}{r}$	$\frac{\Omega_4 (\nu_i + \epsilon_q)}{c}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3} r}$	$\frac{\Omega_4 (\Delta_r \dot{\rho}_i + \Delta_r \dot{\rho}_q)}{c}$	$\frac{\Omega_4}{c}$
f_{3u}	9	$\frac{\Omega_6}{c}$	$\frac{1}{r}$	Ω_6	$\frac{\Omega_6 (\Delta_r \dot{\rho}_i + \Delta_r \dot{\rho}_q)}{c}$	$\frac{\Omega_6}{c}$	
f_{d1u}	10	$\frac{\Omega_2}{c} \dot{\rho}_i$	$\frac{\Omega_2}{c} (\nu_i - \epsilon_i)$	$\frac{1}{r}$	$\frac{\Omega_2 (\Delta_r \dot{\rho}_i + \Delta_r \dot{\rho}_q)}{c}$	$\frac{\Omega_2}{c}$	

The above option is replaced upon input of a priori coefficients, $\sqrt{\tilde{w}_j}$. The weights are then calculated by

$$\sqrt{w_j} = \sqrt{\tilde{w}_j} \beta_1 \beta_2 \sqrt{\frac{60}{\tau_s}}$$

where

$$\beta_1 = 1, \text{ when not weighting azimuth or hour angle}$$

$$\beta_1 = \frac{1}{\cos \gamma_1}, \text{ when weighting azimuth angle}$$

$$\beta_1 = \frac{1}{\cos \delta_i}, \text{ when weighting hour angle}$$

$$\beta_2 = 1, \text{ when weighting azimuth angle}$$

$$\beta_2 = 1 + \frac{18}{(\gamma_i + 1)^2}, \text{ when not weighting azimuth angle}$$

$$\tau_s = \text{data sample rate, sec.}$$

Provision has also been made for unit weighting when the printing of partials is requested. Thus in the normal equations, $u^{-1} = 1$.

G. Mapping of the Covariance Matrix

The statistical information contained in the covariance matrix $\Gamma(t_0)$ may be projected (mapped) to any later time t . A frequent application of this procedure is the mapping to the time of impact / closest approach. The procedure employs a mapping matrix

$$U_{t_0, t} = \frac{\partial Q_t}{\partial Q_{t_0}}$$

which is an extended matrix of variational partials representing all estimated parameters Q_{t_0} . If the parameter set Q_{t_0} consists only of the six initial conditions, then this matrix is identical to the familiar U matrix. A similar mapping matrix is employed for including the effect of the considered parameter set \tilde{Q}_{t_0} :

$$V_{t_0, t} = \frac{\partial Q_t}{\partial \tilde{Q}_{t_0}}$$

The mapping operation is then accomplished by

$$\Gamma_t = U \Gamma_{t_0} U^T - V \Gamma_{\tilde{Q}} V^T J^{-1} U^T - U J^{-1} V \Gamma_{\tilde{Q}} V^T + V \Gamma_{\tilde{Q}} V^T$$

If no parameters are being considered, this reduces to

$$\Gamma_t = U \Gamma_{t_0} U^T$$

(See page 10 for definitions of terms.)

H. Encounter Parameters

Encounter parameters are expressed in the **B** system, where **B** is the vector from the target center of mass perpendicular to the incoming spacecraft asymptote. Two unit vectors, **T** and **R**, establish the orientation of **B**. **T** is parallel to a reference plane and **R** is orthogonal to **T** in a right-handed system. **R** and **T** may be expressed in any of four reference planes:

R_O, T_O	target orbital plane
R_T, T_T	target equatorial plane
R_Q, T_Q	earth equatorial plane
R_C, T_C	ecliptic plane

The ODP uses the target orbital plane with a supplementary output in the target equatorial plane for the mid-course maneuver program.

The standard set of encounter parameters M are

$\mathbf{R} \cdot \mathbf{R}$	as defined above
$\mathbf{B} \cdot \mathbf{T}$	as defined above
t_L	linearized time of flight
$\mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{R}_S$	dot products of incoming asymptote unit vector \mathbf{S}
$\mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{T}_S$	with standard \mathbf{R} and \mathbf{T} vectors
C_3	vis-viva energy from two-body conic

The calculation of the above parameters is based on the two-body conic of the probe with reference to the target. Thus we have, for the usual hyperbolic case:

$$\frac{1}{a} = \frac{2}{r} - \frac{v^2}{\mu}$$

$$e^2 = 1 + \frac{r^2 v^2 - (r \dot{r})^2}{\mu a}$$

$$e \sinh F = \frac{r}{\sqrt{-\mu a}}$$

$$e \cosh F = 1 + \frac{r}{a}$$

$$e \mathbf{P} + e \cosh F \mathbf{r} + \sqrt{\frac{-a}{\mu}} e \sinh F \dot{\mathbf{r}}$$

$$e \sqrt{e^2 - 1} \mathbf{Q} = \frac{e \sinh F}{r} \mathbf{r} + \sqrt{\frac{-a}{\mu}} (e \cosh F - e^2) \dot{\mathbf{r}}$$

$$e \mathbf{B} = a(1 - e^2) \mathbf{P} + a \sqrt{e^2 - 1} \mathbf{Q}$$

$$e \mathbf{S} = \mathbf{P} + \sqrt{e^2 - 1} \mathbf{Q}$$

$$\phi_s = \sin^{-1} S_z$$

Then

$$\mathbf{B} \cdot \mathbf{T} = \sqrt{\frac{-\epsilon}{\mu}} \frac{\dot{x}\dot{y} - \dot{y}\dot{x}}{\cos \phi_s}$$

$$\mathbf{B} \cdot \mathbf{R} = \frac{B_2}{\cos \phi_s}$$

$$t_L \approx t_f + \frac{(F - e \sinh F - \ln e)}{\sqrt{\frac{\mu}{-a^3}}}$$

$$C_3 = \frac{-\mu}{a}$$

Where

e = eccentricity

a = semi-major axis

$\mathbf{r} = (x, y, z)$ = target centered probe vector

$\mu = G M_{\text{target}}$

F = hyperbolic anomaly

t_f = true time of flight

To express the encounter covariance matrix in terms of the standard parameters, the partials of the form $\partial M / \partial Q_i$ are necessary:

$$\Gamma_m = \frac{\partial M}{\partial Q_i} \Gamma_e \left(\frac{\partial M}{\partial Q_i} \right)^T$$

The ODP restricts Q to the six initial conditions in this case. The following standard deviations are computed from Γ_m :

$$\sigma_t = \sqrt{\Gamma_m(t_L, t_L)} \quad \text{standard deviation in time of flight}$$

$$\sigma_B = \sqrt{\Gamma_m(B \cdot R, B \cdot R) + \Gamma_m(B \cdot T, B \cdot T)} \quad \text{standard deviation of } B \text{ vector}$$

$$\sigma_S = \sigma_t \sqrt{\frac{-\mu}{a}} \quad \text{standard deviation of } S \text{ vector}$$

The configuration and orientation of the target dispersion ellipse are computed as follows:

$$c_m = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} [\Gamma_m(B \cdot R, B \cdot R) - \Gamma_m(B \cdot T, B \cdot T)]^2 + [\Gamma_m(B \cdot R, B \cdot T)]^2}$$

$$d_m = \frac{1}{2} [\Gamma_m(B \cdot R, B \cdot R) + \Gamma_m(B \cdot T, B \cdot T)]$$

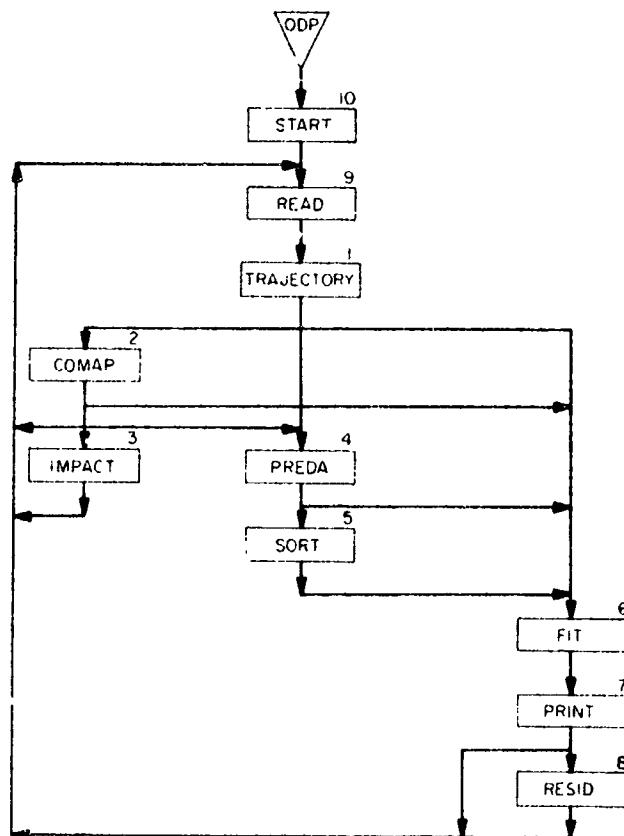
$$a = \sqrt{c_m + d_m} \quad \text{semi-major axis}$$

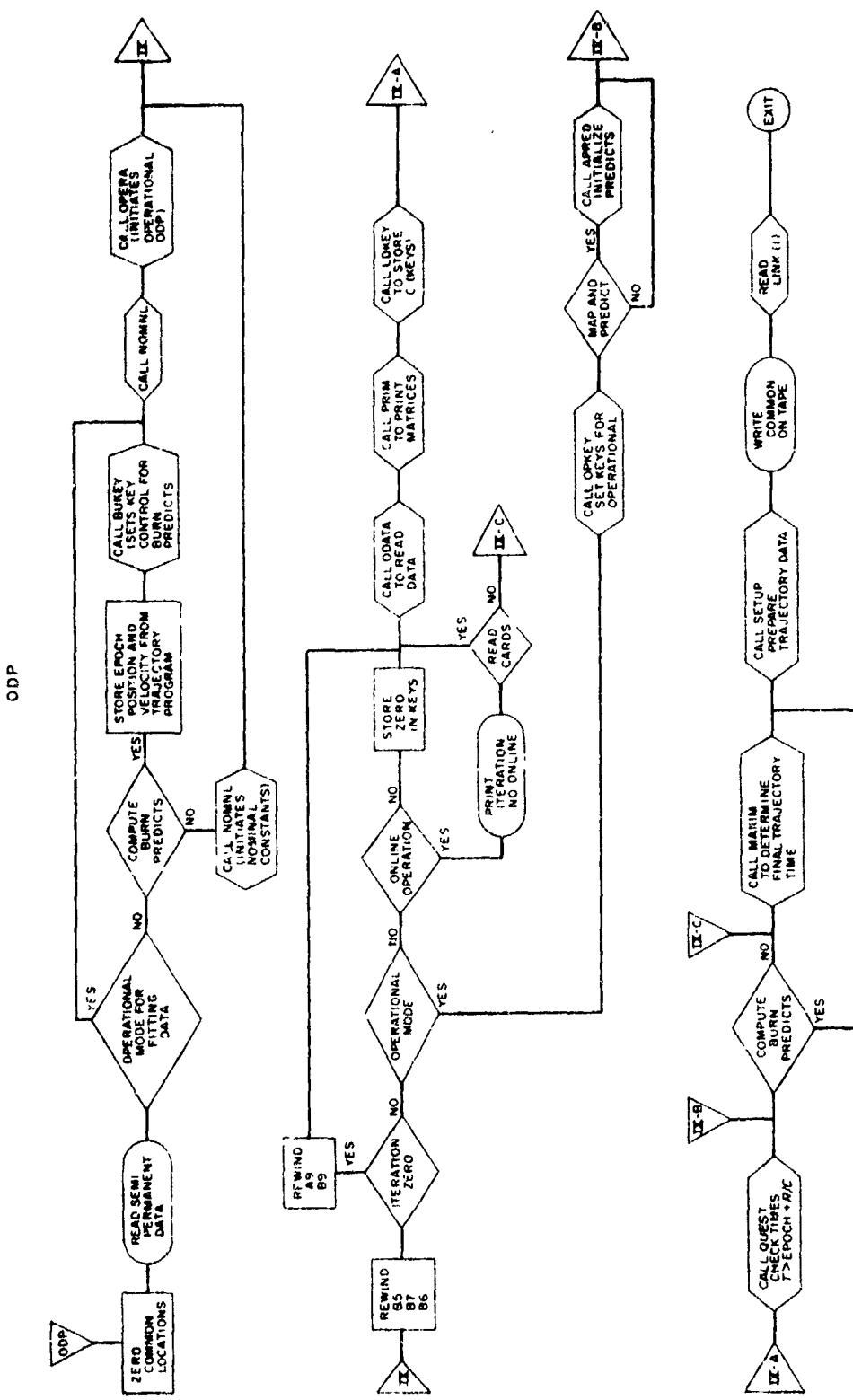
$$b = \sqrt{c_m - d_m} \quad \text{semi-minor axis}$$

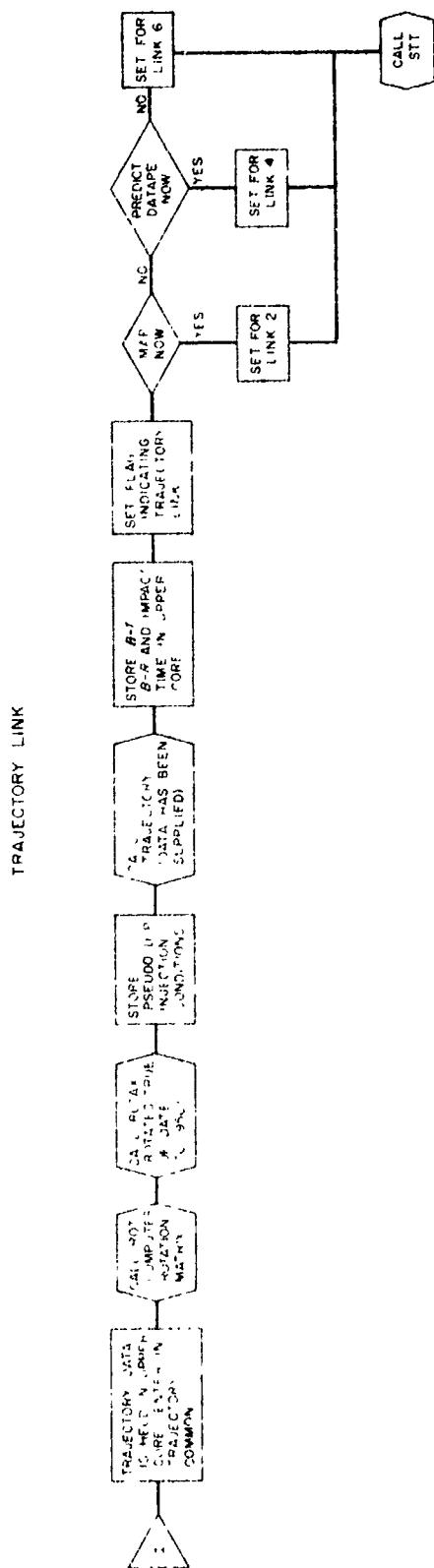
$$\phi = \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{2 \Gamma_m(B \cdot R, B \cdot T)}{\Gamma_m(B \cdot R, B \cdot R) - \Gamma_m(B \cdot T, B \cdot T)} \right] \quad \text{inclination to target orbital plane}$$

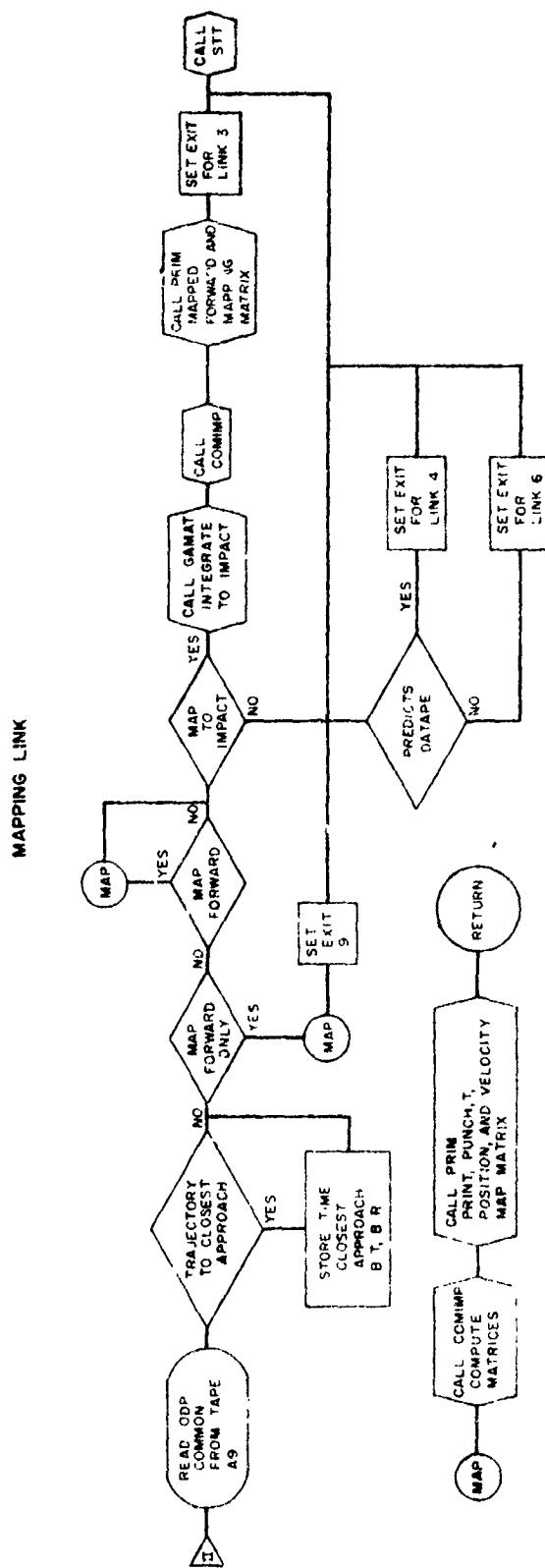
III. STRUCTURE OF THE LINKS

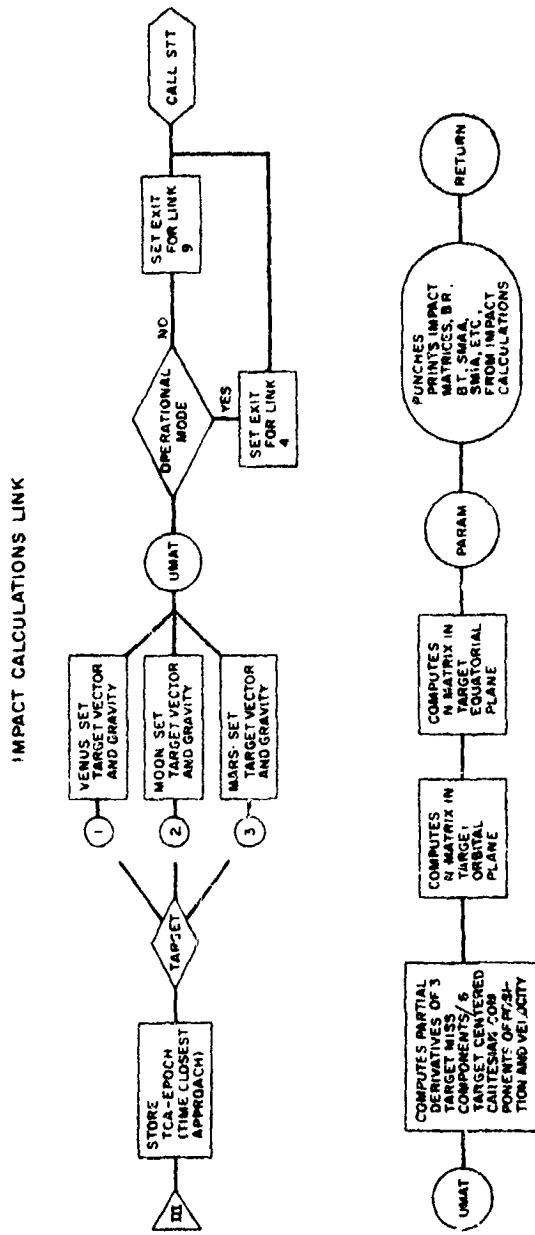
This Section presents the flow diagrams which outline the computational and logical procedures employed by the ODP.

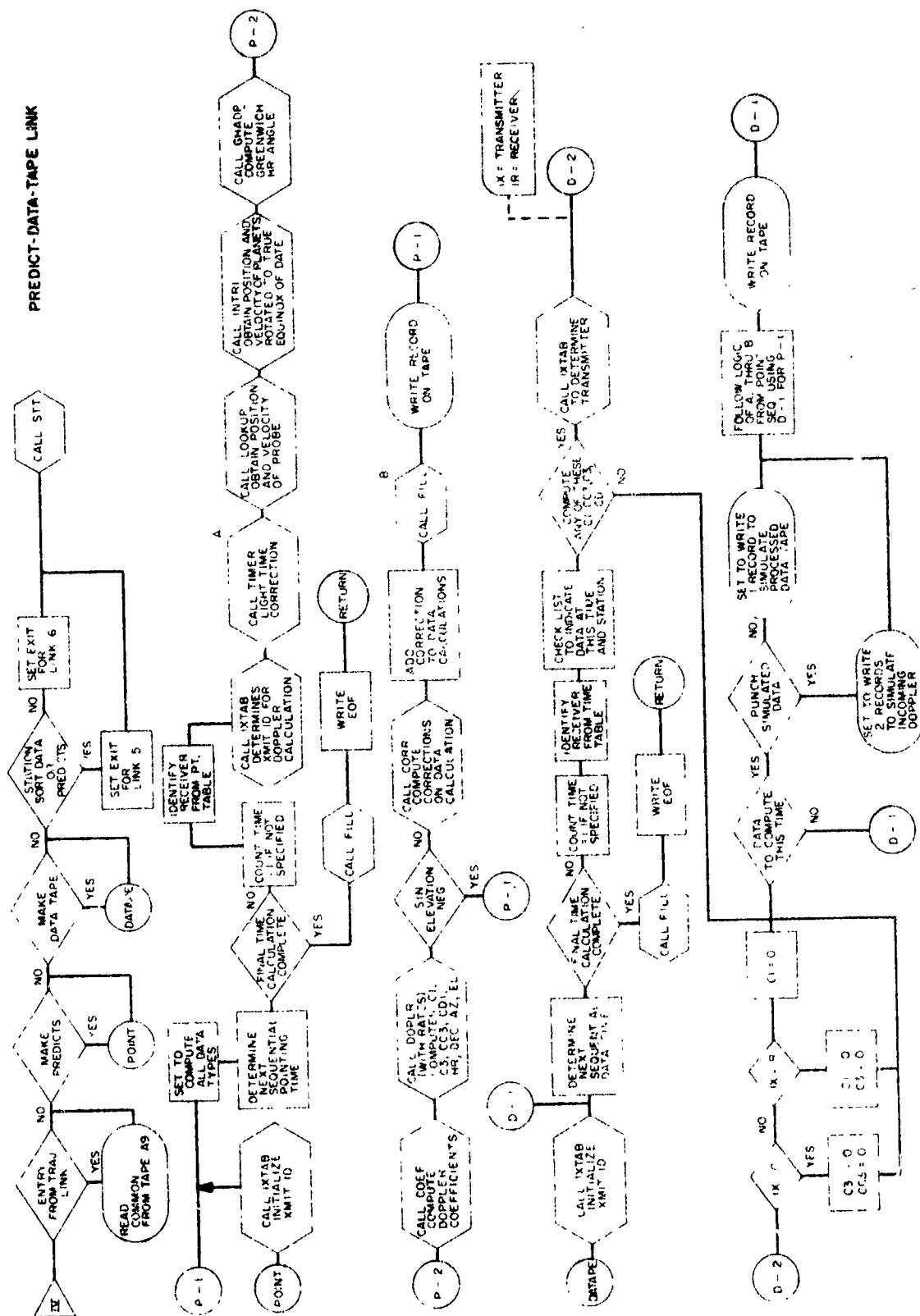


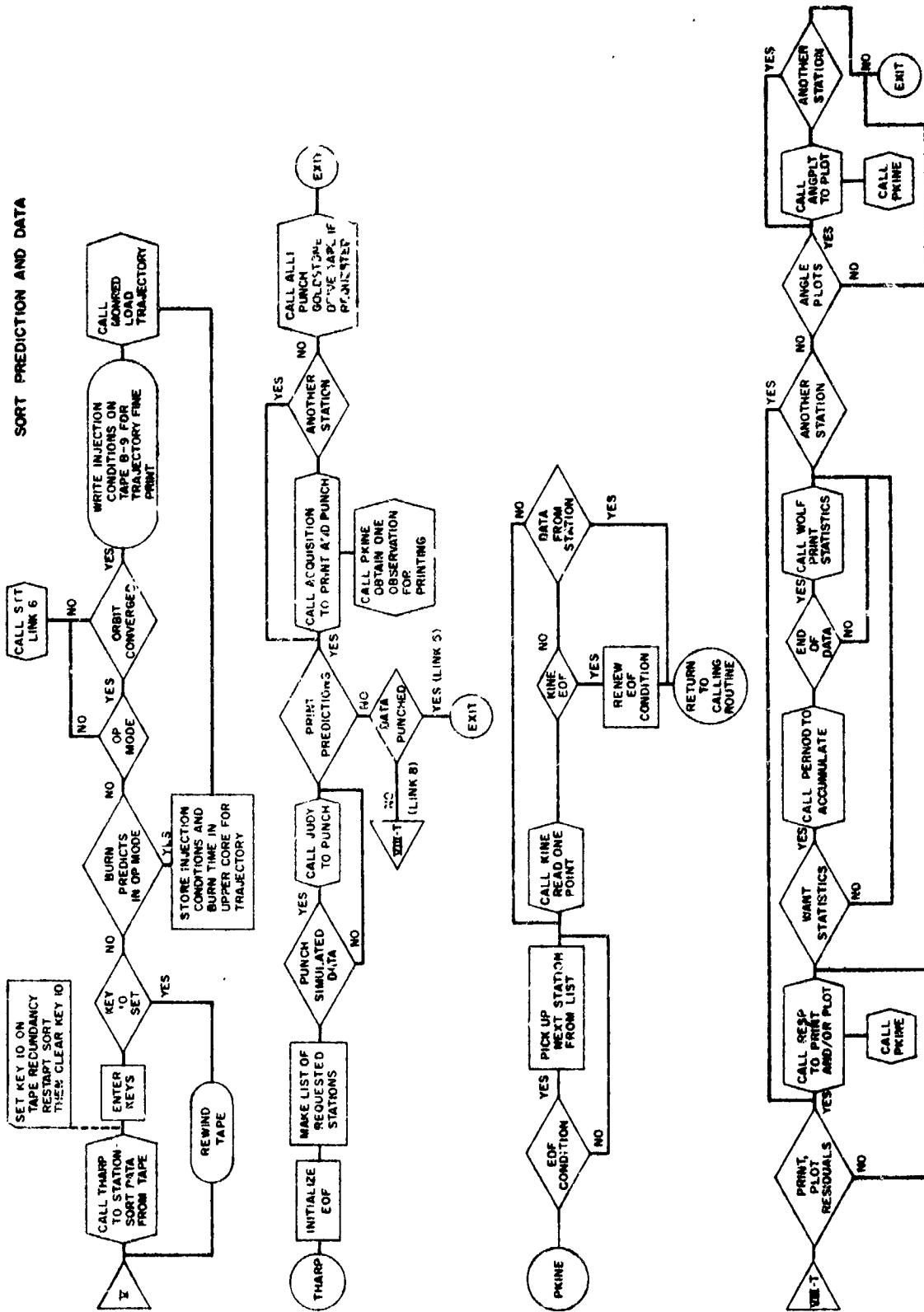


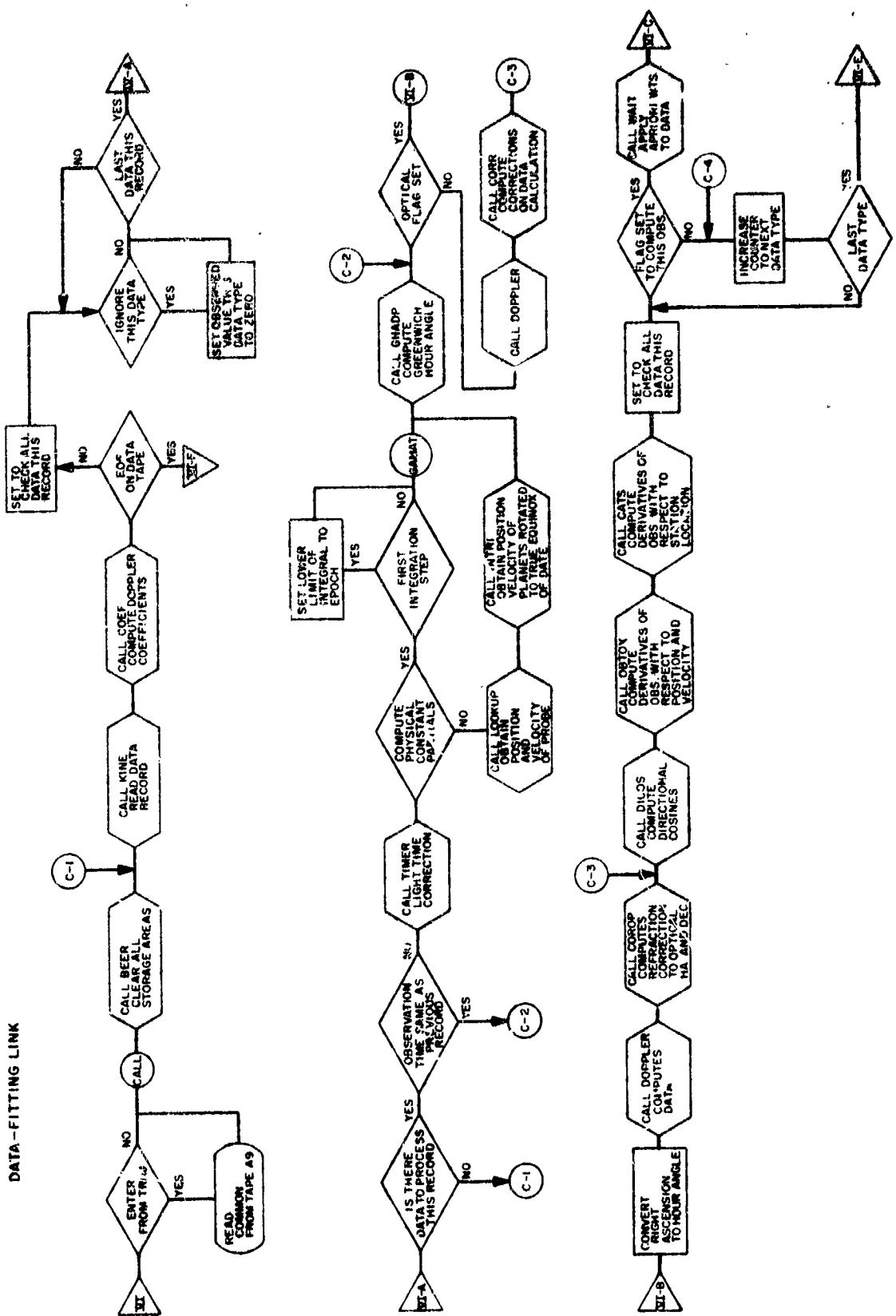


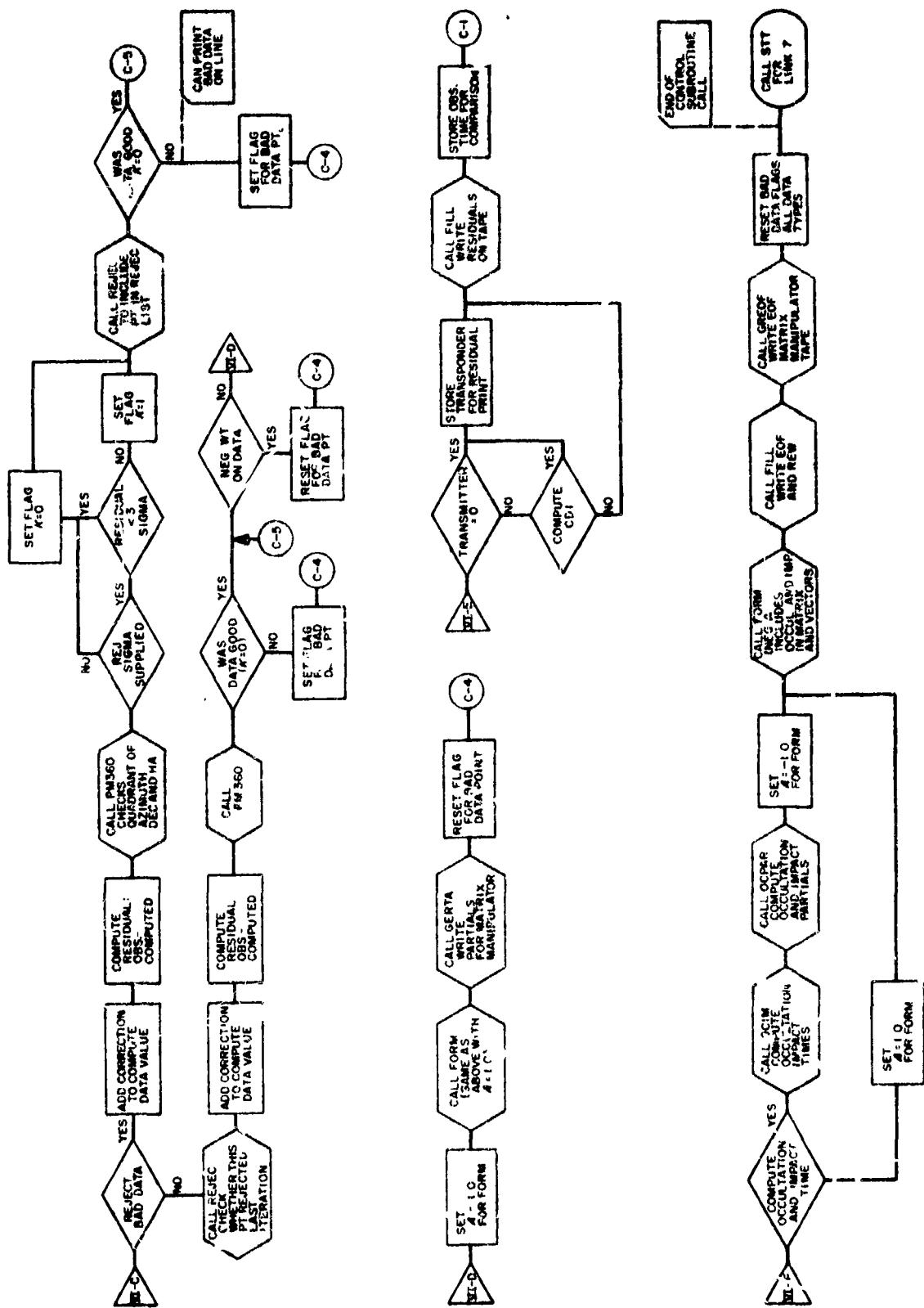


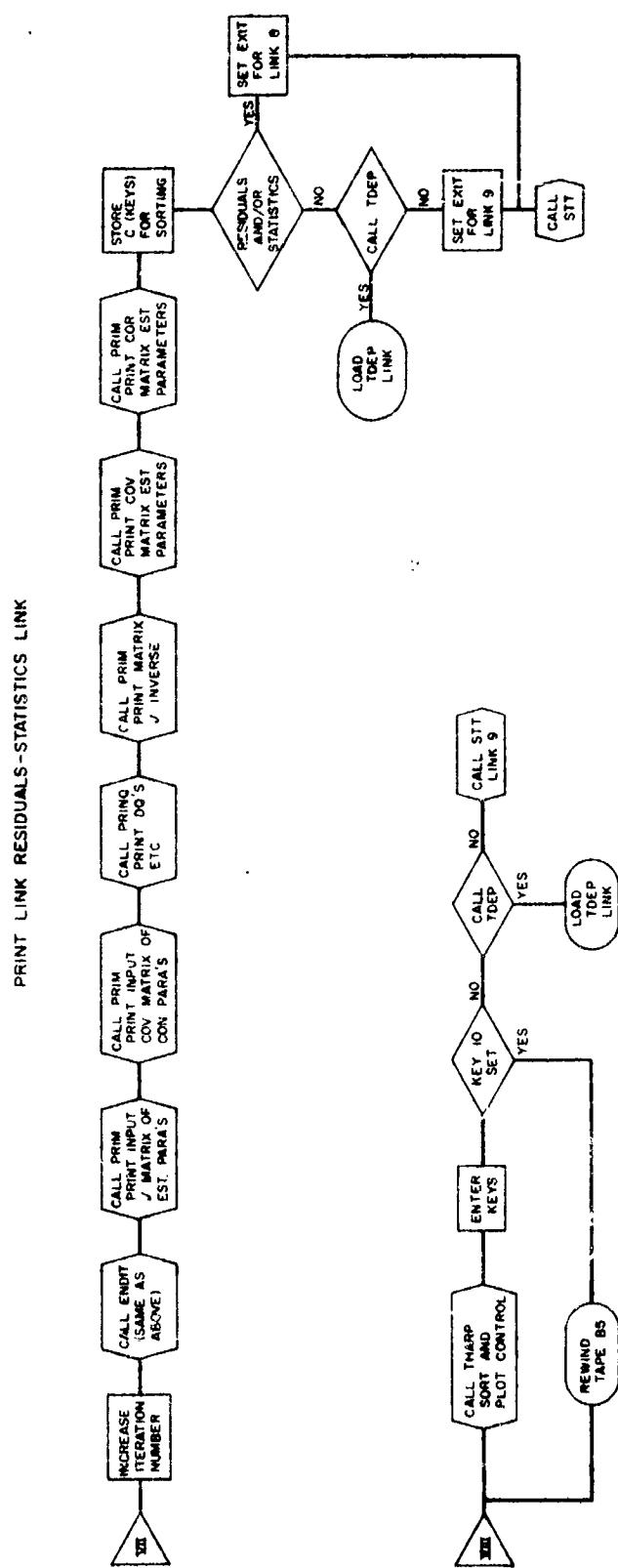












APPENDIX A. ODP Input

A. Card Formats

External input to the ODP consists of the input card deck, a data tape, and the planetary ephemeris tape. The cards specify all variables and options which are not a function of each observation. The deck is input at the beginning of the program, with optional supplementary inputs at the end of each iteration. It consists of a number of control cards, between which are the cards containing the variables and options. Each deck is terminated by an *end data* card.

Card input is processed by the subroutine ODINP, which was written to provide symbolic and double precision capabilities with a minimum of format restrictions. The following interpretations of input cards are made by ODINP:

1. The characters for the comma, equals sign, and blank have the same meaning, namely, to separate symbols from symbols, symbols from data, and data from data. Thus the user may improve the readability of his deck by using equals signs to separate symbols from associated data and blanks or commas to punctuate strings of symbols and data:
`DIAG = 100., 100., 100., .5, .5, .5`
2. If an input number contains a decimal point and/or an E (denoting the power of ten to which the number is to be raised), it will be converted to 7094 floating point binary.
3. If an input number contains neither a decimal point or an E, it will be interpreted as an integer and will be converted directly to binary.
4. If an input number contains neither a decimal point or an E and is followed by `000000000000/8`, it will be interpreted as an octal quantity and will be converted directly to binary. As many as twelve octal digits may be included.
5. If an input quantity is enclosed in parentheses it will be interpreted as an alphanumeric quantity and will be converted to BCD (binary-coded decimal).
6. If a card contains an octal integer ending in column 72 preceded by a left parenthesis, it will be interpreted as a control card which in part specifies the conversion and storage of the following data. Other punching on this type of card is ignored.

7. If a card contains a dollar sign punch (not in a BCD message), all punching to the right of the sign will be ignored.
 8. All punching in columns 73 through 80 is ignored.
 9. If an octal integer is followed by the slash sign it will be interpreted as the 7094 core storage location for the following datum. Thus, if the octal location corresponding to symbol X is 34567, all of the following data will be converted to the same binary quantity and stored in the same location.

$$X = 1.0$$

$$X = \langle E \rangle$$

34567 = 1.

34567 = 100 E-2

A description of the control and data cards acceptable to the ODP follows.

01 Epoch

This card is followed by two words describing the epoch associated with the trajectory. The format of the words is that used by the Space Trajectories Program, i.e., YYMMDDHH, LLSSNNN. This is interpreted as Greenwich time where YY is the last two digits of the year, MM is the month, DD is the day, HH is the hour, LL is the minutes, SS is the seconds, and NNN is the milliseconds. All Greenwich times are entered in this format.

02 Probe position and velocity at epoch

This card is followed by the cartesian position and velocity components of the probe at the epoch. The coordinate system is referenced to the equinox and equator of date. The data is entered in double precision so more than eight digits may meaningfully be entered for each coordinate.

Symbols allowed

X, Y, Z, DX, DY, DZ

Restrictions

If this control card is used all 6 coordinates must appear after the control card.

03 Other parameter values

Data following this card describes the nominal values of the parameters (other than position and velocity) that the program is able to solve for. This control card is also used to select options and input constants.

Symbols allowed

KE, RE, G, KM, MV, MM, MJ, J, H, D, AU, C, RI (I), LA (I), LO (I)

NSDISP (I)	North-South displacement, deg
EWDISP (I)	East-West displacement, deg
INDEX (I)	Index of refraction coefficient (nominally 340.0)
DRIFT	Transponder drift, cps/sec
STEP	Initial trajectory step size, sec
BTPRE	Previous B.TT
BRTPRE	Previous B.RT
BTTAIM	Previous B.TT aim
BRTAIM	Previous B.RT aim
TFREQ	Transponder freq less 960.0E6, cps
XFREQ	Transmitter freq less 29.66E6, cps
ENERGY	Powered flight energy
DTBURN	Powered flight duration
MOTOR	Motor count
SOLAR PRESSURE OFF	(Nominally on for planets)
LIGHT TIME OFF	(Nominally on)
REFRACTION AND VERTICAL OFF	(Nominally on)
MMP OUTPUT	
PHI VECTOR OUTPUT	

To select the target input one of the following:

TARGET = (MARS)

TARGET = (MOON)

TARGET = (VENUS)

Nominal target is (MOON).

To change the area, mass, or gamma B of the spacecraft, input t. = target subset of the following symbols followed by the changed parameter(s):

ARMARS	Nominal 11.12
MSMARS	Nominal 259.00
GBMARS	Nominal .096
ARMOON	Nominal 2.789
MSMOON	Nominal 340.20
GBMOON	Nominal .000
ARVEN	Nominal 3.83
MSVEN	Nominal 198.22
GBVEN	Nominal .383

04 Estimate these parameters

05 Consider these parameters

These cards are followed by lists of parameter names which tell the ODP to estimate (consider) the corresponding parameter. No numeric data is required.

Symbols allowed

X, Y, Z, DX, DY, DZ, KE, RE, G, KM, MV, MM, MJ, J, H, D, AU, C, RI(I), LA(I), LO(I)
(I is the station number.)

Restrictions

No more than 20 symbols may follow either card.

06 Rejection sigmas

The above card is followed by data indicating which of the observables are to be checked for possible rejection of bad points. If a symbol is accompanied by a numerical value the observation will be rejected if the absolute value of the residual exceeds the input value.

Symbols allowed

R(I), DR(I), EL(I), AZ(I), DEC(I), HA(I), C1(I), CC3(I), C3(I), D1(I), D3(I)

07 Inverse covariance matrix of estimated parameters

10 Covariance matrix of estimated parameters

11 Covariance matrix of considered parameters

These cards are followed by the indicated matrices. There are three options available for the format of the input cards.

1. If the input matrix consists only of diagonal elements the symbol **DIAG** may be followed by the diagonal elements.
2. Each row of the matrix may be entered separately if it is preceded by its corresponding symbol. The symbols for the rows are R01, R02, R03, ..., R19, R20.
3. The matrix may be entered with no symbols. In this case the operator must keep in mind that the matrices are stored in a Fortran type array which is currently compiled as a 20×20 matrix. This means that if the input matrix is of dimension N each row of the matrix must be followed by $20-N$ zeros.

Symbols allowed

DIAG, R01, R02, ..., R20

Restrictions

1. If a covariance matrix for the estimated parameters and its inverse are both present in the input data the last matrix entered will be used.
2. The dimension of the matrices must agree with the number of parameters following the estimate (consider) control card and in addition the parameters in the matrices must have the ordering tabulated above.

13 Delete these data types

This card is followed by the names of the data types the operator wants to delete from the least-squares fit. The ODP will behave as though the data tape did not contain these data types. No numeric data is required.

Symbols allowed

R(I), DR(I), EL(I), AZ(I), DEC(I), HA(I), C1(I), CC3(I), C3(I), D1(I), D3(I)

14 Statistics, plot, and/or print residuals for these data types

Designation of at least one data type for each station is necessary for the calculation of statistics.

This card is followed by the names of the data types whose residuals are to be printed or plotted. If a numeric field appears it will be interpreted as the scale factor to be used by the plotting routine. If no numeric field appears nominal values tabulated in the appendix will be used. The plotting routine nominally plots one hour of data per frame. The time scale on the plots may be changed by reading the floating-point number N into location NHR, where N is the number of hours per frame.

At present the routine tries to put 3 plots (vertically) per frame. If less than 3 data types from a station are requested the frame will be divided into 1 or 2 plots according to the number requested. If more than 3 data types from one station are requested the first plots will be divided into 3 subfields and the remaining plots will be divided into $N \pmod{3}$ subfields, where N is the number requested.

Symbols allowed

R(I), DR(I), EL(I), AZ(I), DEC(I), HA(I), C1(I), CC3(I), C3(I), D1(I), D3(I), NHR

Restrictions

A maximum of 8 data types per station may be requested.

15 Nominal values corresponding to covariance matrix

If a covariance matrix for the estimated parameters or its inverse is entered the values of the estimated parameters associated with matrix may also be entered. These values follow this control card and must be in the same order as the parameters in the matrix.

Note, if nominal values for the parameters are not entered the program will set the nominal values to the initial estimate of the parameters.

Symbols allowed

None

16 Weights by data type and station

Normally the ODP computes the weight for each data type from information the TDEP puts on the tracking data file. The operator can override this feature by following the above card with weights (sigma rather than sigma squared) for any or all of the data type. Weights must be specified in this manner when fitting an ODP-simulated data tape.

Symbols allowed

R(I), DR(I), EL(I), AZ(I), DEC(I), HA(I), C1(I), CC3(I), C3(I), D1(I), D3(I)

17 Pointing times, sample rate, count times

As the name suggests, data following this control card defines the amount of output obtained when the program is preparing a data tape or computing pointing predictions. A symbolic name is associated with each of the 15 possible tracking stations, and each name may be followed by one, two, or three groups of data. The format of each group is as follows: first time, last time, sample rate, count time. Pointing predictions (or a data tape) will be generated for the indicated station if the probe is above station's horizon anytime between the first time and the last time. The interval between predictions is defined by the sample rate and any requested doppler calculations will be based on the indicated count time. The two times are Greenwich time and are composed of two words each, as defined elsewhere. The sample rate and the count time are given as floating point seconds. As an example, JETMTS - 620702103, 0, 620702104, 0, 10., 5., 620702107, 0, 620702109, 0, 30., 30. instructs the program to generate pointing predictions for the MTS every 10 sec between 030000Z and 040000Z on July 21, 1962 with a doppler averaging time of 5 sec. Pointing predictions will also be generated for 070000Z to 090000Z on the same day but with a 30-sec sample rate and 30-sec doppler averaging time.

Symbols allowed

JETMTS, JETGL2, JETGL3, OOMJET, JOBJET, ANTGUA, ASCENS, PUERTO, MILLST,
JODRELL, T3CAPE, BAHAMA, SANSAL, HAWAII, TRINID

21 Data tape sigma

If a data tape is being prepared the data types following this card will be entered on the ODP data tape. If a numeric field appears with a symbol the program will put a normally distributed random number with mean zero on the calculated value of the data type. The one-sigma value of the distribution is set to the value following the symbolic name of the data type. If no numeric field follows a symbol the one-sigma value of the distribution is set to zero.

Symbols allowed

R(I), DR(I), EL(I), AZ(I), DEC(I), HA(I), C1(I), CC3(I), C3(I), D1(I), D3(I)

22 Data tape bias

Same as the above except that the numeric field indicates the constant. The ODP will add to the calculated value of each data type.

23 Page heading

Up to 11 BCD words may follow this control card. The comment must be initiated with a left parenthesis and closed with a right parenthesis. The comment will be printed above various output groups.

24 Map covariance matrix to

This card is followed by up to 12 monotonically increasing Greenwich times. The covariance matrix from the previous iteration will be mapped forward to these times.

Symbols allowed

None

26 Transmitter ID table

The data following this control card defines the transmitting station as a function of time. This data is required only when generating data tapes or pointing predictions since the TDEP identifies the transmitter for each time point appearing on the ODP data tape. The format of the

transmitter table is, X(1), TIME(1), X(2), TIME(2), ..., X(I), TIME(I), each X is made up of 2 parts, the transmitter number (IX) and the transmitter frequency (FREQ), for example station 3 transmitting with a frequency of 8383.5 would be 3838350. Each time is a Greenwich time in the standard two word format. The interpretation of the table is as follows, station IX(I) is transmitting with a FREQ(I) until TIME(I), then station IX(I+1) is transmitting with a FREQ(I+1) until TIME(I+1), etc.

IX(I) = 0 is interpreted as the transponder and TIME(I) = 0 is interpreted as infinity. When generating a data tape only one type of doppler will be allowed per time point. If all three doppler types are requested for a receiving station (see data tape sigma control cards), the following rules determine the doppler type that will appear.

1. If elevation at station IX is negative set IX = 0
2. If IX = 0 omit CC3 and C3
3. If IX ≠ IR ≠ 0 omit C1 and CC3 where IR is the receiver
4. If IX = IR omit C1 and C3

When punching pointing predictions the above rules apply with the exception that C1 is never omitted.

Symbols allowed

None

Restrictions

A maximum of 134 IX-TIME pairs is allowed

27 Offline control

This option allows the user to set up and submit cases which do not require a special operator. This is done by simulating the function of the console keys. As an example, a data card reading KEY(2), KEY(5) would cause keys 2 and 5 to be set. This control card must be present each iteration to set the keys for that iteration. The cards for each iteration must be followed by an end data card. A data card reading 'terminate job' must be included at the end of the deck to prevent indefinite iterating.

SYMBOLS ALLOWED	OPTION	NEED CONTROL CARDS
KEY(2)	Simulate TDEP data tape	1,2,17,21
KEY(4)	Map forward to input time	1,2,24
KEY(5)	Map to encounter	1,2
KEY(6)	Reject bad points	1,2,6
KEY(9)	Punch data in TDEP format	1,2,17,21,KEY(2)
KEY(12)	Punch pointing predicts	1,2,17,KEY(13)
KEY(13)	Pointing predictions	1,2,17
KEY(14)	Statistics	1,2,14
KEY(15)	Angle plots	1,2
KEY(16)	Residuals	1,2,14
KEY(17)	Time plots	1,2,14
TERMINATE JOB		

30 Burn start time

This time, in the usual Greenwich format, denotes the beginning of the powered flight.

31 Spherical injection conditions

In place of cartesian injection conditions, the user may input spherical conditions under this control card. The spherical conditions are transformed to cartesian conditions at input time.

Symbols allowed

RAD, LAT, LONG, VE, ELE, AZE

32 Occultation times

This data type is input by card, rather than through the TDEP. Two occultation times appear on each card. The format is OCCN T1, T2, weight, rejection sigma where T1 and T2 are Greenwich times in the usual format.

Restrictions

Only stations 1 through 5 permitted. If only one time is to be used then T2 must be 0.0.

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Symbols allowed

OCC1, OCC2, OCC3, OCC4, OCC5

33 Impact times

Same as occultation time, except that only one time per station is input. The format is

IMPX = T, weight, rejection sigma.

Restrictions

Only stations 1 through 5 permitted

Symbols allowed

IMP1, IMP2, IMP3, IMP4, IMP5

00 End data

This card must terminate each set of control data read by the ODP.

B. Tape Formats

The data tape may be prepared by either the TDEP or a simulation run on the ODP. It consists of a number of logical records, each of which contains the data observed by a station at one time. The tape read and write routines use buffering techniques; therefore a physical record on this tape may contain several logical records, normally between 10 and 20. The logical record format is as follows:

Word Number	Description
1 - 2	Time, double precision seconds past 1950.0
3	Transmitter frequency less 29.66 E6, q ≠ 0
	Transponder frequency less 960.0 E6, q = 0
4	Pass identification in BCD
5	Codeword (see below)
6	First observation
7	Bits 1-18 weight code, bits 19-35 sample rate, sec.
8	Second observation, if taken
9	Second weight-sample rate

Word Number	Description
7	
8	
9	
10	
11 - 12	
13 - 14	
15	
16	
17	
18 - 21	
22 - 25	
26 - 35	
$2n + 4$	n th observation at this time
$2n + 5$	n th weight code-word

The logical record has a variable length of $2n + 5$ words, where n is the number of observations at this time. The weight code portion of words 7, 9, 11, ..., $2n + 5$ is not furnished by ODP simulations.

The codeword is constructed as follows:

Bit Number	Description
S	Not used
1	1 if ρ_i in this record
2	ρ_i
3	γ_i
4	σ_i
5	δ_i
6	α_i or α_{ri}
7	f_{1i}
8	f_{c3i}
9	f_{3i}
10	f_{d1i}
11 - 16	Not used
17	1 if optical α_{ri} and δ_i in this record
18 - 21	Transmitter index, q
22 - 25	Receiver index, i
26 - 35	Doppler averaging time, t

The planetary ephemeris tape is described in Ref. 2 in the section on subroutine INTR, which is used for interpolation of the ephemerides.

The probe ephemeris tape as described previously consists of a series of 392-word physical records. Each physical record contains eight 49-word records in the following format.

Word Number	Description
1 - 2	Time, double precision seconds past 1950.0
3 - 8	$x, y, z, \dot{x}, \dot{y}, \dot{z}$ of probe, true equator and equinox
9 - 44	U matrix, $\partial r / \partial r_0$
45	Nutation in longitude, $\Delta\lambda$
46	Nutation in obliquity, $\Delta\epsilon$
47 - 49	$\ddot{x}, \ddot{y}, \ddot{z}$ of probe

APPENDIX B. ODP Output

Output to the user may be on printed pages, punched cards, or plots. The following output items are automatically printed during the iteration:

1. List of card input.
2. A priori covariance matrix, ($\hat{\Gamma}$).
3. Inverse of a priori covariance matrix.
4. Trajectory information.
5. J matrix.
6. J matrix correlations.
7. Solution vector and statistics.
8. Inverse of J matrix.
9. Covariance matrix (Γ).
10. Covariance matrix correlations.

The following output items are obtained on option:

Printed page

1. Residuals, computed observables, weights and frequencies sorted by time and station.
2. Summary of residual statistics sorted by station.
3. Rejected data points.
4. Pointing ephemeris sorted by station and list of Goldstone drive tape.
5. Mapping matrix.
6. Mapped covariance matrix, from epoch to specified times, or from epoch to target encounter.
7. Position and velocity of probe at mapping times.

8. Encounter parameters.
9. Encounter statistics and matrices.
10. Supplementary printout at data times - time, probe and planetary vectors, data partials.

Punched cards

1. Mapped covariance matrix
2. Pointing ephemeris and Goldstone drive tape.
3. Encounter information for Midcourse Program.
4. Encounter information for Matrix Manipulation Program.
5. Simulated tracking data for Tracking Data Editing Program.

Plots

1. Residuals vs time, sorted by station and data type.
2. Angle residuals vs angles, sorted by station and angle type.

A binary tape for the Matrix Manipulation Program, containing data partials and mapping matrices, is generated on option.

All output to the user which is to be printed, punched, or plotted, is written on one 7094 tape. At the conclusion of the ODP run, the tape is processed by a special 1401 program. The printed pages and punched cards are obtained at this stage. Also obtained is a special low-density tape containing plotting information for the SC-4020 plotter.

The following symbols appear on the output listings. The corresponding symbols used in this report and the definitions are given:

Output symbol	Report symbol	Definition
X	x	
Y	y	
Z	z	
DX	ẋ	
DY	ẏ	
DZ	ż	

Output symbol	Report symbol	Definition
KE	GM_e	gravitational constant of earth, km^3/sec^2
RE	R_e	equatorial radius of Earth, km
G	γB	solar pressure constant
KM	GM_m	gravitational constant of Moon, km^3/sec^2
MV	M_v	mass of Venus, solar masses
MM	M_r	mass of Mars, solar masses
MJ	M_j	mass of Jupiter, solar masses
J	J	second harmonic coefficient
H	H	third harmonic coefficient
D	D	fourth harmonic coefficient
AU	a_e	astronomical unit, km
C	c	speed of light, km/sec
RI(i)	R_i	radius of earth at station i , km
LA(i)	ϕ_i	geocentric latitude of station i , deg
LO(i)	λ_i	longitude of station i , deg
R	ρ	slant range, km
DR	$\dot{\rho}$	slant range rate, km/sec
EL	γ	elevation angle, deg
AZ	σ	azimuth angle, deg
DEC	δ	declination, deg
HA	α	hour angle, deg
C1	f_1	one-way integrated doppler frequency, cps
CC3	f_{e3}	coherent three-way integrated doppler frequency, cps
C3	f_3	three-way integrated doppler frequency, cps
D1	f_{d1}	differenced one-way integrated doppler frequency, cps
B	B	vector from target center of mass perpendicular to probe asymptote, km
B·RO	$B \cdot R_0$	dot products, target orbital plane, km
B·TO	$B \cdot T_0$	
B·RT	$B \cdot R_T$	dot products, target equatorial plane, km
B·TT	$B \cdot T_T$	
TL	t_L	linearized time of flight, hours (lunar missions) or days
TF	t_f	true time of flight, hours (lunar missions) or days
SMAA	a	semi-major axis of dispersion ellipse at target, km
SMIA	b	semi-minor axis, km
THETA	θ	inclination of dispersion ellipse to target orbital plane, deg
DEL T	σ_t	standard deviation of linearized time of flight, sec

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Output symbol	Report symbol	Definition
DEL_B	σ_B	standard deviation of \mathbf{B} vector, km
DEL_S	σ_S	standard deviation of asymptote unit vector, km
C3	c_3	vis viva energy, km ² /sec ²
TC	τ	doppler count time, sec
Q	q	transmitter index
FRQ	$\begin{cases} f_q \\ f_T \end{cases}$	if $q \neq 0$, station frequency less 29.66×10^6 cps if $q = 0$, probe frequency less 960×10^6 cps

The following pages of this Appendix contain representative listings and plots.

PAGE HEADING OUTPUT LISTING
COUP SAMPLE OUTPUT LISTING
EPOCH
621001717.2346000
PROBE POSITION AND VELOCITY AT EPOCH
X=-4166173E4 Y=-3299222E4 Z=-2659326E4
DX=66119558E1 DY=60167139E1 DZ=-34633899E1
OTHER PARAMETER VALUES
RA(4)=812.5231
LA(4)=-31.21014
LD(4)=130.89502
NSDISP(4)=-1727
ESTIMATE THESE PARAMETERS
X Y Z OR DV DZ KE KM R1(4) LA(4) LD(4)
COVARIANCE MATRIX OF ESTIMATED PARAMETERS
DIAG=100.100.100.1.1.1.10.10.10.001.001.001
STATISTICS, PLOT AND/OR PRINT RESIDUALS FOR THESE PARAMETERS
A(4)= HA(4) DEC(4) CC3(4)
WEIGHTS BY DATA TYPE AND STATION
R(4)=1. DEC1(4)=1. HA(4)=1. CC3(4)=1.
POINTING LINES, SAMPLE RATE, CHANNEL LINE
ODM4F621001717,3000000.621001721,5500000.300.0.1.
TRANSMITTER ID TABLE
4821500
DATA TAPE SIGMA
K(4)=.005 HA(4)=.01 DEC1(4)=.01 CC3(4)=.02
DATA TAPE BIAS
R(4)=-.0005 HA(4)=.001 DEC1(4)=.001
BAP COVARIANCE MATRIX 10
621001817.0
OFFLINE CONDITIONS
KEY(2) KEY(13) KEY(14) KEY(15) KEY(16) KEY(17)
END DATA

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INPUT J MATRIX OF ESTIMATED PARAMETERS										ITERATION NUMBER	0
	X	Y	Z	DX	DY	DZ	ME	MH	SLICA1		
X	.99999998-02	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00
Y	.00000000 00	.99999998-02	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00
Z	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.99999998-02	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00
DX	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.99999998-02	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00
DY	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.99999998-02	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00
DZ	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.99999998-02	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00
ME	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.99999998-02	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00
MH	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.99999998-02	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00
LA041	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00
LB041	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00
LA041	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00
LB041	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00
LA041	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00
LB041	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00	.00000000 00

CASE 1

SPACE TRAJECTORIES

ELEMENTS TAPE III MILN SATORI.

b-8 15

GMF	.39869320	.06	J	-16234500-02
G	-46705998-19	A	-6872497	29
GMN	-49027779	66	245	-13271544

INJECTION CONDITIONS.

GEODETIC	XO	+41668173	04	YO	-43299222	04
CARTESIAN	GMF	-00300000	00	SGC	-00000000	00

EARTH	IS THE CENTRAL BODY FOR INTEGRATION
-------	-------------------------------------

0 DAYS 0 HRS. 0 MIN. 0.000 SECs.

JULIAN DATE 2437955-22483796

GEODETIC

X	-4166	-16	04	Y	-43299220	04
Z	-45739788	04	DEC	-2352307	02	
S	-45202188	04	LAT	-2352307	02	
NS	-13631670	09	V	-9522507	08	
SW	-56339411	05	YH	-34631499	06	
PT	-54339411	05	YT	-34631499	06	
EC	-136303628	09	VS	-29884651	02	
GED	-23996594	02	ALT	-19970331	03	
DN	-35000000	02	DL	-37064564	01	
DAC	-00000000	00	CC	-6202660	02	

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-26569325	04	DX	-46119556	01
Z	-31390027	03	V	-10541614	02
LDM	-27228211	02	VE	-1252425	02
ZS	-23989678	08	DAS	-1252425	02
ZW	-12624281	06	DRA	-10213763	01
ZT	-12624281	06	DXT	-18375549	00
AM	-37145001	06	VW	-10481593	01
LUS	-27541726	03	RAS	-20208933	03
UR	-31064564	00	SHA	-63258033	04
PCL	-18107482	03	ICL	-18107482	03

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41668170	04	Y	-43299220	06
Z	-45739788	04	DEC	-2352307	02
VM	-13264130	00	C3	-13267196	01
FA	-32823162	01	WTA	-00000000	00

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41668170	04	Y	-43299220	06
Z	-30452043	02	LAN	-43561547	02
MR	-50653143	00	MY	-43594680	01
DL	-42124644	00	QV	-71184786	00
WS	-62124670	00	BY	-71184789	00
WAB	-22220396	02	ABP	-31054011	03
BTQ	-57624082	05	BRQ	-21963649	05

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-26569325	04	DX	-66119556	01
Z	-34391971	02	V	-59934220	00
LDM	-34391971	02	VE	-59934220	00
ZS	-34391971	02	DAS	-23104475	00
ZW	-32752928	00	DRA	-75975109	00
ZT	-32752928	00	DXT	-6499026	00
AM	-61054881	05	VW	.33920143	03
LUS	-61054881	05	RAS	.33920143	03
UR	-61054881	05	SHA	.33920143	03
PCL	-18107482	03	ICL	-18107482	03

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41668170	04	Y	-43299220	06
Z	-45739788	04	DEC	-2352307	02
VM	-13264130	00	C3	-13267196	01
FA	-32823162	01	WTA	-00000000	00

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41668170	04	Y	-43299220	06
Z	-30452043	02	LAN	-43561547	02
MR	-50653143	00	MY	-43594680	01
DL	-42124644	00	QV	-71184786	00
WS	-62124670	00	BY	-71184789	00
WAB	-22220396	02	ABP	-31054011	03
BTQ	-57624082	05	BRQ	-21963649	05

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-26569325	04	DX	-5912868	01
Z	-22087161	02	V	-34223196	02
LDM	-22087161	02	VE	-34223196	02
ZS	-22087161	02	DAS	-22115920	08
ZW	-22087161	02	DRA	-22115920	08
ZT	-22087161	02	DXT	-22208929	02
AM	-22087161	02	VW	-22208929	02
LUS	-22087161	02	RAS	-22208929	02
UR	-22087161	02	SHA	-22208929	02
PCL	-18107482	03	ICL	-18107482	03

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41668170	04	Y	-43299220	06
Z	-45739788	04	DEC	-2352307	02
VM	-13264130	00	C3	-13267196	01
FA	-32823162	01	WTA	-00000000	00

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41668170	04	Y	-43299220	06
Z	-30452043	02	LAN	-43561547	02
MR	-50653143	00	MY	-43594680	01
DL	-42124644	00	QV	-71184786	00
WS	-62124670	00	BY	-71184789	00
WAB	-22220396	02	ABP	-31054011	03
BTQ	-57624082	05	BRQ	-21963649	05

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

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FA	-32823162	01	WTA	-00000000	00

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EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

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EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

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EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

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FA	-32823162	01	WTA	-00000000	00

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

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EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41668170	04	Y	-43299220	06
Z	-45739788	04	DEC	-2352307	02
VM	-13264130	00	C3	-13267196	01
FA	-32823162	01	WTA	-00000000	00

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41668170	04	Y	-43299220	06
Z	-45739788	04	DEC	-2352307	02
VM	-13264130	00	C3	-13267196	01
FA	-32823162	01	WTA	-00000000	00

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41668170	04	Y	-43299220	06
Z	-45739788	04	DEC	-2352307	02
VM	-13264130	00	C3	-13267196	01
FA	-32823162	01	WTA	-00000000	00

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41668170	04	Y	-43299220	06
Z	-45739788	04	DEC	-2352307	02
VM	-13264130	00	C3	-13267196	01
FA	-32823162	01	WTA	-00000000	00

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41668170	04	Y	-43299220	06
Z	-45739788	04	DEC	-2352307	02
VM	-13264130	00	C3	-13267196	01
FA	-32823162	01	WTA	-00000000	00

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41668170	04	Y	-43299220	06
Z	-45739788	04	DEC	-2352307	02
VM	-13264130	00	C3	-13267196	01
FA	-32823162	01	WTA	-00000000	00

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41668170	04	Y	-43299220	06
Z	-45739788	04	DEC	-2352307	02
VM	-13264130	00	C3	-13267196	01
FA	-32823162	01	WTA	-00000000	00

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41668170	04	Y	-43299220	06
Z	-45739788	04	DEC	-2352307	02
VM	-13264130	00	C3	-13267196	01
FA	-32823162	01	WTA	-00000000	00

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41668170	04	Y	-43299220	06
Z	-45739788	04	DEC	-2352307	02
VM	-13264130	00	C3	-13267196	01
FA	-32823162	01	WTA	-00000000	00

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41668170	04	Y	-43299220	06
Z	-45739788	04	DEC	-2352307	02
VM	-13264130	00	C3	-13267196	01
FA	-32823162	01	WTA	-00000000	00

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41668170	04	Y	-43299220	06
Z	-45739788	04	DEC	-2352307	02
VM	-13264130	00	C3	-13267196	01
FA	-32823162	01	WTA	-00000000	00

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41668170	04	Y	-43299220	06
Z	-45739788	04	DEC	-2352307	02
VM	-13264130	00	C3	-13267196	01
FA</					

CASE 1

SPACE TRAJECTORIES

2

GEOCENTRIC						EQUATORIAL COORDINATES					
X	-11258533.05	Y	.69027893.05	Z	.10136745.05	DX	-.13380188.01	DY	.26769325.01	DZ	.921468562.00
R	.82467327.01	RA	.95263444.02	V	.31455624.01	PTM	.71120235.02	A2	.60602947.02	A1	
DEC	.02467327.01	LON	.10359466.03	VE	.51828123.01	FTE	.35055590.02	AZE	.27676367.03		
LAT	.82467327.01	ZS	-.24167805.08	DXS	.412614908.02	DYS	-.24485282.02	D25	-.10278128.02		
RS	.70620772.05	ZH	.12853943.06	DWM	.10268546.01	DYM	.13949459.00	D24	-.13100130.00		
AS	-.13601091.09	LT	.12853943.06	OXT	.10268546.01	DYT	.13949459.00	D2T	-.13100130.00		
AM	-.13601091.09	VM	.35098397.06	VM	.10445336.01	KT	.375664920.06	WT	.10445336.01		
XT	.3749115.05	VS	.29886712.02	RW	.20226503.06	KAM	.83914666.02	LDM	.36255781.02		
RS	.16950460.09	LOS	.2059925.03	RAS	.20226503.03	NAM	.83914666.02				
GED	.8301516.01	DT	.29767086.01	SMA	.68552283.05	DES	.93314334.01	DE4	.20309713.02		
UWF	.35000000.02	MCL	.20000000.03	TCL	.22952418.03						
WAC	.00000000.00										

GEOCENTRIC COMMIC

EPOCH OF PERICENTER PASSAGE						ALL VECTORS REFERENCED TO EARTH EQUATOR PLANE					
ECC	.97720766.06	U	.61163405.05	SLR	.12984280.35	APD	.56966236.06	RCA	.65669803.04		
SMA	.28814466.06	C1	.71941473.05	TFP	.46548252.05	LF	-.35146323.02	SEA	.25451118.03		
VM	.12622791.00	EA	.39373642.02	MA	.38707672.01	C3J	-.17575449.01	TFI	.45872222.01		
TA	.14664813.03										
JULIAN DATE						ALL VECTORS REFERENCED TO EARTH EQUATOR PLANE					
X	-11258533.05	Y	.69027893.05	Z	.10136745.05	DX	-.13390188.01	DY	.26960025.01	DZ	.921468562.00
INC	.30432894.02	LIN	.22990202.03	MX	.84456319.30	RY	-.20973569.00	MZ	.48578227.00		
ME	.50452797.00	NY	-.44321844.01	M2	.66223006.00	PX	.59958421.00	PY	-.19058345.00	PZ	-.38268219.00
GK	.62121154.00	QV	.71219271.00	Q2	-.32692143.00	RX	-.25156128.00	RY	.29393641.00	RZ	-.92212737.00
BX	-.62121159.09	SV	.71219276.00	H2	.32692145.00	TX	-.75974708.00	TY	-.65021671.00	TZ	-.00000030.00
DAP	-.2760999.02	SAP	.31058809.03	B	.61163605.05	THA	-.33923537.03				
HTO	.57190520.05	BKO	-.216884244.05								

HELIOPCENTRIC

HELIOPCENTRIC						EQUATORIAL COORDINATES					
X	.13609785.09	Y	.55802755.08	Z	.24177941.08	DX	-.13952927.02	DY	-.27551630.02	DZ	-.11498613.02
R	-.14906759.09	LAT	.93362261.01	LDN	.22295881.02	PTM	-.91508142.00	A2	.60196131.02	A1	
ME	-.13610911.09	YE	-.5573327.08	ZE	.24167005.08	V	.33052710.02				
X1	.13614653.09	VT	.56084711.08	ZT	.24296344.08	DYE	-.12614908.02	D1E	.24657828.02	D1	
ALIE	-.93314334.01	LOE	-.22268037.02	LIT	.93696146.01	DXT	-.13641763.02	D1T	.24997322.02	D1	
LPS	.75909232.02	SEP	-.25217635.-01	LTW	.22388907.02	LGT	-.22388907.02	RST	-.16223201.09	MSL	-.30495453.02
APS	-.1.312008.03	MSP	-.10014048.00	SMP	-.56780350.02	LMP	-.15605085.03	EME	-.42491939.01	MEP	-.18849495.02
LPT	.1580585.03	EIP	-.42491939.01	TGP	.10946498.02	SEM	-.14972378.03	FSP	-.10014048.00	STP	-.56700350.02
SET	.11972376.03	STE	.60150972.02	EST	-.12530987.00	RPM	-.30963177.06	RPT	-.30963177.06	SPM	-.7031271.02
GCE	-.11934197.03	SCT	.28475720.03	SIP	-.12279849.03	CPT	-.76372398.02	SIN	-.76050815.02	D1	-.16388235.00
REP	-.20620773.05	VEP	.31459624.01	CPE	.31900640.03	CPS	-.92355623.03	CP2	-.92494424.03	CP3	-.14698025.03

CONTENTS OF TAPE B7 WILL BE DESTROYED • PRESS START TO CONTINUE

ITERATION NUMBER 1										
J MATRIX			K MATRIX							
X	Y	Z	DX	DY	DZ	KX	KY	KZ	R104A	
X .39600139 05 - .937766664 05 -.27038500 05 -.46964901 08 -.552276757 08 -.22955260 08 -.90956375 03 -.29998991 20 -.15310865 34	Y -.39716646 05 -.43703537 05 .21128650 05 -.47122216 08 -.55886057 08 .2145063 08 .91996112 03 -.30496310 30 .10590063 04	Z -.27038500 05 .27128650 05 .18536771 05 -.32234617 08 -.38041208 08 .1429419 08 .6223356 03 -.2019409 20 .1125079 04	DX .46964901 08 -.47122316 08 -.32234417 08 .56074601 11 -.66239954 11 -.25577936 11 -.1081931 07 -.3504090 33 -.29866475 07	DY -.552276757 08 -.55886057 08 -.38041208 08 .66239954 11 .7869551 11 -.38015879 11 .12803180 07 .41269389 23 -.23537380 07	DZ -.23955260 08 .2415063 03 .16429419 08 -.25777936 11 -.38151879 11 .1585199 11 .5301321 06 .1800573 23 .9034275 06	KX -.90956375 03 .91996112 03 .62233586 03 -.10819381 07 -.12803180 07 .5301321 06 .21118360 02 -.69992279 02 .3029629 02	KY .29998991 06 -.30496310 00 -.20198409 00 .35044090 03 .41299389 03 -.18060573 03 -.69902279 02 .10000286 30 -.43398644 02	KZ .15310865 04 .15960063 04 .11125079 04 -.20886415 07 .23533380 07 .90034275 06 .33329629 02 .44538644 22 .12533967 04	R104A .16776758 06 .16168826 06 .12673398 06 -.22255631 09 -.26758232 09 .19963763 09 .38300356 04 -.66628692 30 .40086838 05	.101041 .92362382 05 -.96136448 05 -.49775867 05 .79468627 05 .18073296 05 .16929782 07 .101041 .16929782 07 .27998113 07 .400233658 30 -.482233658 30 -.17955220 04 -.41798110 08 -.73460110 08 -.41798107 08 -.41798107 08 -.41798107 08 -.41798107 08 -.41798107 08 -.41798107 08
LA(0:-1) L0104A										
X -.16776758 06 .92362389 05	Y -.14168826 06 -.98136468 05	Z -.12623398 06 -.49775867 05	DX .22556311 09 .79468627 08	DY .26758232 09 .73460110 08	DZ .10963763 09 -.41798107 08	KX .38300356 04 -.17955220 04	KY .66628692 00 .89233658 00	KZ .101041 .03686838 05 .18073296 05	LAI041 .33640872 07 .16929782 07 .101041 .16929782 07 .27998113 07	

CORRELATIONS BASED ON J MATRIX

ITERATION NUMBER

X	Y	Z	L	DX	DY	DZ	RX	RY	RZ	K1(04)
X -1.0000000 01	-.99796937 00	.99796937 00	-.99664816 00	-.99019501 00	.99671342 00	.99461646 00	-.47617156 -02	.19697728 00		
Y -.99796935 00	-.13000000 01	-.98763181 00	.98634184 00	.98147154 00	-.91225530 00	.91225530 00	.47707678 -02	-.13439755 03		
Z -.99796937 00	-.93763131 00	-.10000000 01	.97993151 00	.99300016 00	-.9919213 00	-.92666926 00	.46913071 -02	-.22443951 00		
DX -.99796836 00	-.99634184 00	.99634184 00	-.10000000 01	-.9914524 00	-.9914524 00	.9929011 00	-.9929011 00	-.2553483 00		
DY -.92014501 00	-.98743134 00	.98743134 00	-.90714524 00	-.10013000 01	.9912897 00	.99318123 00	-.66564997 -02	.23482714 00		
DZ .07	-.99671322 00	-.93015992 00	-.9919213 00	-.9922011 00	.9912897 00	-.10003600 01	.47289977 -02	-.2784072 00		
RX -.99671322 00	-.93015992 00	-.9919213 00	-.9922011 00	.9912897 00	-.10003600 01	.99643560 01	-.10000000 01	.48101098 -02	.16462739 00	
RY -.99664816 00	-.91225530 00	-.99465696 00	.99425381 00	.99318523 00	-.39643569 00	-.10000000 01	.48101098 -02	.16462739 00		
RZ -.47617156 -02	-.47799718 -02	-.46913071 -02	-.46797600 -02	-.465642997 -02	.57269977 -02	.49101098 -02	-.10000000 01	.36109734 -03		
B1(04) 1.9699728 00	-.13639755 00	-.12047951 00	-.22583483 00	-.21982714 00	-.20784072 00	-.1842739 00	-.10500000 01	.36109734 -03		
L1(04) 4.5966872 00	-.33289895 00	-.50750745 00	.51933950 00	.52035100 00	-.59435970 00	-.45439961 00	.11481391 -02	-.55597916 00		
L1(04) -2.21238465 00	-.23016417 00	.21d43295 00	-.20056181 00	-.15649820 00	.20684370 00	.23350294 00	-.16861902 -02	-.2765522 00		

ODP SAMPLE OUTPUT LISTING

ITERATION NUMBER	1	EPUCH 62/10/17 112346.000	CLOCK 22350	SOS 14447 60	USUS 14442 00	NOMINAL Q	SG (NOM)
Q	D _{in}	STATE/Q	QLO Q	NEW Q			
X	-72134165-01	*35672513 01	*416668173 01	*61667451 04	*61668173 04	-72169554-21	
2	*.059573-01	*23840290 01	*42799222 04	*4329427 04	*4329222 04	*20366848-31	
Z	*37167998-01	*28833543 01	*25569326 04	*25568954 04	*25569326 04	*37170410-11	
OK	*79531815-04	*89288886-22	*60119558 01	*60120353 01	*60119558 01	*79512595-34	
OV	*52665516-04	*6011352-J2	*80167139 01	*80166611 01	*80167139 01	*7260506-34	
D2	*9194932-04	*23079110-04	*36633899 01	*36634818 01	*36633899 01	*91669765-34	
Kt	*20062539-02	*31599788 01	*39860320 06	*39860320 06	*39860320 06	*00000000 00	
EN	*22767755-04	*31622774 01	*49027779 04	*49027779 04	*49027779 04	*00000000 00	
STA 4							
R1	*36656867-05	*31621986-01	*63725297 04	*63725297 04	*63725297 04	*00000000 00	
LA	*33818576-04	*2647406-01	*31210140 02	*31210173 02	*31210140 02	*33617020-34	
LD	*66138746-04	*20115321-01	*13668502 03	*13668502 03	*13668502 03	*64649854-34	

J INVERSE ITERATION NUMBER 1

	X	Y	Z	DX	DY	DZ	AE.	ER.	ER.	All(04)
X	.12725282 02	.59629142 01	-14501103 01	-115765095-01	-12211473-01	-11493821-02	-16496739 00	-53641469-02	-65881810-06	
Y	.59629142 01	.56835979 01	-19983685 01	-97780287-02	-9502131-02	-9571350-02	.89528815-01	-1507631-02	-4272443-03	
Z	.14501103 01	-.19982685 01	.8313321 01	-.43816152-03	-.23795955-02	-.05857459-02	.35788669 00	-.48965614-22	-.79979233-03	
D1	-.15763095-01	-.97780287-02	-.43816152-03	-.2390359-04	-.17858136-04	-.02481451-05	-.4934455-05	-.10749084-05	-.1863053-05	
D2	-.71493821-02	-.92502131-02	-.23795955-02	-.17559136-04	-.16090945-04	-.9874689-05	-.6939831-04	-.33036053-25	-.15348440-06	
D3	-.16496739 00	-.49571150-02	-.9585459-02	-.42481453-05	-.98146895-05	-.2817920-04	-.52354085-03	-.61311427-25	-.98037244-06	
K1	-.53641469-02	-.15079631-02	-.48963414-02	-.43786669 00	-.69698931-04	-.23540881-03	-.99854659 01	-.60607528-34	-.22524264-04	
K2	-.113641810-04	-.42724343-03	-.7997233-03	-.18630933-06	-.1548640-06	-.33038053-05	-.61311427-05	-.60607528-04	-.22524264-04	
L1(04)	-.20913241-01	-.19507423-01	-.63539552-01	-.26208882-04	-.19608282-04	-.56411956-04	-.1930332-02	-.3613071-03	-.99999984 31	
L2(04)	-.20913241-01	-.19507423-01	-.63539552-01	-.26208882-04	-.19608282-04	-.56411956-04	-.1930332-02	-.3613071-03	-.99999984 31	
L3(04)	-.61498851-01	-.6408-05-01	-.34372521-03	-.12075471-03	-.99387927-04	-.70493423-05	-.193921378-03	-.53081921-35	-.363461208-06	
L4(04) LD041 LD041										

COVARIANCE MATRIX OF ESTIMATED PARAMETERS

	X	Y	Z	DX	DY	DZ	KE	KW	LA1041
X	.12725282 .02	.53629142 .01	.145011C3 .01	-.15763095-.01	.12211473-.01	.71493821-.02	.16496739 .00	-.536641669-.02	.65801810-.04
Y	.59629162 .01	.56035579 .01	-.19922685 .01	-.97780281-.02	.92502331-.02	.49511350-.02	.89128815-.01	-.15019631-.32	.4272343-.01
Z	.14501103 .01	.13982685 .01	.831173-.1 .01	-.6816152-.03	-.2379525-.02	-.95851459-.02	.35188669 .00	-.896544-.02	.7997233-.03
DX	-.15763095-.01	-.97780281-.02	-.43816152-.03	.29940359-.04	.17950136-.04	.62481653-.05	.49344565-.05	.10749086-.05	.18620933-.06
DY	.12211473-.01	.92502331-.02	-.23795255-.02	-.17A59136-.04	.16070945-.04	.98766895-.05	.697388931-.04	-.33034033-.25	.15366640-.06
DZ	.71493821-.02	.49511350-.02	-.95851459-.02	-.42481653-.05	.98746895-.05	.28171920-.04	-.52154085-.03	-.61311427-.35	.98081244-.06
KE	.16496739 .00	.89528815-.01	-.49344565-.05	.69598931-.04	.52356305-.03	.99856659 .01	.60607528-.04	.22522264-.06	
KW	-.536641669-.02	-.15079631-.02	-.48965416-.02	-.10470844-.05	-.33038033-.05	-.61311427-.05	.60607528-.04	.99999986 .01	-.12598109-.06
RI1041	.59881810-.04	.42724443-.03	-.79979233-.03	.18630233-.06	.15348840-.06	.98081244-.06	.22522264-.06	-.12598109-.26	.99999001-.03
LA104-	.092132261-.01	.19507623-.01	-.63539552-.01	.26308882-.04	.19603282-.04	.96411956-.04	.1903332-.02	-.11189225-.34	-.36131071-.05
LA1041	.61498851-.01	.6608206-.01	.3437521-.03	.12075471-.03	.99387927-.03	.90463425-.05	-.19392378-.03	.53081921-.35	-.34361208-.06

LA1041 LA041

X	-209913241-.01	.61498851-.01
Y	.19507623-.01	.64082206-.01
Z	-.63539552-.01	.3437321-.03
DX	-.22206882-.04	-.12075471-.03
DY	.19603282-.04	.99387927-.04
DZ	.96411956-.04	-.93493425-.05
KE	.1930332-.02	-.19392318-.03
KW	-.11189225-.04	.53081921-.05
RL04-	-.36132071-.05	-.34361208-.06
LA1041	.70387627-.03	.2684524-.05
LA1041	.26845214-.05	.90463420-.03

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CORRELATION MATRIX OF ESTIMATED PARAMETERS

ITERATION NUMBER 1

	X	Y	Z	DX	DY	DZ	KE	KN	ALLDA
X	.999999999 00	.73115361 00	.14098383 00	-.90311374 00	.85338216 00	.37758189 00	.14634578 01	-.47551981 03	.58406008-03
Y	.70115261 00	.99999999 00	-.20699491 00	-.83825142 00	.9672347 00	.3913776 00	.1864119-01	-.20002261-03	.56632785-02
Z	.16098343 00	-.27069941 00	.10000000C0 01	-.31057016-01	-.20573792 00	-.62633151 00	.53702122-03	-.53702122-03	-.87738216-02
DX	-.96311374 00	-.8388-142 00	-.31057814-01	.10000000 01	-.90987142 00	-.16357256 00	.31914630-03	.69471418-04	.1201487-02
DY	.85338216 00	.9577347 00	-.25573792 00	-.90987142 00	-.10000000 01	.46317681 00	.54312531-02	-.26046340-03	.1200128-02
DZ	.37758189 00	.39123776 00	-.62633151 00	-.16357256 00	-.63377681 00	.10000000 01	.36522321-01	-.36522321-03	.58638592-02
KE	.14634578-01	.11884119-01	.310579266-01	.310579266-01	.54512534-02	.31213522-01	.10000000 01	.60651624-25	.22561214-03
KN	-.47551981-03	-.23062261-03	-.53702122-03	-.69471418-04	-.26046340-03	.60651624-05	.10000000 01	-.12538425-05	.12538425-05
RI(04)-.58406008-03	.55662785-02	-.87116277-02	-.12041497-02	-.12041497-02	.58638592-02	.62541216-03	-.12538425-05	.10000000 01	.10000000 01
LA(04)-.22144555 00	.35980877 00	-.81238731 00	.20233103 00	.18454097 00	.82272618 00	.68609866 00	.18464097 00	.68609866 00	.23974241-01
LA(04)-.572460861 00	.89256448 00	-.39585714-02	-.819530425 00	-.819530425 00	-.82272618 00	-.82272618 00	-.56601655-01	-.56601655-01	-.20371891-02
LA(04)	L01041	L01041							
X	-.22144555 00	.57246081 00							
Y	-.30908077 00	-.83256448 00							
Z	-.83238721 00	-.39555714-02							
DX	-.20233103 00	-.81238731 00							
DY	.18454097 00	.82272618 00							
DZ	.68609866 00	.56601655-01							
KE	-.23074241-01	-.23074241-01							
KN	-.13365319-03	-.5573694-04							
RI(04)-.43166313-02	-.36080205-03								
LA(04)-.99999998 00	.31162660-02								
LA(04)-.31162660-02	.10300000 01								

STATION NUMBER	4	62/10/17	ITERATION NUMBER	1	PASS NUMBER	000000	HA	PAGE
TIME	TC	Q	FREQ	R	DEC			
174000	1	4	8215.0	57619011	06	-467.00	-0116	-73081727.02
174500	1	4	8215.0	-64200389	04	-452.00	-0091	-50815342.02
175000	1	4	8215.0	-76198391	04	-450.00	-0070	-50384111.02
175500	1	4	8215.0	-90120253	04	-453.00	-0008	-25324620.02
180000	-1	4	8215.0	-10622741	03	-449.00	-0065	-18669922.02
183500	1	4	8215.0	-122900407	05	-449.00	-0029	-1612577.02
184000	1	4	8215.0	-1377210	03	-449.00	-0039	-10980196.02
184500	1	4	8215.0	-15323532	05	-449.00	-0088	-87088916.01
185000	1	4	8215.0	-16867760	05	-449.00	-0085	-71062342.01
185500	1	4	8215.0	-18342486	05	-449.00	-0016	-22235397.01
186000	-1	4	8215.0	-19807442	05	-450.00	-0010	-52976095.01
1893500	-1	4	8215.0	-21243322	05	-450.00	-0005	-29105107.01
189500	-1	4	8215.0	-22651310	05	-450.00	-0013	-35217847.01
189600	1	4	8215.0	-24032804	05	-450.00	-0054	-46705649.01
189700	1	4	8215.0	-25389220	05	-450.00	-0105	-68015605.01
189800	1	4	8215.0	-26722119	05	-450.00	-0049	-50192498.01
189900	1	4	8215.0	-28032768	05	-450.00	-0042	-54350623.01
190530	1	4	8215.0	-29322512	05	-450.00	-0042	-58150623.01
191000	1	4	8215.0	-30592577	05	-450.00	-0007	-64958913.01
191500	1	4	8215.0	-31644102	05	-450.00	-0054	-64670502.01
192000	1	4	8215.0	-33078147	05	-450.00	-0023	-70824672.01
192500	1	4	8215.0	-3429563	05	-450.00	-0049	-7496906.01
193000	1	4	8215.0	-35497645	05	-450.00	-0025	-76079681.01
193500	1	4	8215.0	-36684848	05	-450.00	-0023	-78458524.01
194000	1	4	8215.0	-37858080	05	-450.00	-0063	-80765453.01
194500	1	4	8215.0	-39018066	05	-450.00	-0027	-68015605.01
195000	1	4	8215.0	-40164547	05	-450.00	-0015	-68454738.01
195500	1	4	8215.0	-41300940	05	-450.00	-0073	-6877739C97.01
200000	-1	4	8215.0	-4245035	05	-450.00	-0078	-86260630.01
200500	1	4	8215.0	-43538306	05	-450.00	-0049	-96341910.01
201000	1	4	8215.0	-46651200	05	-450.00	-0059	-92003991.01
201500	1	4	8215.0	-45734310	05	-451.00	-0034	-93592465.01
202000	-1	4	8215.0	-46819078	05	-451.00	-0034	-95112465.01
202500	1	4	8215.0	-47892800	05	-451.00	-0005	-95568436.01
203000	-1	4	8215.0	-482110	05	-451.00	-0013	-97984573.01
203500	1	4	8215.0	-50016815	05	-451.00	-0024	-98304586.01
204000	1	4	8215.0	-51066820	05	-451.00	-0005	-10209190.02
204500	1	4	8215.0	-52109251	05	-451.00	-0005	-103182964.02
205000	1	4	8215.0	-53146445	05	-451.00	-0008	-10302067.02
205500	1	4	8215.0	-54172616	05	-451.00	-0024	-10416759.02
210000	-1	4	8215.0	-55196101	05	-451.00	-0029	-10527285.02
210500	1	4	8215.0	-56209130	05	-451.00	-0026	-10623386.02
211000	1	4	8215.0	-57217945	05	-452.00	-0034	-10736703.02
211500	1	4	8215.0	-58226712	05	-452.00	-0063	-10835594.02
212000	-1	4	8215.0	-59217823	05	-452.00	-0064	-10931912.02
212500	1	4	8215.0	-60209300	05	-452.00	-0015	-11024623.02
213000	-1	4	8215.0	-6119396	05	-452.00	-0036	-11114279.02
213500	1	4	8215.0	-62176291	05	-452.00	-0039	-11201023.02
214000	1	4	8215.0	-63152151	05	-452.00	-0000	-11284990.02
214500	-1	4	8215.0	-64121413	05	-453.00	-0093	-11366301.02
215000	1	4	8215.0	-65089421	05	-453.00	-0015	-1145079.02
215500	1	4	8215.0	-66051126	05	-453.00	-0049	-11521427.02

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TIME	IC	Q	FRQ	CC3	STATION NUMBER	4	62/10/17	ITERATION NUMBER	1	PASS NUMBER	000000	PAGE
174000	1	4	8215.0	-10561253	06	-467	00	-0166				
174500	1	4	8215.0	-12111962	06	-452	00	-0233				
175000	1	4	8215.0	-12908878	06	-450	00	-0010				
175500	1	4	8215.0	-13244482	06	-450	00	-0059				
180000	1	4	8215.0	-13358869	06	-449	00	-0039				
180500	1	4	8215.0	-13365663	06	-449	00	-0039				
181000	1	4	8215.0	-13332236	06	-449	00	-0449				
181500	1	4	8215.0	-13268291	06	-449	00	-0176				
182000	1	4	8215.0	-13228941	06	-449	00	-0176				
182500	1	4	8215.0	-13158226	06	-449	00	-0078				
183000	1	4	8215.0	-13098166	06	-450	00	-0195				
183500	1	4	8215.0	-13038245	06	-450	00	-0018				
184000	1	4	8215.0	-12971648	06	-450	00	-0098				
184500	1	4	8215.0	-12922134	06	-450	00	-0322				
185000	1	4	8215.0	-12870234	06	-450	00	-0098				
185500	1	4	8215.0	-1282360	06	-450	00	-0264				
186000	1	4	8215.0	-12775365	06	-450	00	-0039				
186500	1	4	8215.0	-12732074	06	-450	00	-0107				
187000	1	4	8215.0	-12691308	06	-450	00	-0000				
187500	1	4	8215.0	-12653886	06	-450	00	-0020				
188000	1	4	8215.0	-12616639	06	-450	00	-0313				
188500	1	4	8215.0	-12582406	06	-450	00	-0195				
189000	1	4	8215.0	-12550039	06	-450	00	-0088				
189500	1	4	8215.0	-12518402	06	-450	00	-0039				
190000	1	4	8215.0	-12490367	06	-450	00	-0020				
190500	1	4	8215.0	-1246822	06	-450	00	-0127				
191000	1	4	8215.0	-12438661	06	-450	00	-0166				
191500	1	4	8215.0	-1241787	06	-450	00	-0225				
192000	1	4	8215.0	-12388122	06	-450	00	-0303				
192500	1	4	8215.0	-12363557	06	-450	00	-0234				
193000	1	4	8215.0	-12346046	06	-450	00	-033				
193500	1	4	8215.0	-12323512	06	-451	00	-0098				
194000	1	4	8215.0	-12303894	06	-451	00	-0449				
194500	1	4	8215.0	-12288132	06	-451	00	-0088				
195000	1	4	8215.0	-12261715	06	-451	00	-0244				
195500	1	4	8215.0	-12249972	06	-451	00	-0059				
196000	1	4	8215.0	-12233979	06	-451	00	-0020				
196500	1	4	8215.0	-12216754	06	-451	00	-0186				
197000	1	4	8215.0	-12202658	06	-452	00	-0215				
197500	1	4	8215.0	-12187853	06	-451	00	-0000				
198000	1	4	8215.0	-12173807	06	-451	00	-0029				
198500	1	4	8215.0	-12160287	06	-451	00	-0127				
199000	1	4	8215.0	-1214265	06	-452	00	-0273				
199500	1	4	8215.0	-1213712	06	-452	00	-0195				
200000	1	4	8215.0	-12122602	06	-452	00	-0098				
200500	1	4	8215.0	-12110912	06	-452	00	-0225				
201000	1	4	8215.0	-12098617	06	-452	00	-0234				
201500	1	4	8215.0	-12088698	06	-452	00	-0020				
202000	1	4	8215.0	-1207132	06	-452	00	-0371				
202500	1	4	8215.0	-12063903	06	-453	00	-0068				
203000	1	4	8215.0	-12051990	06	-453	00	-0254				
203500	1	4	8215.0	-12048377	06	-453	00	-0234				

DATA STATISTICS						STATION 4						ITERATION 1					
PASS	DATA TYPE	BEGINNING TIME	END TIME	NUMBER OF POINTS	STD DEV	RMS	FIRST MOMENT	SECOND MOMENT	PASS	DATA TYPE	BEGINNING TIME	END TIME	NUMBER OF POINTS	STD DEV	RMS	FIRST MOMENT	SECOND MOMENT
000000	CC3	10/17-174000	10/17-215500	52	.194-01	.195-01	-.244-02	.381-03	-	MA	10/17-174000	10/17-215500	52	.817-02	.857-02	-.258-02	.734-04
-	DEL	10/17-174000	10/17-215500	52	.908-02	.911-02	-.807-03	.630-04	-	R	10/17-174000	10/17-215500	52	.540-02	.540-02	-.121-03	.292-04

JPL Technical Memorandum No. 33-168

ITERATION 1 GENERATED 15 PLOTS.

L27

60

OFFLINE CONTROL
KEY(+) KEY(S)
END DATA

EPHemeris TAPE III WITH SATURN.

B-8 15

GME	.39860320	06	J	-16234500	02	H	-57499999	05	D	-78749999	05	Rt	-63781650	04	AEM	-63783254	04
G	.66709928	19	A	.88882497	19	B	.88880499	29	C	.88837996	29	ONE	.41780741	02	AU	.14999900	09
GME	.49027779	06	SMS	.13271544	12	GME	.32476952	06	GMA	.42977799	05	GMC	.37916700	08	GAJ	.1267062	09

INJECTION CONDITIONS

NOON

XO	*41667451	04	YO	-432999627	04	ZO	-26568956	04	XO	-66120353	01	DO	-80166411	01	OZO	-34634818	01
GME	.03000000	00	SOC	.00000000	10	TO	.62626000	05	GMA	.28667206	03	GHD	.25016000	02			
CARTESIAN			EARTH	IS THE CENTRAL BODY FOR INTEGRATION													

0 DAYS 0 HRS. 0 MIN. 0.000 SEC.

JULIAN DATE 2437955.22483196

GEOCENTRIC

X	-41667449	04	Y	-43299425	04	Z	-26568953	04	DX	-86120351	01	DY	-80166608	01	DZ	-34634817	01
R	.65703316	06	DEC	-23852134	02	RA	.31389964	03	Y	.10953609	02	PY	.16251692	01	AZ	.10947026	03
R	.55703315	06	LAT	-23852135	02	LON	.27227579	02	VE	.10541656	02	PIE	.16384694	01	AIE	.11026449	03
XB	-13631670	09	YS	-55323507	08	ZS	-23989978	08	DTS	.12526825	02	DYS	.-24894045	02	DZS	.-1079361	02
XB	-54833461	05	YM	34831499	06	ZM	-12624281	06	DAM	.-10213736	01	DWM	.18375569	00	DZM	.16711133	00
XF	-54334411	05	YT	34831499	06	ZT	-12624281	06	DAT	.-10213763	01	DVT	.18375569	00	DZT	.16711133	00
XF	-14905828	09	VS	37488451	02	RM	.10481501	06	VM	.10481501	01	RT	.37465001	06	VIT	.10481503	01
VS	-23996381	02	ALT	19565607	03	LOS	.2754726	03	RAS	.20208933	03	RAN	.81133758	02	LOM	.15446169	03
GED	-23996381	02	DUL	.37500000	01	DR	.31050527	00	SMA	.62572736	04	DES	.92615554	01	DSE	.18202832	02
DAC	.00000000	00	CCL	.82502306	02	MCL	.18107476	03	TCL	.18107476	03						

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41667449	04	Y	-43299425	04	Z	-26568953	04	DX	-86120351	01	DY	-80166608	01	DZ	-34634817	01
R	.65703316	06	DEC	-23852134	02	RA	.31389964	03	Y	.10953609	02	PY	.16251692	01	AZ	.10947026	03
R	.55703315	06	LAT	-23852135	02	LON	.27227579	02	VE	.10541656	02	PIE	.16384694	01	AIE	.11026449	03
XB	-13631670	09	YS	-55323507	08	ZS	-23989978	08	DTS	.12526825	02	DYS	.-24894045	02	DZS	.-1079361	02
XB	-54833461	05	YM	34831499	06	ZM	-12624281	06	DAM	.-10213736	01	DWM	.18375569	00	DZM	.16711133	00
XF	-54334411	05	YT	34831499	06	ZT	-12624281	06	DAT	.-10213763	01	DVT	.18375569	00	DZT	.16711133	00
XF	-14905828	09	VS	37488451	02	RM	.10481501	06	VM	.10481501	01	RT	.37465001	06	VIT	.10481503	01
VS	-23996381	02	ALT	19565607	03	LOS	.2754726	03	RAS	.20208933	03	RAN	.81133758	02	LOM	.15446169	03
GED	-23996381	02	DUL	.37500000	01	DR	.31050527	00	SMA	.62572736	04	DES	.92615554	01	DSE	.18202832	02
DAC	.00000000	00	CCL	.82502306	02	MCL	.18107476	03	TCL	.18107476	03						

GEOCENTRIC CONIC

X	-41667449	04	Y	-43299425	04	Z	-26568953	04	DX	-86120351	01	DY	-80166608	01	DZ	-34634817	01
R	.65703316	06	DEC	-23852134	02	RA	.31389964	03	Y	.10953609	02	PY	.16251692	01	AZ	.10947026	03
R	.55703315	06	LAT	-23852135	02	LON	.27227579	02	VE	.10541656	02	PIE	.16384694	01	AIE	.11026449	03
XB	-13631670	09	YS	-55323507	08	ZS	-23989978	08	DTS	.12526825	02	DYS	.-24894045	02	DZS	.-1079361	02
XB	-54833461	05	YM	34831499	06	ZM	-12624281	06	DAM	.-10213736	01	DWM	.18375569	00	DZM	.16711133	00
XF	-54334411	05	YT	34831499	06	ZT	-12624281	06	DAT	.-10213763	01	DVT	.18375569	00	DZT	.16711133	00
XF	-14905828	09	VS	37488451	02	RM	.10481501	06	VM	.10481501	01	RT	.37465001	06	VIT	.10481503	01
VS	-23996381	02	ALT	19565607	03	LOS	.2754726	03	RAS	.20208933	03	RAN	.81133758	02	LOM	.15446169	03
GED	-23996381	02	DUL	.37500000	01	DR	.31050527	00	SMA	.62572736	04	DES	.92615554	01	DSE	.18202832	02
DAC	.00000000	00	CCL	.82502306	02	MCL	.18107476	03	TCL	.18107476	03						

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41667449	04	Y	-43299425	04	Z	-26568953	04	DX	-86120351	01	DY	-80166608	01	DZ	-34634817	01
R	.65703316	06	DEC	-23852134	02	RA	.31389964	03	Y	.10953609	02	PY	.16251692	01	AZ	.10947026	03
R	.55703315	06	LAT	-23852135	02	LON	.27227579	02	VE	.10541656	02	PIE	.16384694	01	AIE	.11026449	03
XB	-13631670	09	YS	-55323507	08	ZS	-23989978	08	DTS	.12526825	02	DYS	.-24894045	02	DZS	.-1079361	02
XB	-54833461	05	YM	34831499	06	ZM	-12624281	06	DAM	.-10213736	01	DWM	.18375569	00	DZM	.16711133	00
XF	-54334411	05	YT	34831499	06	ZT	-12624281	06	DAT	.-10213763	01	DVT	.18375569	00	DZT	.16711133	00
XF	-14905828	09	VS	37488451	02	RM	.10481501	06	VM	.10481501	01	RT	.37465001	06	VIT	.10481503	01
VS	-23996381	02	ALT	19565607	03	LOS	.2754726	03	RAS	.20208933	03	RAN	.81133758	02	LOM	.15446169	03
GED	-23996381	02	DUL	.37500000	01	DR	.31050527	00	SMA	.62572736	04	DES	.92615554	01	DSE	.18202832	02
DAC	.00000000	00	CCL	.82502306	02	MCL	.18107476	03	TCL	.18107476	03						

HELIOPERICENTRIC

X	-41667449	04	Y	-43299425	04	Z	-26568953	04	DX	-86120351	01	DY	-80166608	01	DZ	-34634817	01
INC	.30625223	02	LAN	.85096181	03	APF	.22970093	03	Y	.58580980	00	PY	.59934371	00	AZ	.30498484	00
MX	.50453373	03	YE	-43592589	01	W	.86222908	00	PX	.59934379	00	PY	-.70698764	00	AIE	.30498484	00
OX	-62129194	00	QV	.71183986	00	QZ	.32753666	00	RX	.25103895	00	RV	.29351953	00	DZL	.30330327	00
DX	-62129197	01	BY	.71183987	00	Q2	.32753670	00	RY	.75999865	00	RV	-.64997119	00	DTL	.00000000	00
DA	-22720176	02	RAP	.31053943	03	Q3	.61856402	05	RT	.33920098	03	THA	.33920098	03			
SIQ	.57723104	05	BRO	-.21963806	05	Q5											
EPS	.74315923	02	ESP	.27653512	18	SEP	.10568164	03	EPN	.48194900	02	EMP	.48194900	02	EMN	.57723179	02
IPS	.12124211	03	NSP	-.12124322	00	TEP	.59491001	02	SEN	.12215462	03	DSN	.12215462	03	DSH	.31214582	00
EPT	.448154580	02	ETP	-.74896354	03	EST	.13104646	03	TPS	.12142411	03	SPN	.12413322	00	SPD	-.38451805	02
SET	.112215462	03	SIE	.57723479	02	SIP	.12176582	00	RPM	.37880123	06	RPT	.37880123	06	SPN	-.17884430	01
ECF	.227262949	03	SCJ	-.28189613	03	SIP	-.12114623	03	CPT	.73566404	02	SIN	.73309820	03	SDA	.33774420	00
REP	.65703316	04	VEP	.10953609	02	CPE	.83413894	02	CPS	.92294602	02	CPT	.72300917	01			

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

X	-41667449	04	Y	-43299425	04	Z	-26568953	04	DX	-86120351	01	DY	-80166608	01	DZ	-34634817	01
R	.65703316	06	DEC	-23852134	02	RA	.31389964	03	Y	.10953609	02	PY	.16251692	01	AZ	.10947026	03
R	.55703315	06	LAT	-23852135	02	LON	.27227579	02	VE	.10541656	02	PIE	.16384694	01	AIE	.11026449	03
XB	-13631670	09	YS	-55323507	08	ZS	-23989978	08	DTS	.12526825	02	DYS	.-24894045	02	DZS	.-1079361	02
XB	-54833461	05	YM	34831499	06	ZM	-12624281	06	DAM	.-10213736	01	DWM	.18375569	00	DZM	.16711133	00
XF	-54334411	05	YT	34831499	06	ZT	-12624281	06	DAT	.-10213763	01	DVT	.18375569	00	DZT	.16711133	00
XF	-14905828	09	VS	37488451	02	RM	.10481501	06	VM	.10481501	01	RT	.37465001	06	VIT	.10481503	01
VS	-23996381	02	ALT	19565607	03	LOS	.2754726	03	RAS	.20208933	03	RAN	.81133758	02	LOM	.15446169	03
GED	-23996381	02	DUL	.37500000	01	DR	.31050527	00	SMA	.62572736	04	DES	.92615554	01	DSE	.18202832	02
DAC	.00000000</td																

CASE 1

SPACE TRAJECTORIES

2

GEOCENTRIC		EQUATORIAL COORDINATES											
X	-17463623.05	Y	.29296706 .06	Z	.11894276 .06	DX	-.55244588 .00	DY	-.6739796 .00	DZ	.40237213 .00		
R	.36121108 .06	DEC	.1922503 .02	PA	-.12079896 .03	V	-.95986649 .00	PTM	-.0329239 .02	AZ	.5335295 .02		
R	.36121137 .06	LAT	.1922503 .02	LUN	.12968915 .02	VE	-.24759916 .02	PTE	-.2901546 .01	AZE	.27022217 .03		
XS	.13348884 .09	YS	-.60639865 .08	ZS	-.26225024 .08	DVS	-.13693268 .02	DVS	-.2398831 .02	SZS	-.0538844 .02		
EN	-.16252368 .06	YM	.32749119 .06	ZM	.13510974 .06	DIM	-.93694519 .00	DYN	-.36070886 .00	DZN	-.63148966 .01		
XT	-.16252368 .06	YT	.32749119 .06	ZT	.13510974 .06	DXT	-.93694519 .00	DVT	-.36070886 .00	DZT	-.63148966 .01		
RS	.16895601 .09	VS	.29911872 .02	RH	.38971679 .06	VM	.10041309 .01	KT	.36971679 .06	VT	.10041309 .01		
GxD	.19346816 .02	ALT	.35631721 .06	LUS	.96620785 .02	KAS	.20443083 .03	RAM	.11639377 .03	LON	.05837230 .01		
QUT	.35000800 .02	DT	.48042812 .00	OR	-.36084786 .06	SHA	-.29061370 .01	DES	-.10167631 .02	DEM	.20282030 .02		
HAC	.00000000 .03	CCL	.25494897 .03	MIL	.29061370 .01	TCL	.29061370 .01						

GEOCENTRIC CONIC

EPOCH OF PERICENTER PASSAGE		ALL VECTORS REFERENCED TO EARTH EQUATOR PLANE											
SMA	.31003552 .06	ECC	-.98617927 .00	B	.51366880 .05	JULIAN DATE	2437955.29476200	DCI	17.1982	19 06 217504			
MN	.9458980-01	C3	-.12856777 .01	CI	.58223745 .05	SLX	-.85105533 .04	APD	.61578213 .06	RCA	.4284888 .04		
TA	.17194056 .03	qTA	.00000000 .00	LA	.99636194 .02	TFP	.20964107 .06	TF	-.14248253 .01	PER	-.28423284 .05		
X	-17463623 .06	Y	.29296706 .06	Z	.11894276 .06	DX	-.55244588 .00	DY	-.6739790 .00	DZ	.40237213 .00		
INC	-.40714021 .02	LAN	.96892611 .02	APF	.21837895 .03	MX	-.57982976 .00	RV	-.57982976 .00	RZ	-.5636625 .00		
MX	.66758208 .00	HY	.78279813-01	HZ	.75797472 .00	PX	-.56122729 .00	PV	-.7278020 .00	PZ	-.80492265 .00		
QK	.51538767 .00	QY	-.68766103 .00	QZ	-.51132887 .00	NX	-.24660073 .00	NY	.31969323 .00	NZ	-.91432273 .00		
DX	-.51538767 .00	DY	-.68766132 .00	DZ	-.51133910 .00	TX	-.78941151 .00	TY	-.61386437 .00	TZ	-.00000930 .00		
DAP	.30788946 .03	RAF	.30788945 .03	BRQ	-.28727026 .05	B	.51366880 .05	THA	.32399592 .03				
EFC	.42583029 .05												

ELLIPTIC		EQUATORIAL COORDINATES											
X	-.13331620 .09	Y	.60932832 .09	Z	.26413967 .08	DX	-.16245713 .02	DY	-.25072814 .02	DZ	.10881186 .02		
R	.149404020 .09	LAT	.10215217 .02	LUN	.24533331 .02	V	.30557298 .02	PTM	-.10161166 .01	AZ	.06610179 .02		
XE	.13348884 .09	YE	.60639865 .08	ZE	.26290024 .08	DME	-.13693268 .02	DTE	-.24598835 .02	QDE	-.10578616 .02		
XT	.13332632 .09	YT	.60967856 .08	ZT	.26440133 .08	DXT	-.14628213 .02	DVT	-.2038046 .02	QZT	.10515667 .02		
LIE	.1016162631 .02	LOE	.4430835 .02	LIT	.10219806 .02	LOT	.24673635 .02	LSL	-.14896606 .02	MSL	.20038632 .02		
EPS	.92437693 .02	TSP	.13900029 .00	STP	.8742289 .02	EPN	.13371100 .03	EMP	-.62350725 .02	MEP	.4782586 .01		
MPS	.13409310 .03	MSP	.98911702-02	SMP	.45898841 .02	SEM	.91694337 .02	EWS	-.86155816 .02	ESW	.19968061 .00		
EPI	.13337100 .03	EIP	.42350725 .02	TEP	.4272588 .01	IPS	.13609310 .03	STP	-.98911702 .02	SPR	.15895841 .01		
SET	.91694337 .02	STE	.88155614 .02	EST	.14960061 .00	RPM	.40000003 .05	APT	-.60000003 .05	SPN	.91426160 .02		
GCE	.10505102 .03	GCT	.28161917 .03	SIP	.13163282 .03	CPT	.79885965 .02	SIN	-.77095680 .02	D1	.13067321 .01		
BDP	.36121308 .04	VEP	-.95936649 .00	CPE	-.10468804 .03	CBS	-.92934512 .02	QZS	-.83440544 .03	QDS	-.34460533 .03		

ELLIPTIC

2 DAYS 11 HRS. 56 MIN. 42.583 SEC. CHANGE OF PHASE OCCURS AT THIS POINT		EQUATORIAL COORDINATES											
X	11894276 .06	Y	.29296706 .06	Z	.11894276 .06	DX	-.55244588 .00	DY	-.6739790 .00	DZ	.40237213 .00		
R	.36121137 .06	LAT	.10215217 .02	LUN	.24533331 .02	V	.30557298 .02	PTM	-.10161166 .01	AZ	.06610179 .02		
XE	.13348884 .09	YE	.60639865 .08	ZE	.26290024 .08	DME	-.13693268 .02	DTE	-.24598835 .02	QDE	-.10578616 .02		
XT	.13332632 .09	YT	.60967856 .08	ZT	.26440133 .08	DXT	-.14628213 .02	DVT	-.2038046 .02	QZT	.10515667 .02		
LIE	.1016162631 .02	LOE	.4430835 .02	LIT	.10219806 .02	LOT	.24673635 .02	LSL	-.14896606 .02	MSL	.20038632 .02		
EPS	.92437693 .02	TSP	.13900029 .00	STP	.8742289 .02	EPN	.13371100 .03	EMP	-.62350725 .02	MEP	.4782586 .01		
MPS	.13409310 .03	MSP	.98911702-02	SMP	.45898841 .02	SEM	.91694337 .02	EWS	-.86155816 .02	ESW	.19968061 .00		
EPI	.13337100 .03	EIP	.42350725 .02	TEP	.4272588 .01	IPS	.13609310 .03	STP	-.98911702 .02	SPR	.15895841 .01		
SET	.91694337 .02	STE	.88155614 .02	EST	.14960061 .00	RPM	.40000003 .05	APT	-.60000003 .05	SPN	.91426160 .02		
GCE	.10505102 .03	GCT	.28161917 .03	SIP	.13163282 .03	CPT	.79885965 .02	SIN	-.77095680 .02	D1	.13067321 .01		
BDP	.36121308 .04	VEP	-.95936649 .00	CPE	-.10468804 .03	CBS	-.92934512 .02	QZS	-.83440544 .03	QDS	-.34460533 .03		

2 DAYS 19 HRS. 47 MIN. 13.385 SEC.

2 DAYS 19 HRS. 47 MIN. 13.385 SEC.		EQUATORIAL COORDINATES											
X	11894276 .06	Y	.29296706 .06	Z	.11894276 .06	DX	-.55244588 .00	DY	-.6739790 .00	DZ	.40237213 .00		
R	.36121137 .06	LAT	.10215217 .02	LUN	.24533331 .02	V	.30557298 .02	PTM	-.10161166 .01	AZ	.06610179 .02		
XE	.13348884 .09	YE	.60639865 .08	ZE	.26290024 .08	DME	-.13693268 .02	DTE	-.24598835 .02	QDE	-.10578616 .02		
XT	.13332632 .09	YT	.60967856 .08	ZT	.26440133 .08	DXT	-.14628213 .02	DVT	-.2038046 .02	QZT	.10515667 .02		
LIE	.1016162631 .02	LOE	.4430835 .02	LIT	.10219806 .02	LOT	.24673635 .02	LSL	-.14896606 .02	MSL	.20038632 .02		
EPS	.92437693 .02	TSP	.13900029 .00	STP	.8742289 .02	EPN	.13371100 .03	EMP	-.62350725 .02	MEP	.4782586 .01		
MPS	.13409310 .03	MSP	.98911702-02	SMP	.45898841 .02	SEM	.91694337 .02	EWS	-.86155816 .02	ESW	.19968061 .00		
EPI	.13337100 .03	EIP	.42350725 .02	TEP	.4272588 .01	IPS	.13609310 .03	STP	-.98911702 .02	SPR	.15895841 .01		
SET	.91694337 .02	STE	.88155614 .02	EST	.14960061 .00	RPM	.40000003 .05	APT	-.60000003 .05	SPN	.91426160 .02		
GCE	.10505102 .03	GCT	.28161917 .03	SIP	.13163282 .03	CPT	.79885965 .02	SIN	-.77095680 .02	D1	.13067321 .01		
BDP	.36121308 .04	VEP	-.95936649 .00	CPE	-.10468804 .03	CBS	-.92934512 .02	QZS	-.83440544 .03	QDS	-.34460533 .03		

JULIAN DATE 2437957.72116416

JULIAN DATE 2437957.72116416		EQUATORIAL COORDINATES											
X	11894276 .06	Y	.29296706 .06	Z	.11894276 .06	DX	-.55244588 .00	DY	-.6739790 .00	DZ	.40237213 .00		
R	.36121137 .06	LAT	.10215217 .02	LUN	.24533331 .02	V	.30557298 .02	PTM	-.10161166 .01	AZ	.06610179 .02		
XE	.13348884 .09	YE	.60639865 .08	ZE	.26290024 .08	DME	-.13693268 .02	DTE	-.24598835 .02	QDE	-.10578616 .02		
XT	.13332632 .09	YT	.60967856 .08	ZT	.26440133 .08	DXT	-.14628213 .02	DVT	-.2038046 .02	QZT	.10515667 .02		
LIE	.1016162631 .02	LOE	.4430835 .02	LIT	.10219806 .02	LOT	.24673635 .02	LSL	-.14896606 .02	MSL	.20038632 .02		
EPS	.92437693 .02	TSP	.13900029 .00	STP	.8742289 .02	EPN	.13371100 .03	EMP	-.62350725 .02	MEP	.4782586 .01		
MPS	.13409310 .03	MSP	.98911702-02	SMP	.45898841 .02	SEM	.91694337 .02	EWS	-.86155816 .02	ESW	.199		

CASE 1

SPACE TRAJECTORIES

3

GEOCENTRIC

X	-18856733	06	Y	-31697379	06
R	-39008896	06	DEC	-19766210	02
R	-39008896	06	LAT	-19766210	02
RS	-13202845	09	YS	-6130649	06
XN	-1485606	06	VM	-31637430	06
AJ	-18856044	06	VT	-31637430	06
RS	-14894266	09	VS	-29915448	02
GEO	-19890379	02	ALT	-38313322	06
DUT	-35000000	02	DT	-30000000	02
WAC	-02000000	00	GCL	-25551696	03

HELIOPERICNIC

X	.13290988	09	Y	.61645622	08
R	-14692271	09	LAT	-0338251	02
XE	-130909865	02	VE	-6130649	03
KV	-13290989	09	VT	-6164702	08
LTC	-10285636	02	LDL	-24739853	02
EPS	-92691207	02	ESP	-1500670	00
MPS	-11631768	03	MSP	-9891170	02
EPT	-16910026	03	EPT	-31765340	02
SET	-10121954	02	SIE	-91969912	02
GCE	-10448302	03	GCT	-26946936	03
REP	-39008896	06	VEP	-21471194	01

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

Z	-13192165	06	DX	-2885469	00
KA	-12090795	03	V	-21471194	01
LON	-25664615	03	WE	-2753223	02
LS	-22595435	03	UX	-13845453	02
ZM	-13295077	06	DXM	-90105869	00
ZT	-13295077	06	DXT	-90105869	00
RM	-39165653	06	VH	-99366707	00
LOS	-33847804	03	KAS	-20673985	03
UR	-19820389	01	SHM	-3897956	06
MCL	-90032440	02	ICL	-90032440	02

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

UY	-161333997	22	DX	-161333997	22
PTH	-31927691	02	V	-161333997	22
DCE	-1384553	02	DXE	-26330160	02
DXF	-16746552	02	DXU	-2390188	02
LIT	-10385859	02	LOT	-24883882	02
SEP	-87758879	02	EPN	-14810026	03
SMP	-63681179	02	SEH	-9787994	02
TFR	-13417039	00	IPS	-11631766	03
EST	-15082912	00	APM	-173808916	04
SIP	-26905397	02	CPT	-891469585	02
HNG	-11711741	03	CPS	-93009177	02

EQUATORIAL COORDINATES

DX	-1251460	00	DX	-1251460	02
V	-26971818	03	V	-26971818	01
DXB	-33862253	03	VR	-2615122	01
ITE	-68536352	00	LNF	-75536220	01
ALP	-1170576	03	DA	-7229225	01
HNG	-11711741	03	SIA	-58087976	02
OP2	.00000000	00	OP2	.00000000	00

SELENOCENTRIC CONIC

JULIA	DATE	2437958.055234697	DCT.	20.1962	13 19 32.475
SLR	-1130597	04	SLR	-1130597	03
C1	-12300073	03	TEP	-51088904	03
EA	-42855216	02	MA	-7229225	01
ZAC	-78926036	02	DEF	-12946470	03
			IR	-41733488	04

ALL VECTORS REFERENCED TO EARTH EQUATOR PLANE					
DX	.42251460	00	DX	.22442762	01
WZ	-85146395	00	WZ	-30245892	00
PX	.52138512	00	PX	.02670698	00
RX	.69132796	00	RX	.36261325	00
TY	.13696436	00	TY	.67929576	02
TX	.93569160	00	TX	.35533489	00
DF	.13894344	01	DF	.13894344	01
IR	.41733488	04	IR	.22320201	02
GP	.4813056	01	GP	.22712634	03

EPOCH OF PERICENTER PASSAGE					
SMA	-446227431	01	V	-14005076	06
VM	-10880296	01	ECC	-103655050	01
IA	-14250228	03	C3	-11837888	01
ZAE	-13218413	03	NIA	-16472335	03
DP1	-200000000	00	ZAP	-13582888	03

CASE 1 SPACE TRAJECTORIES

	ALL VECTORS REFERENCED TO TRUE LUNAR EQU. PLANE											
X	*15787380 04	Y	-63041060 03	Z	-36211765 03	DX	-21387264 01	DY	-1931733 01	DZ	-14708650 00	
INC	*36878819 02	LAN	*14063869 03	APF	-34307368 03	NX	-39994580 00	NY	-21243682 00	NZ	-29172220 00	
WX	*36420854 00	WY	*44068846 00	WZ	*8205331 00	PX	-59948569 00	PY	-78150855 00	PZ	-15083063 00	
QX	-71606488 00	QY	-43066711 00	QZ	*54946221 00	RX	-6575939-02	RY	-55375329-02	RZ	-99976330 00	
WX	453298418 00	WY	*62266046 00	WZ	-57177049 00	IX	-66633137 00	IY	-26305685 00	IZ	-80000000 00	
SKI	-76302985 00	SV1	*64630765 00	SV2	-85676368-02	DA1	-40089594 00	DA2	-13973442 03	DA3	-29384483 03	
SX0	*38559876 00	SY0	-87312121 00	SZ0	*29788218 00	DAO	-17330444 02					
EVE	*17951993 03	ETS	*168017543 01	ETC	-27884383 03							
BTT	.92745660 73	BRT	*64544060 03	B	*11395023 04	THA	.34875804 02					

U MATRIX FOR MAPPING FORWARD

ITERATION NUMBER 1

X	Y	Z	DX	DY	DZ	KE
X .18756301 02	.21474935	.03	-.17575983	.02	-.38161992-03	.32534433-02
Y -.64237136 01	-.20085021	.93	-.12604194	.02	-.55911672-03	-.25782686-03
Z -.28606966 02	-.13471061	.03	-.20546155	.02	-.11470743-03	-.31577376-02
DX -.39450880 05	-.24151982	.06	-.15920469	.04	-.3516769 00	-.26595535-02
DY -.69137466 06	-.26610970	.06	-.17515825	.05	-.70282850	00
DZ -.14469996 05	-.12820057	.06	-.82071773	.04	-.1793529 02	-.19378575
Kt -.33875847 00	-.21123187	.01	-.66426162	-.01	-.10063924-04	-.80378005-04
KM -.58565171-02	-.19158602-01		-.89993499-02		-.22554616-06	-.69017550-06
R1(04) .00000000 00	.00000000		.00000000		.00000000	.00
LA(04) .00000000 00	.00000000		.00000000		.00000000	.00
LA(04).00000000 00	.00000000		.00000000		.00000000	.00
L1(04)						
X .00000000 00	.00000000		.00000000		.00000000	
Y .00000000 00	.00000000		.00000000		.00000000	
Z .00000000 00	.00000000		.00000000		.00000000	
DX .00000000 00	.00000000		.00000000		.00000000	
DY .00000000 00	.00000000		.00000000		.00000000	
DZ .00000000 00	.00000000		.00000000		.00000000	
KE .00000000 00	.00000000		.00000000		.00000000	
LA(04) .00000000 00	.00000000		.00000000		.00000000	
L1(04).00000000 00	.00000000		.00000000		.00000000	

CONDITIONS AFTER FORWARD MAPPING

62/10/17 172346-000 TO 62/10/18 1700000.000

X= -.83535331 05 Y= -18209547 06 Z= -.58298082 CS DX= -.87254211 00 DY= .11639894 01 DZ= -.57247581 00

STANDARD DEVIATIONS

X= .12444236 03 Y= .56016234 02 Z= .10368158 03 UX= -.88923416-03 UY= .57288651-03 UZ= -.66200478-03

COVARIANCE MATRIX AFTER WAPPINGER		ESTIMATION NUMBER 1		ESTIMATION NUMBER 2		ESTIMATION NUMBER 3		ESTIMATION NUMBER 4	
X	Y	Z	U	UX	UY	UZ	UX	UY	UZ
X	-48485900.05	-48389849.04	-21047732.04	-10981695.06	-42647213.01	-12316310.01	-29334892.01	-23167714.30	-11746058-01
Y	-48389849.04	-41378184.04	-31802788.04	-32548453-01	-31582172-01	-1972495-01	-15876865.00	-1452855-02	-1452855-02
Z	-21047732.04	-31802788.04	-10791387.05	-15364603-01	-34422446-01	-70464508-01	-15123211.03	-1433715.00	-2643732-01
UX	-10781895.00	-32548453-01	-15364603-01	-74673141-C6	-27539720-06	-13001535-06	-12666623-06	-3750821-05	-12507521-07
UY	-42647213.01	-13592132-01	-34422446-01	-72507220-06	-32819897-06	-2222750-05	-78720199-06	-53113601-25	-65588428-07
UZ	-17316310-01	-13592132-01	-34422446-01	-13001535-06	-22122350-06	-4651302-06	-10781289-01	-40764965-05	-12671186-06
L104-2-26798346.01	-125859726.01	-13592135-01	-27491036.01	-12666633-04	-87820199-06	-10781287-03	-49554659.01	-22524264-04	-22524264-04
RM	-23167714.30	-12666633-04	-87820199-06	-12666633-04	-63110621-05	-40764965-05	-63607528-04	-79970344.01	-11253410-09
R1(04)	-17100518-02	-39352855-02	-23167714-01	-37506201-05	-1250921-06	-6564646.07	-12874166-06	-42594109-06	-99999001-03
LA(04)	-8644229.00	-57118100.00	-23167714-01	-60021010-05	-7678047-05	-16102435-04	-19103392-02	-41181725-34	-36137071-03
L104-2-26798346.01	-125859726.01	-37112257.01	-16746411-04	-13564947-06	-1823570-06	-1235423737-03	-53081321-05	-34364208-06	-34364208-06

U MATRIX FOR MAPPING FORWARD

ITERATION NUMBER 1

	X	Y	Z	DX	DY	DZ	KX	KY	KZ	RT(0)
X	-1.1324221	03	-15117820	04	*61860258	03	*11115240	00	*77017441	00
Y	-1.10279575	03	-16998640	04	-65311083	03	-12438565	00	-70051081	00
Z	-1.1416987	03	-1.1064441	04	-45605443	03	-65560256	-01	-53632326	00
DX	-1.6770974	06	-17321357	07	*73159330	06	*17220961	73	*89788650	03
DY	-1.16375164	06	-1.9860273	07	*86494544	06	*1635356	03	*10339034	04
DZ	-1.3197994	05	-93744655	06	-37642662	06	-63970108	02	-6359550	03
KX	-1.23465352	01	-37965391	02	-1.16217113	02	-28762342	-02	-1.16661356	-01
KY	-1.7986469	06	-31074218	01	-1748281	01	-7981316	-04	-20894732	-02
KZ	R1(04)	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00
L1(04)	0000000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00
L2(04)	0000000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00
L3(04)	0000000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00

LUT(0)

	X	Y	Z	DX	DY	DZ	KX	KY	KZ	RT(0)
X	-0.03000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00
Y	-0.03000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00
Z	-0.03000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00
DX	-0.03000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00
DY	-0.03000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00
DZ	-0.03000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00
KX	-0.03000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00
KY	-0.03000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00
KZ	-0.03000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00
RT(0)	L1(04)	0000000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000	00	00000000

COVARIANCE MATRIX AT IMPACT		ITERATION NUMBER 1	
X	V	Z	DY
X	-33222087 05	.43141525 05	.21639432 05
V	.62216104 05	.2440436 05	-.0176200 02
Z	.21639432 05	.24240436 05	-.0176200 02
DX	-.97441137 01	-.1317200 02	-.55956225 01
DY	-.25606447 02	-.3419536 02	-.3419536 02
DZ	.18342634 02	-.22080672 02	-.22080672 02
RX	-.58352362 01	-.9210226 01	-.9210226 01
RY	-.82472067 01	-.23382016 02	-.28157838 02
RZ	.110412341591 01	.31016674 02	.18126459 02
LA1041	.1205300 01	-.234695208 03	-.25511684 01
LA1D4	-.39072567 01	-.15247272 00	-.30707294 01
LA1D4-	-.39072567 01	-.706363386 01	-.294686931 01
LA1041		LA1041	
X	.1205300 01	-.39072567 01	-.15247272 00
V	-.15247272 00	-.73436386 01	-.30707294 01
Z	-.30707294 01	-.23469531 01	-.3606606 03
DX	-.3606606 03	-.8719503 03	-.154223626 02
DY	-.154223626 02	-.39122654 02	-.40736667 03
DZ	-.40736667 03	-.32245008 02	-.19303332 02
RX	-.19303332 02	-.1939378 03	-.11189225 04
RY	-.11189225 04	-.53081921 05	-.36137011 05
RZ	-.36137011 05	-.34361208 06	-.7008727 03
LA1041	-.7008727 03	-.24855214 05	-.24855214 05
LA1D4	-.24855214 05	-.93632270 03	-.93632270 03
LA1041		LA1041	
X	.1205300 01	-.39072567 01	-.15247272 00
V	-.15247272 00	-.73436386 01	-.30707294 01
Z	-.30707294 01	-.23469531 01	-.3606606 03
DX	-.3606606 03	-.8719503 03	-.154223626 02
DY	-.154223626 02	-.39122654 02	-.40736667 03
DZ	-.40736667 03	-.32245008 02	-.19303332 02
RX	-.19303332 02	-.1939378 03	-.11189225 04
RY	-.11189225 04	-.53081921 05	-.36137011 05
RZ	-.36137011 05	-.34361208 06	-.7008727 03
LA1041	-.7008727 03	-.24855214 05	-.24855214 05
LA1D4	-.24855214 05	-.93632270 03	-.93632270 03

IMPACT PARAMETERS 6210/20 131059

N MATRIX (TARGET ORBITAL PLANES)

	B.RD	B.TD	T.L	C3	S.1S	S.RS
B.RD	-42366557 05	-24430401 34	-46212751 00	.66224351-01	-45144669 30	-12608644 00
B.TD	-24430396 04	42912791 05	-65232429 01	-65384401-01	-67517533 01	15593932 01
T.L	-46212758 00	-65232428 01	-13095767-02	-28631247-04	-18346230-02	-32338769-03
C3	-66219210-01	-68386792-01	-28001053-04	-13703218-04	-60583124-04	-74042290-05
S.1S	-45149624 00	-87517530 01	-18341230-02	-46693419-04	-26236839-02	-46319468-03
S.RS	-12608618 00	-15593914 01	-32338770-03	-74030942-05	-66319483-03	-81855340-04

NORMALIZED V MATRIX

	B.RD	B.TD	T.L	C3	S.1S	S.RS
B.RD	99999999 00	-5729175-01	-62041851-01	-85454446-01	-42826630-01	-67706983-01
B.TD	-57296161-01	-16000000 01	-87017115 00	-90849756-01	-82488625 00	-83202389 00
T.L	-62041859-01	-87017115 00	.99999997 00	-21294723 00	-98951814 30	-98772147 90
C3	-80538572-01	.90852933-01	-21294376 00	-10000000 01	-2185947 00	-22522492 00
S.1S	-42825588-01	-82422623 00	-98951817 00	-21859405 00	.99349999 00	-99954396 00
S.RS	-67706811-01	-83202855 00	-98772151 00	-2519041 00	.99954206 00	-99999999 00

OR/ODD MATRIX

	B.RD	B.TD	T.L	C3	S.1S	S.RS
X	.29702434 03	-43133420 03	-59751646 03	.86320875-02	.2892819 00	.49663683-01
Y	-.23172533 03	.48566350 03	.59010147 03	-.90507583-02	-.29421944 00	-.44934560-01
Z	-.12591554 03	-25644067 03	.40713426 03	-.58601796-02	-.19785431 00	-.34028394-01
UX	.29915606 06	-476930 06	-68992510 06	.15178326 02	.33410694 03	.57415174 02
UY	.30670245 06	-63520491 06	-78247175 06	.11970600 02	.38567540 03	.66153346 02
UZ	-.16655345 06	.24805284 06	.36073807 06	-.51512401 01	-.17469651 03	-.29965054 02

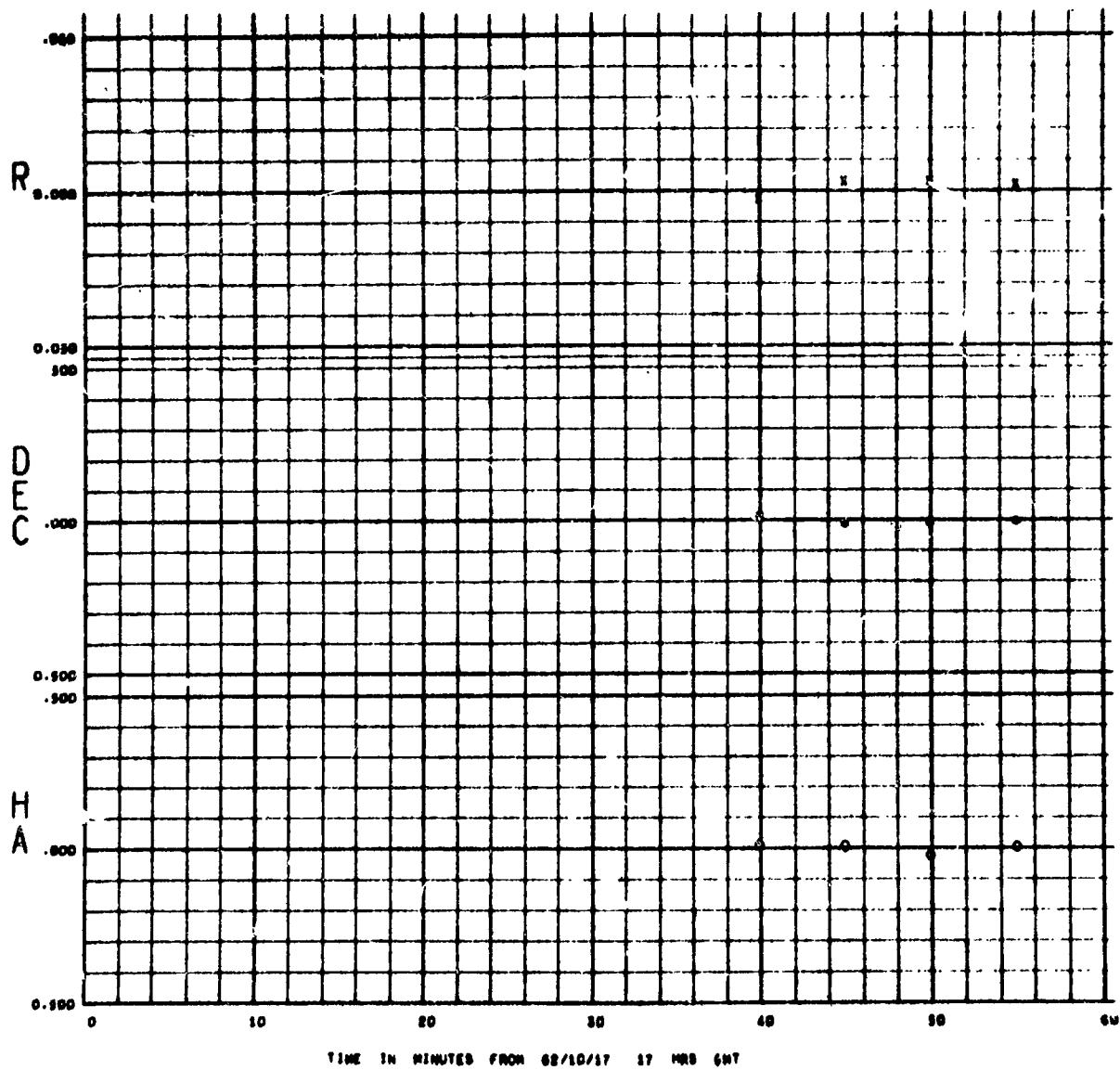
B	-11304999 04
B.RD	.58168701 03
B.RD	-136924582 03
B.RT	.646642060 03
B.RT	-42755660 04
IL	.67891583 02
SMAA	.21236274 03
SMIA	.20045302 03
THETA	.41810581 02
UEL T	.13027707 03
UEL S	.29202628 03
UEL S	.14174824 03
TF	.61187051 02

N MATRIX (TARGET EQUATORIAL PLANE)

	B.RT	B.RT	IL
B.RT	.42337740 05	-.23834222 04	-.91643185 00
B.RT	-.23834267 04	.43241590 05	-.64767477 C1
IL	-.90443191 00	-.64767477 01	.13095767-02

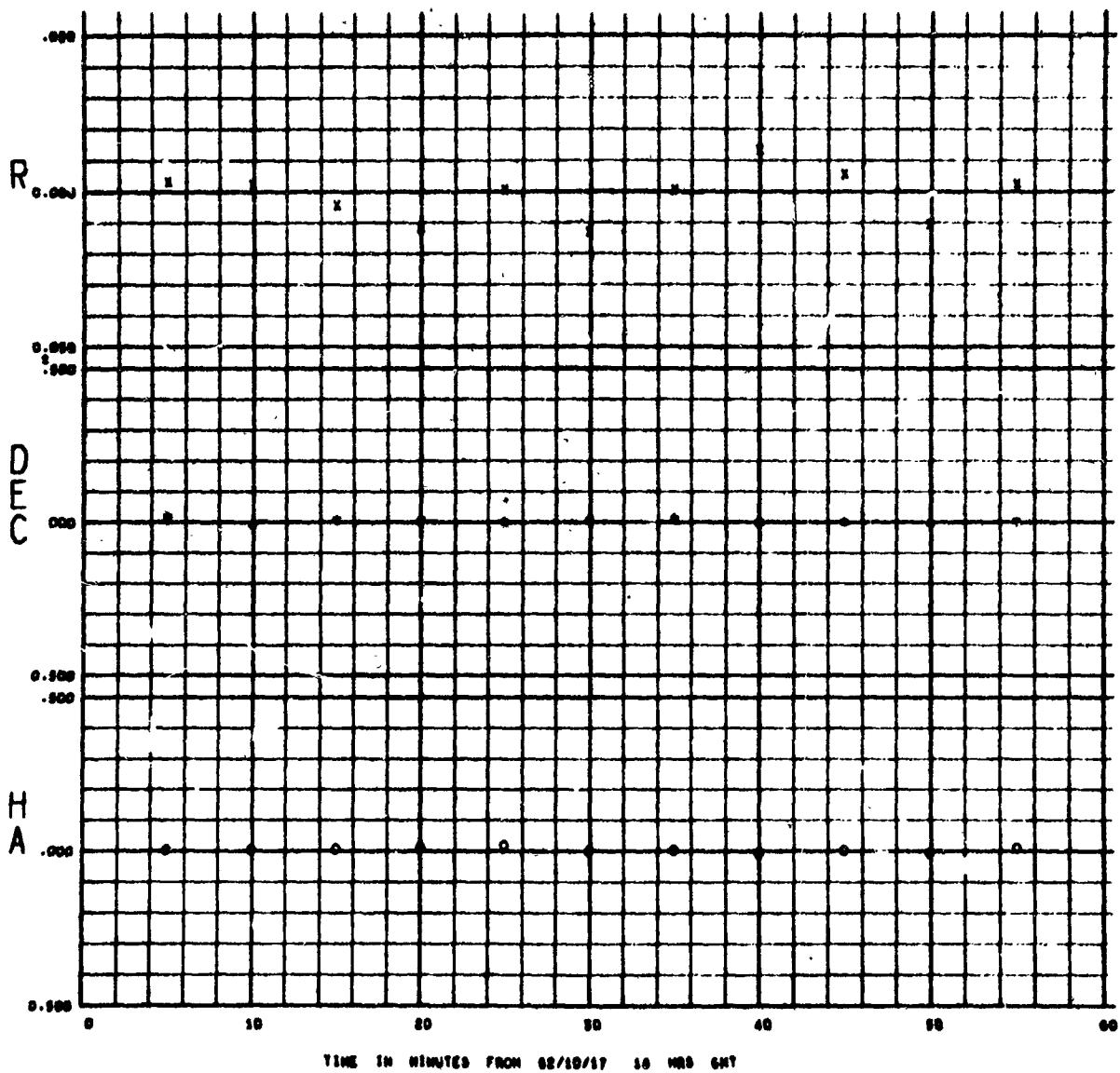
127
100

OFFLINE CONTROL
TERMINATE JOB
END DATA



STATION 04 RESIDUALS

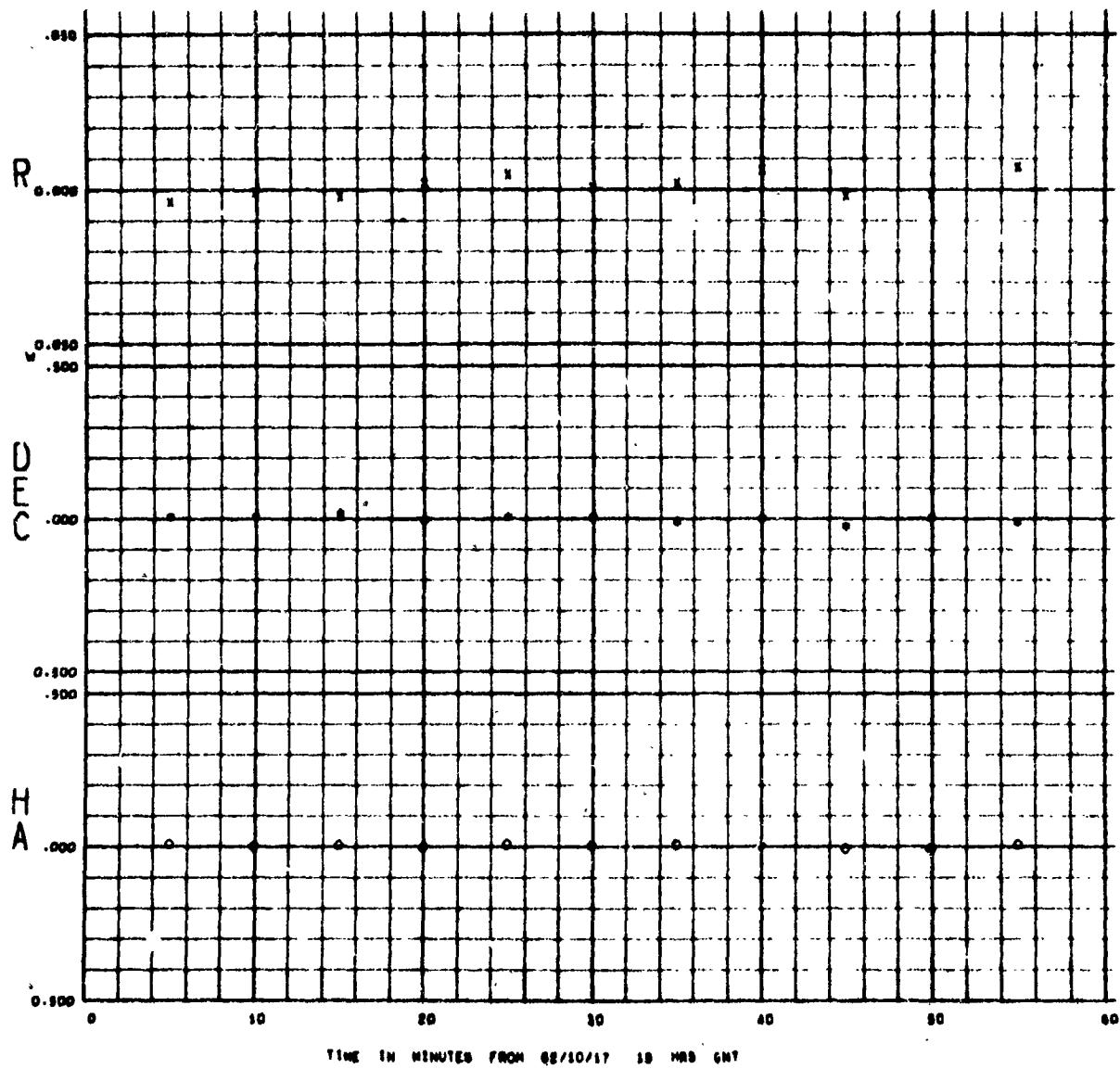
PASS NUMBER 000000



TIME IN MINUTES FROM 02/10/57 10:00 GMT

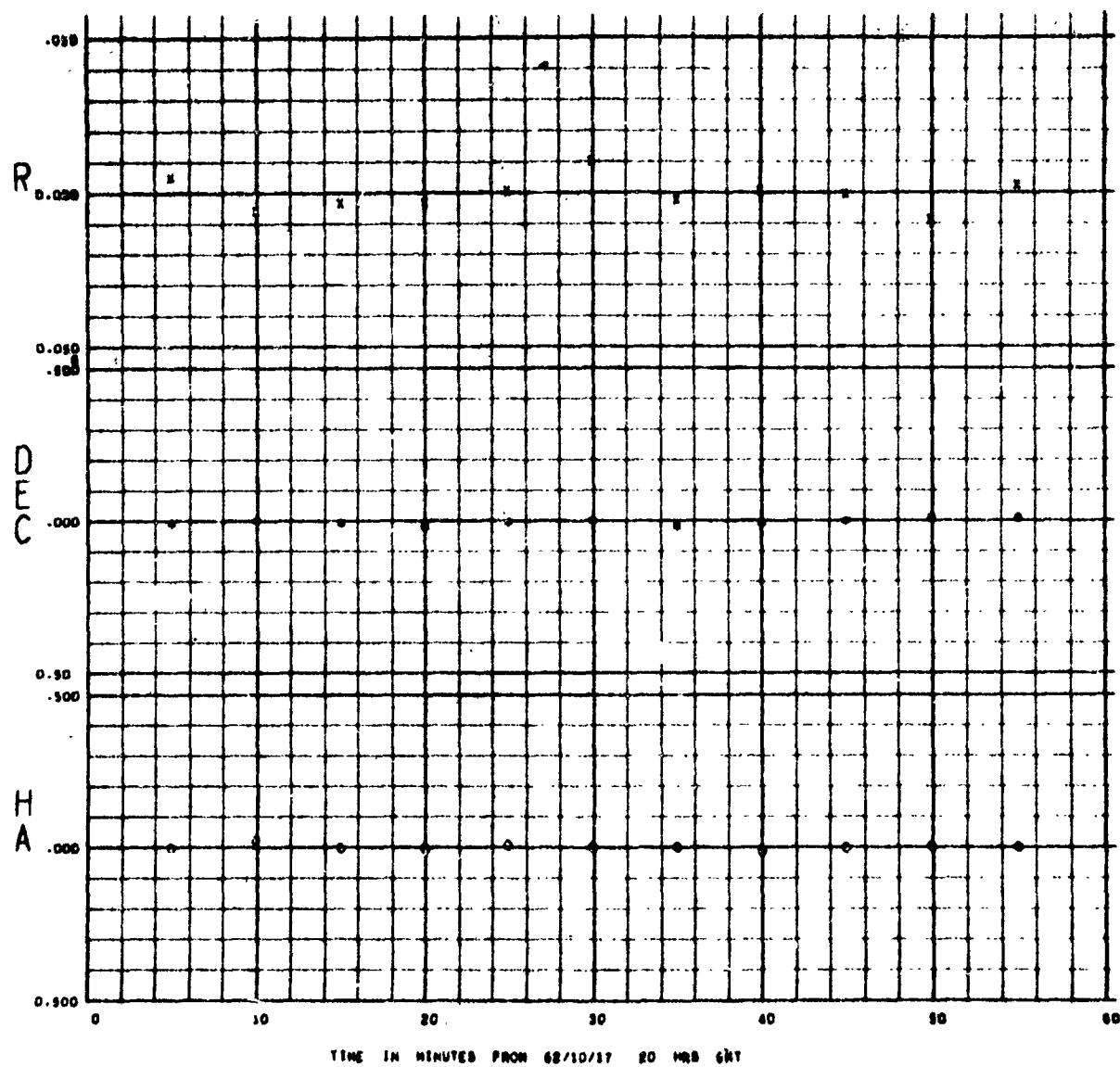
STATION 04 RESIDUALS

PASS NUMBER 000000



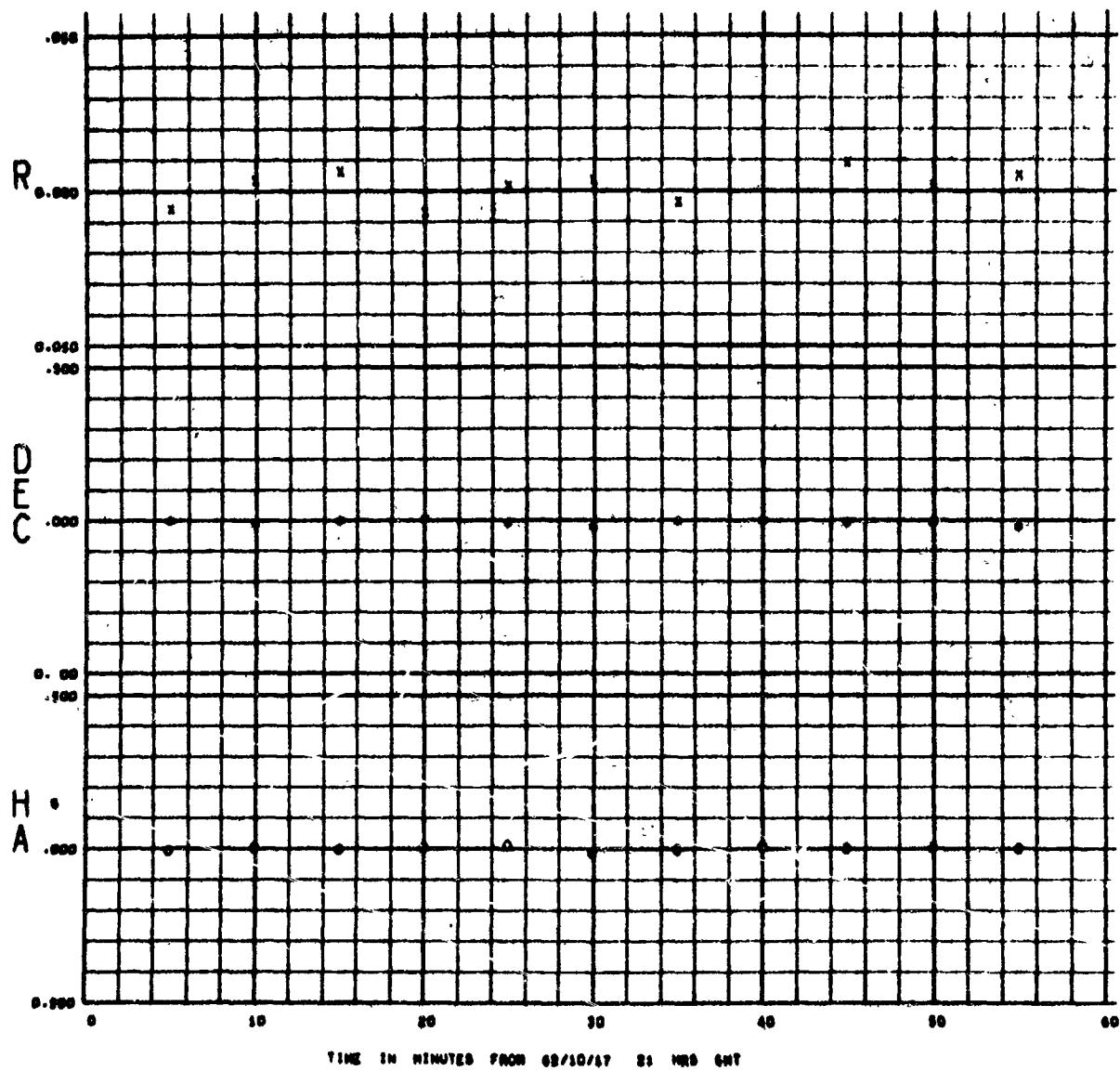
STATION 04 RESIDUALS

PASS NUMBER 000000



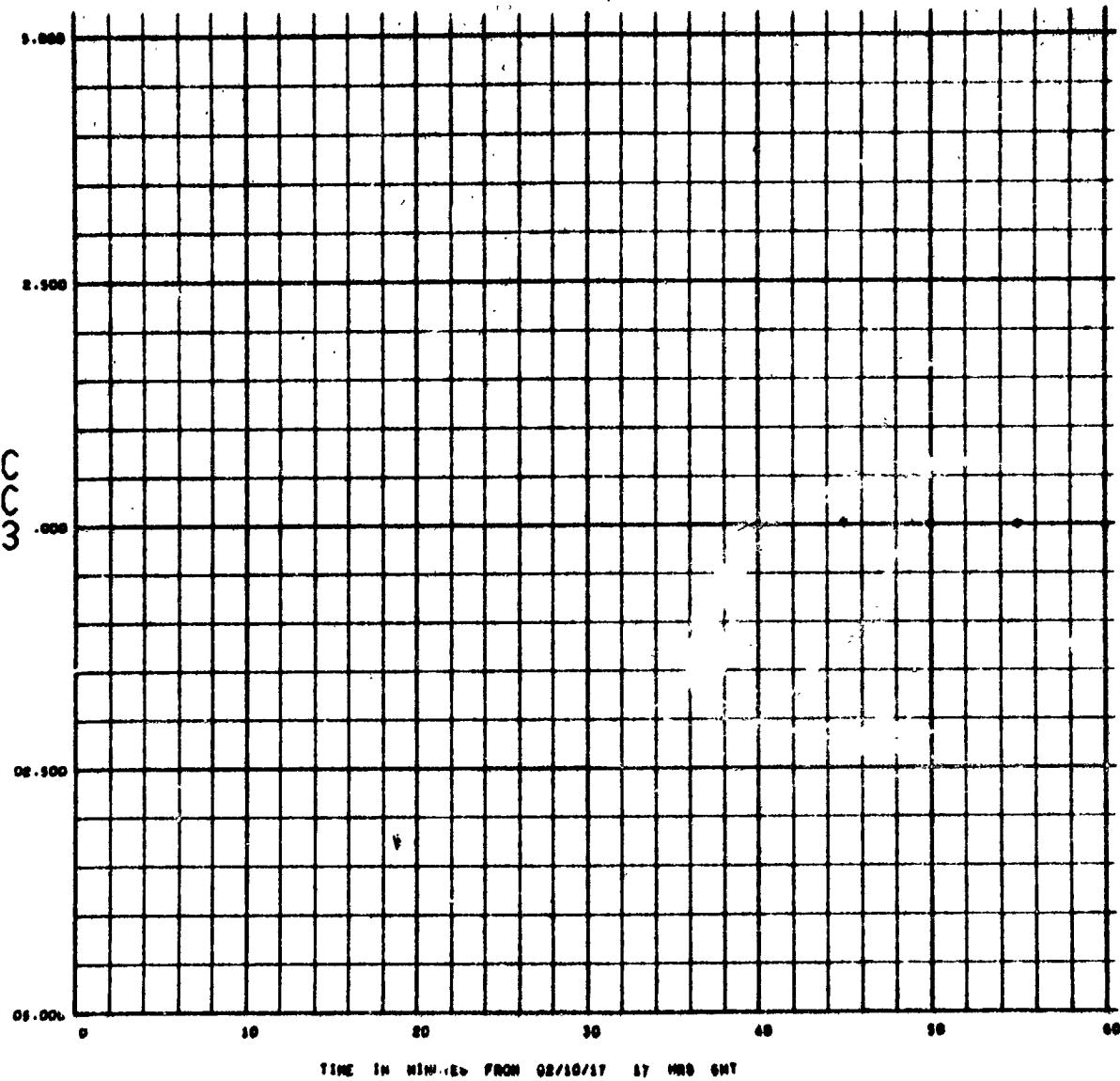
STATION 04 RESIDUALS

PASS NUMBER 000000



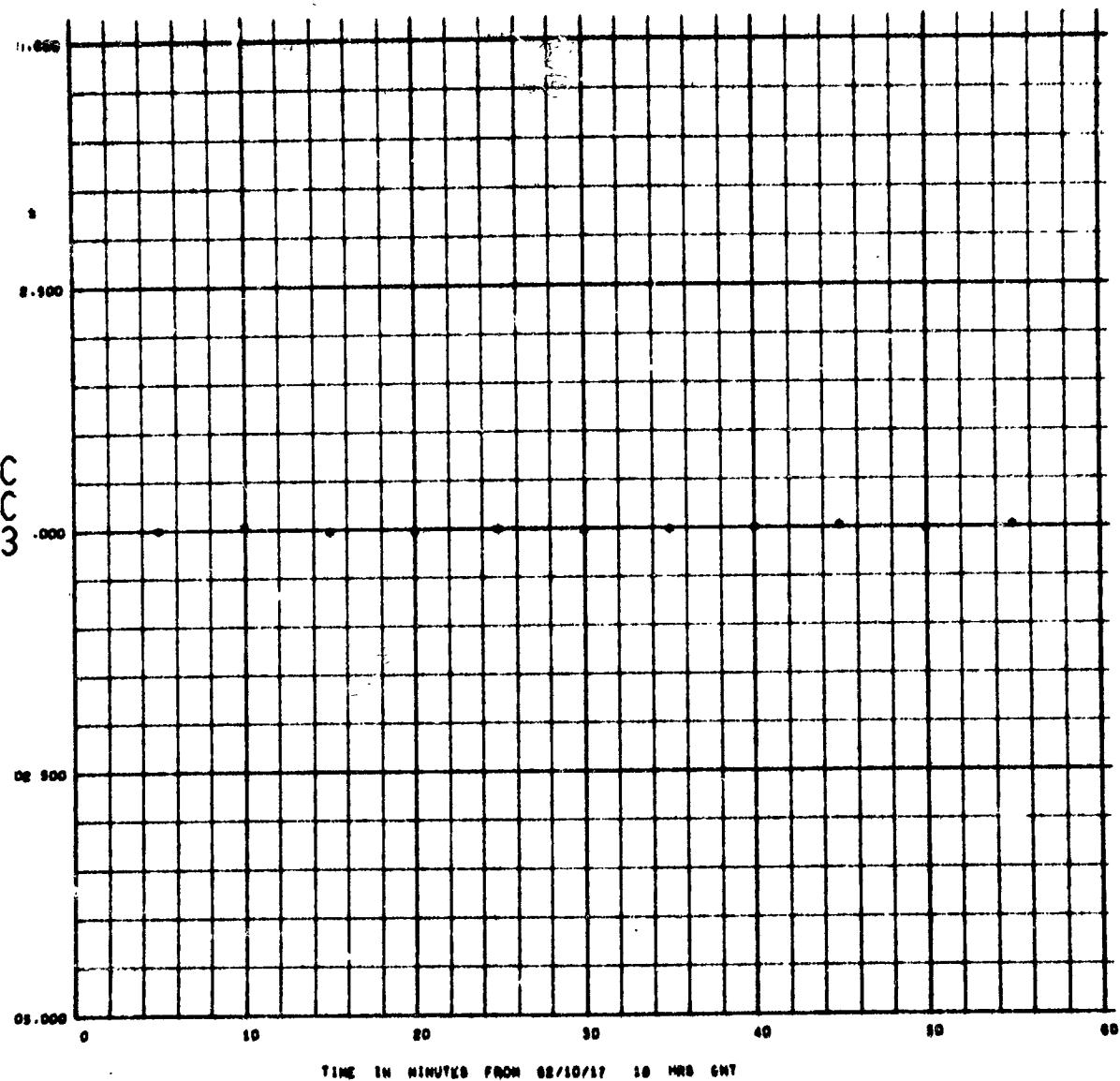
STATION 04 RESIDUALS

PASS NUMBER 000000



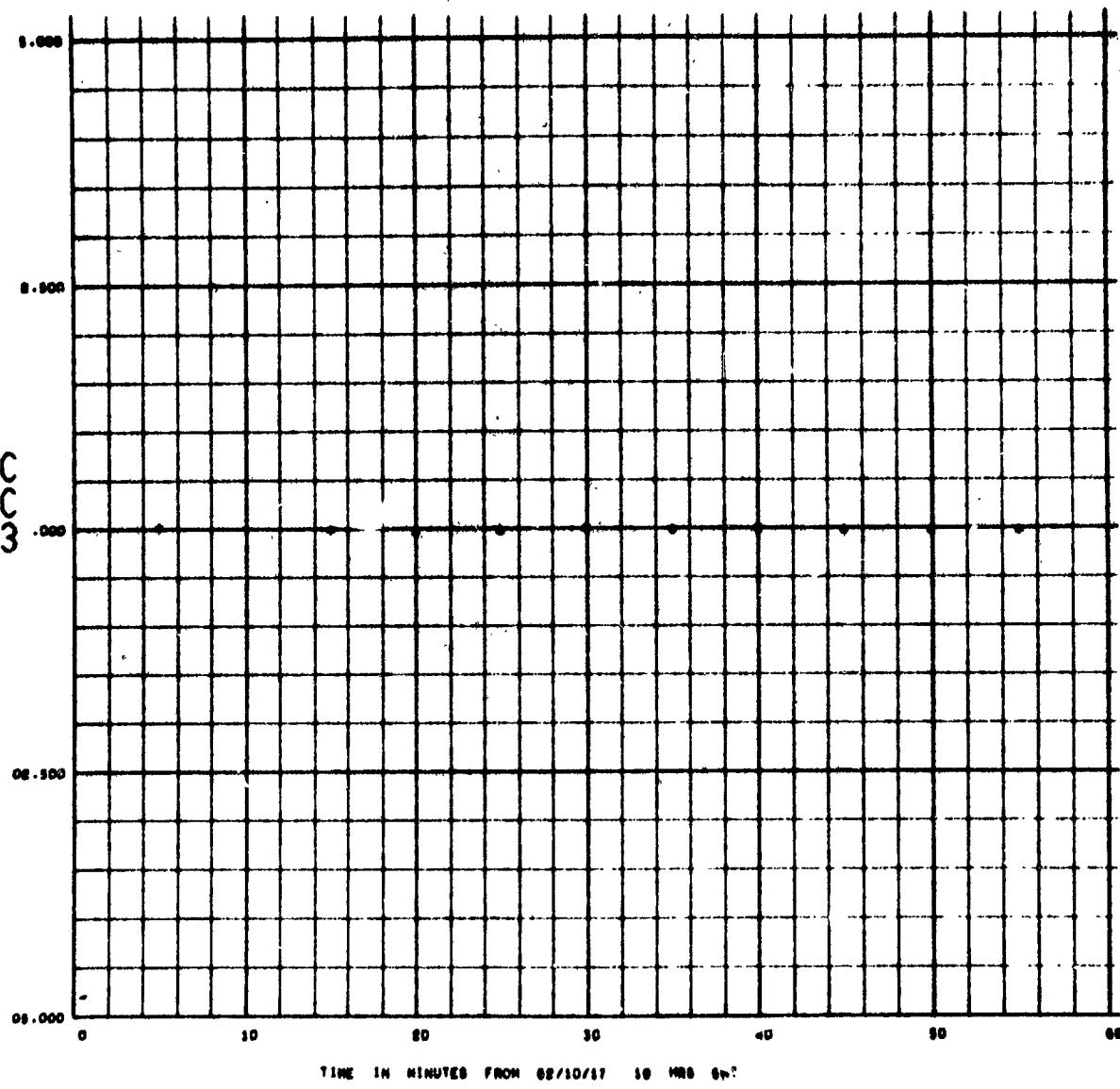
STATION 04 RESIDUALS

PASS NUMBER 000000



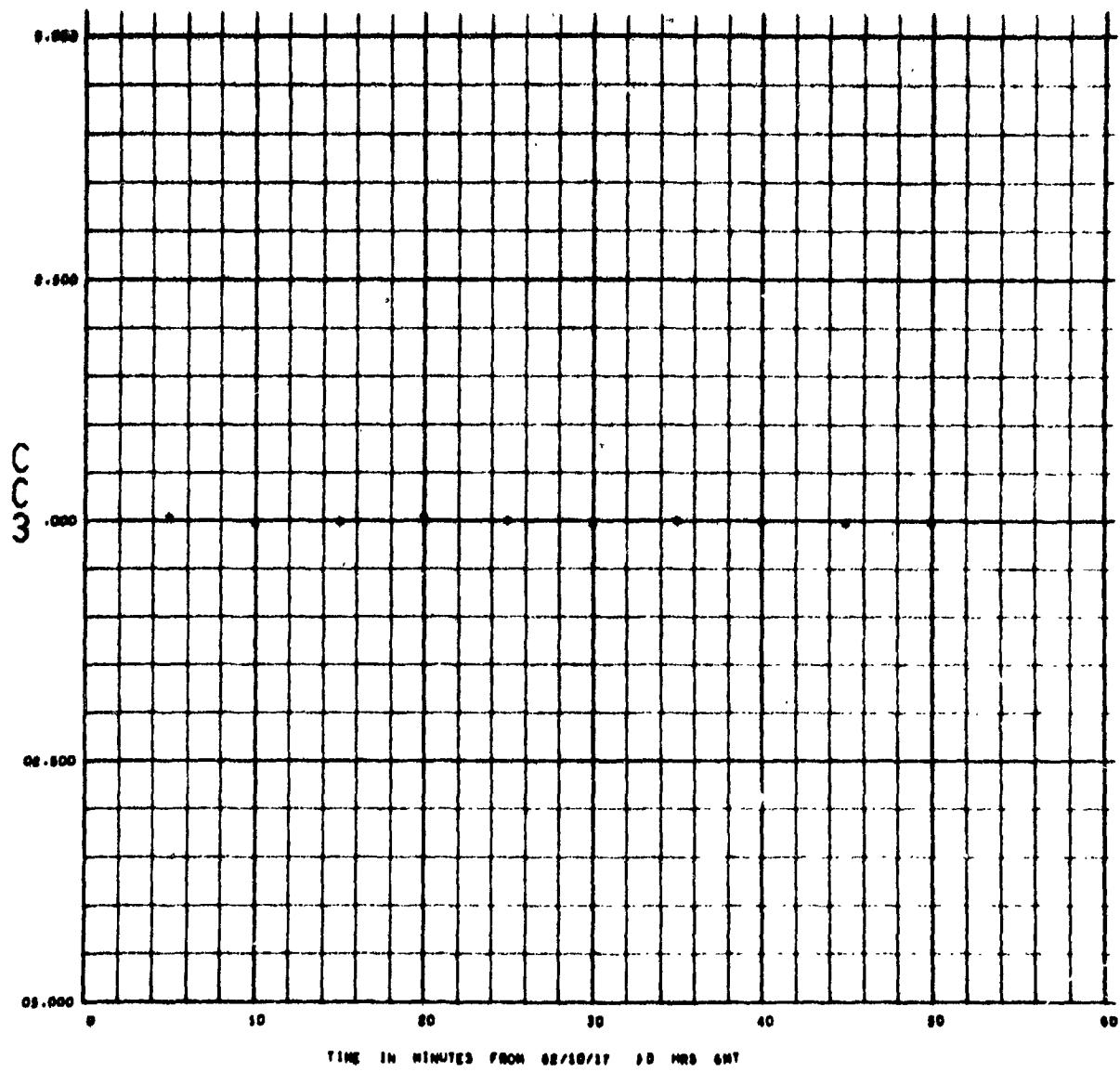
STATION 04 RESIDUALS

PASS NUMBER 000000



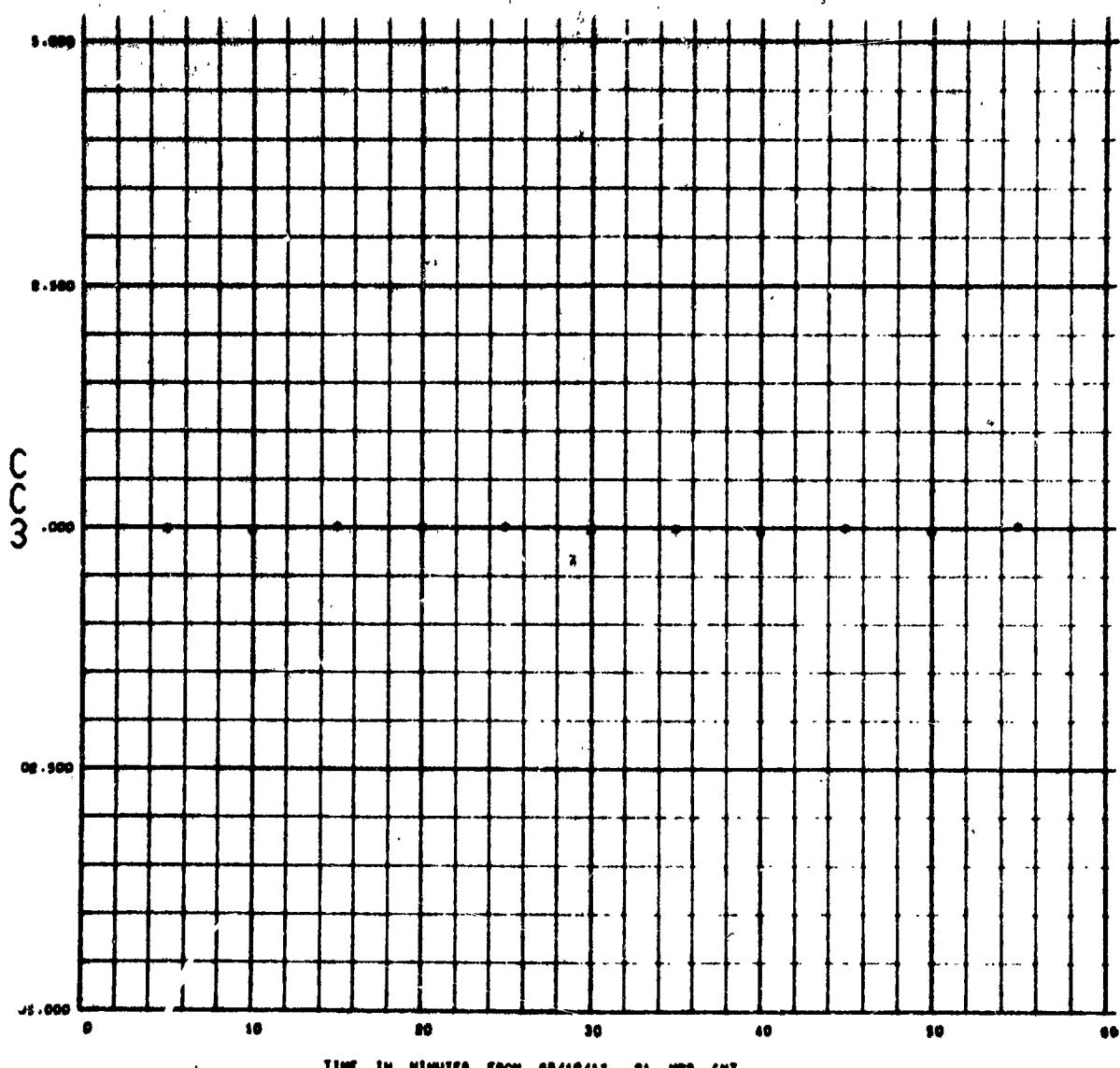
STATION 04 RESIDUALS

PASS NUMBER 000000



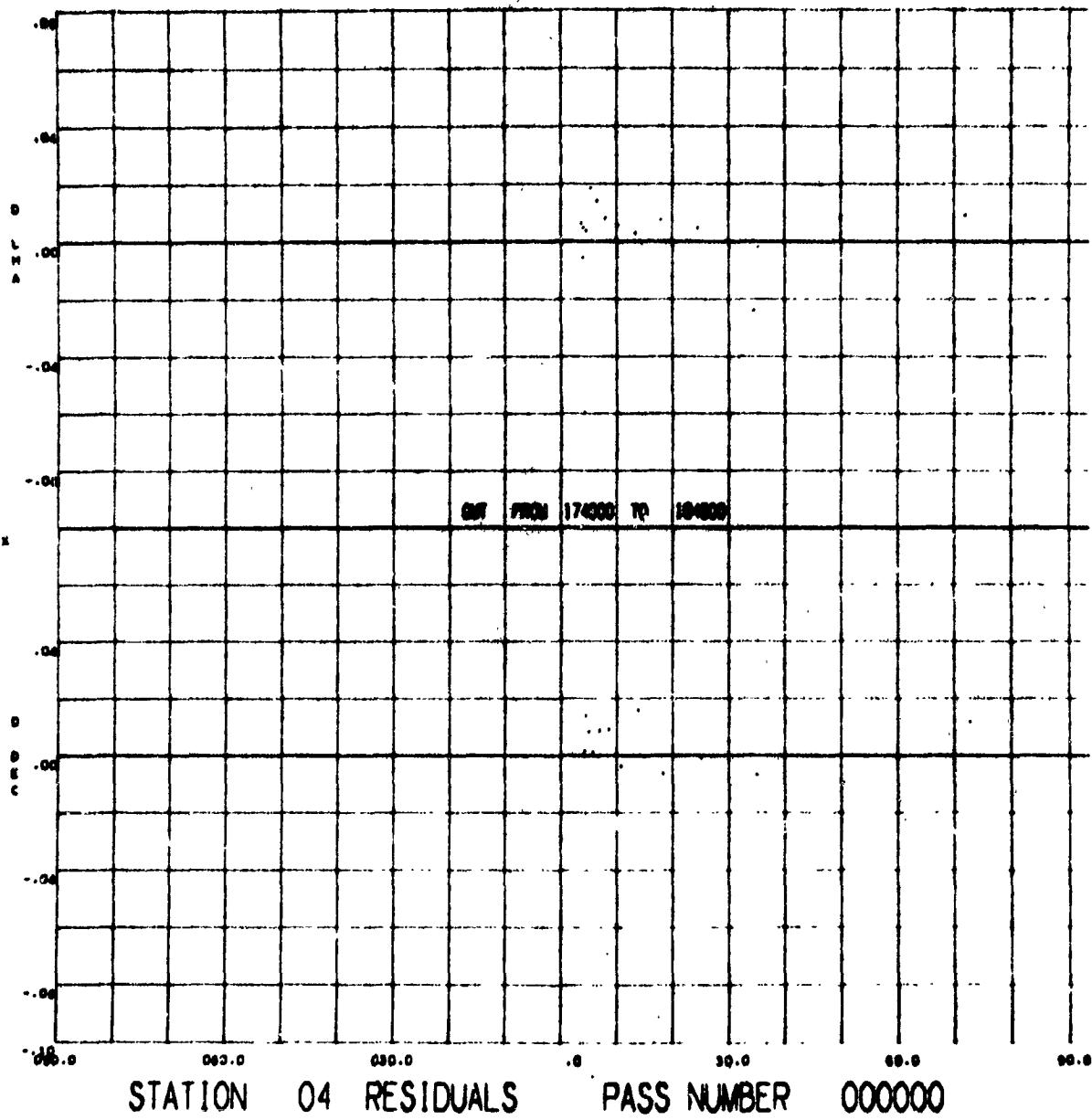
STATION 04 RESIDUALS

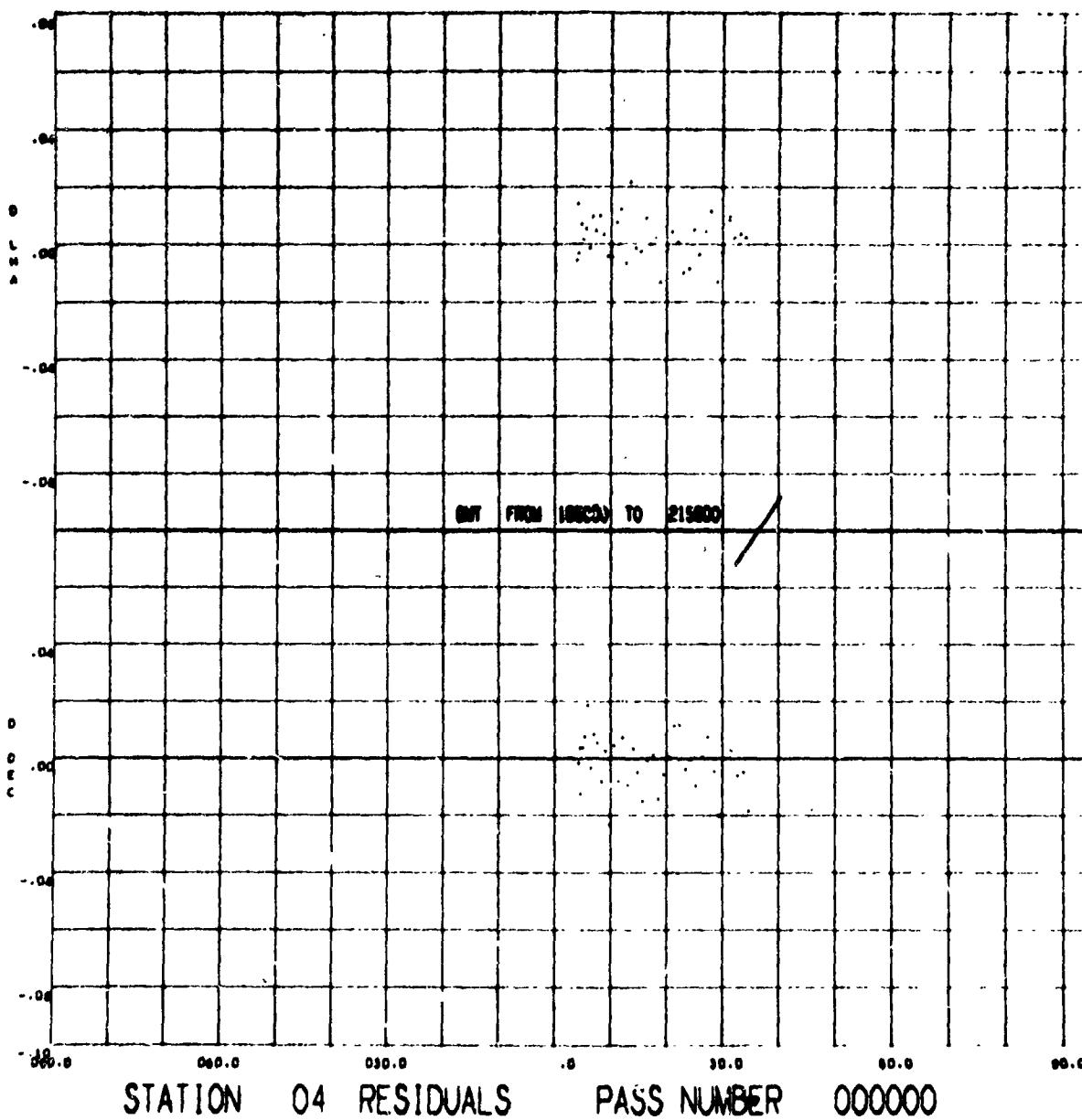
PASS NUMBER 000000



STATION .04 RESIDUALS

PASS NUMBER 000000





APPENDIX C. Operation of the ODP

The following 7094 console sense switches, sense lights, keys, and tape units are applicable to ODP operation:

Sense Switches	Down	Up
3	Interrupt ODP-dump on BO	No interrupt
5	Read cards on-line	Read cards from A2
6	Print trajectory information on-line	No trajectory print on-line
Sense Lights	On	Off
1	Operational mode (SS5 up)	Utility mode (SL 2 off)
2	Operational mode-powered flight predictions only	Utility mode (SL 1 off)

Console Keys

- 1 Read cards at end of iteration
- 2 Write simulated data tape
- 4 Map covariance matrix to input times
- 5 Map covariance matrix to encounter, then read cards
- 6 Reject bad data points
- 8 Do predictions without rewriting probe ephemeris, then read cards
- 9 Punch simulated data for TDEP
- 11 Punch predictions
- 13 Do predictions
- 14 List data statistics
- 15 Plot angle residuals vs angles
- 16 List residuals
- 17 Plot residuals vs time
- 28 Print encounter statistics on-line
- 29 Print mapped matrices on-line
- 30 Print rejected data on-line
- 31 Print data statistics on-line
- 32 Print residuals on-line
- 33 Print computed matrices on-line
- 34 Print input matrices on-line
- 35 Print solution vector on-line

Tape Units

A1	JPL Fortran II system - used if error dump is taken
A2	Card input tape if SS5 up
A3	Printed output tape
A4	Scratch tape - sorting
A5	Output tape for matrix manipulation program
A6	Scratch tape if SS5 down - sorting
A8	JPL planetary ephemeris tape
A9	Scratch tape - common storage dump
B0	Program interrupt dump tape
B2	Scratch tape - sorting
B4	Scratch tape - sorting
B5	Scratch tape - residual
B6	ODP program tape
B7	Data tape (TDEP output or ODP simulation)
B9	Scratch tape - probe ephemeris

A job may be run on the tape ODP in the on-line utility, production utility, or operational modes. The following sequence should be observed:

On-line Utility Mode

1. Mount required tapes.
2. Depress sense switch 5.
3. Depress applicable keys - normal settings are
 - 1, 6, 14, 16, 31, 35 for orbit determination and residual output
 - 1, 12, 13 for pointing predictions
 - 5, 28 for mapping to encounter
4. Ready card reader with input deck preceded by LOAD B6 card.
5. Depress LOAD CARDS button on console.
6. If key 1 is down, card reader will select between iterations.
7. When desired operations are complete, as evident by the on-line printout, print output tape A3 on 1401.

Production Utility Mode

1. Fill out pink job request card - include required tapes.
2. Follow job card by deck consisting of:
 - a. Job ID card (Fortran II system)
 - b. * XEQ Card
 - c. B6 loader (two cards)
 - d. * DATA card
 - e. ODP data deck - same as above but must include OFFLINE CONTROL for key settings. KEY (1) unnecessary.
 - f. End file card
3. Submit deck as standard 7094 job.

Operational Mode

1. Mount required tapes.
2. Raise all sense switches and keys.
3. ODP will be called by TDEP (or powered flight program for predictions), with appropriate sense light on.
4. When card reader selects, input cards containing epoch, initial conditions, rejection sigmas, and transmitter frequencies only. (The epoch and initial conditions are transmitted in core by the powered flight program).
5. Card reader will select between iterations for additional input of rejection sigmas.
6. After convergence, program will map to encounter.
7. After mapping, card reader will select for additional frequency information for predictions.
8. After predictions are printed, ODP will call trajectory fine print program.

Nonstandard events during the operation of the ODP are denoted by error messages printed on-line. The following messages signify unrecoverable errors and require a restart of the program.

B9 REDUNDANCY WHEN {WRITING
READING } DBH07 TAPE.

Change scratch tape B9 and/or clean tape read-write heads.

1st TIME IN DBH07 GREATER THAN LOOKUP ARGUMENT.

Program has tried to process data before epoch.

LAST TIME IN DBH07 LESS THAN LOOKUP ARGUMENT

Normally a machine error.

INJECTION CONDITION = 0.

Correct input deck.

POINTING TIME LESS THAN EPOCH + R/C.

Correct input deck so that light time correction will not adjust input time before epoch.

ERROR RETURN FROM MARK.

Trajectory link has tried to integrate to a time before epoch.

EPHEMERIS ERROR AT LOCATION XXXXX.

Time not available on planetary ephemeris tape, or non-recoverable redundancy on this tape (A8).

PROBE IMPACTED EARTH.

Normally an error in the injection conditions.

The following comments signify an error condition, but the program will continue to operate:

INV COV MATRIX ESTIMATED PARAMETERS NOT N * N.

COV MATRIX CONSIDERED PARAMETERS NOT M * M.

Possibly an input error, but also occurs when a matrix has been intentionally omitted.

WEIGHT (data type) FOR STATION (name) = 0.

Normally an error, but program will continue by depressing console START.

READ ERROR. CHECK DECK, PLACE IN READER, HIT START.

The second card fed out of the reader contains an error. The program expects a corrected card, but a complete ODP restart is not necessary.

REDUNDANCY ON TAPE XXXX NOTED BY KINE.

A record of residuals or predictions will not appear in the listing, or a record of tracking data will not be processed.

VARIABLE NO. XX REJECTED BY DIAGONAL TEST.

A row and column deleted by matrix inversion.

Certain messages are printed as an aid to the operator:

j ITERATIONS COMPLETE.

ITERATION *j* GENERATED *k* PLOTS.

CONTENTS OF TAPE B7 WILL BE DESTROYED. PRESS START TO CONTINUE.

TARGET (MOON, MARS, VENUS).

OPERATIONAL MODE.

READ PREDICT DATA, CLEAR KEY 8 WITH LAST INPUT.

CURRENT ITERATION BLEW UP. PROGRAM WILL USE OLD Q.

(Operational mode only - program reverts to previous solution to compute predictions)

APPENDIX D. ODP Subroutines

Name	Description	Octal Length
ABDD	Obtain dot product	27
ADD	Adds in double precision	31
AIME	Read sort scratch tapes	314
ANGPLT	Writes residual vs angle plots for SC-4020	600
AQUI	Prints and punches predicts and drive tape	740
ARSIN	Calculate ARCSIN, ARCCOS in degrees	144
ARTAN	Calculate ARCTAN in degrees	102
BAD	Print rejected data	103
BEER	Initialize core storage	70
BIBCD	Converts binary number to BCD equivalent	55
BILL	Write sort scratch tapes	4161
BMATRX	Computes partials of accelerations with respect to physical constants	1252
CALL	Logical control to obtain residuals and partials	616
CATS	Calculate station location partials	614
CLOCK	Sense printer clock	60
COEF	Calculate doppler coefficients	356
COL	Calculate g term in weighting scheme	370
COMAP	Control program for mapping link	241
COMIMP	Computes matrix for mapping forward	1320
CORE	Control program for trajectory link	353
COROP	Calculate optical refraction corrections	170
CORR	Calculate refraction and vertical corrections	274
CXPLOT	Writes SC-4020 compatible format for plots	3320
DATAPE	Sorts simulated data on time, writes on scratch tape	260
DAYS	Convert seconds to days	31
DECOD	Decode weight codeword	37
DIAG	Obtains the square root of diagonal of a matrix	103
DICOS	Calculate partial coefficients from angles	170

Name	Description	Octal Length
DMOD	Double precision modular package	120
DOPLR	Calculate data types	1163
DOUT	Print, punch routine	1662
ENDIT	Obtain solutions for parameters	1522
ERROR	Print error messages	350
EXP(3)	Calculate exponential	36
FILL	Write residual tape	1040
FILT	Write simulated data tape	1050
FIRST	Control program for initialization link	127
FIT	Control program for data processing link	71
FiXT	Convert Greenwich times	310
FORM	Form phi and theta vectors. Accumulate J matrix	735
GAMAT	Integrate physical constants acceleration partials	562
GERPU	Punch DM/DQ matrix for matrix manipulation program	55
GERTA	Write phi vectors on tape for matrix manipulation program	205
GHADP	Calculate Greenwich hour angle	307
G1G2	Computes gravitational coefficients	255
IMPAR	Calculate impact time partials	174
INSPC	Invert U matrix	305
INTRI	Read and interpolate planetary ephemerides	2216
IXTAB	Look up transmitter ID and frequency	125
JUDY	Punch simulated data	1027
KINE	Read data tape	326
LOG	Calculate natural logarithm	67
LOOKUP	Reads probe ephemeris, does 6-point interpolation	1320
MAMUL	Performs matrix multiplication	124
MAXIM	Determines period which probe ephemeris must cover	336
MOCT	Obtain latest observed occultation/impact time	106
MONRED	Leads trajectory program after convergence	61
ND2F	Random number generator from share subroutine	50

Name	Description	Octal Length
NOMNL	Set nominal values	543
NORMAY	Normalizes a square matrix on diagonal terms	247
NOUT	Print inversion errors	53
OBTOX	Calculate intermediate data partials	260
OCIM	Calculate occultation/impact times	1145
OCPAR	Calculate occultation time partials	516
ODATA	Read data cards	2053
ODINP	Convert input to binary	2005
OFFSYS	Interrupt ODP	1176
OPERA	Set nominal values, operational mode	142
OPKEY	Set keys for operational mode	37
ORBEQ	Rotate encounter parameters to target equatorial plane	167
OZ	Control program for encounter calculations	160
PARAM	Print encounter statistics	1051
PERNOD	Calculate data statistics	454
PM360	Adjust angle residuals by 360	45
PNUT	Obtain precession, nutation matrices	354
POINT	Sort predicts on time, writes on scratch tape	532
PRAMS	Stores mapping matrix for print in next link	672
PREDA	Control program for predict-data simulation link	140
PRIM	Prints and in some cases punches matrices as requested	1154
PHINQ	Prints solution vector	354
PRINT	Control program for printing link	160
QUEST	Checks input times for light time correction	163
QUIZ	Test keys	25
RATES	Calculate range, range rate	672
RCAL	Computes coefficients for RE, AU partials	204
RCOM	Computes coefficients for KM, MM, MV, MJ partials	131
READS	Control program for data input link	210
REJEC	Construct table for rejected points	55

Name	Description	Octal Length
RESID	Control program for residual output link	137
RESP	Writes residual vs time plots for SC-4020	1622
REVRT	Save previous solution in event of error	205
ROT	Rotate ephemerides	130
ROTAX	Rotates true of date to 1950, DP, position and velocity	447
RSIG	Computes summation for AU partial	64
SETUP	Sets up data required by trajectory link	111
SIN	Calculate sin, cos, degree argument	142
SORT	Control program for station sort of predicts	173
SPHX	Convert spherical to cartesian	323
SQRT	Calculate square root	60
STORE	Stores data each end-of-step for probe ephemeris	145
STPREG	Invert matrix	1650
TAPE	Writes probe ephemeris tape	672
THARP	Logical control to sort residuals and predicts	622
TIMER	Obtain light time correction	132
TNORM	Normalizes a 6×6 matrix on diagonal terms	247
TRMAN	Saves time of closest approach	10
UMAT	Calculate encounter statistics	2500
VEC	Obtain cross product	17
WAIT	Obtain a priori weights	323
WASH	Print phi, theta vectors	221
XLR8	Computes accelerations	343
(DFAD)	Double precision arithmetic package	120

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